Friday, January 30, 2004

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Afghan explosion kills seven U.S. soldiers, one of the heaviest tolls since war began

By Stephen Graham THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

KABUL, Afghanistan — An explosion at a weapons cache in killed seven U.S. soldiers and wounded three more Thursday, in one of the deadliest incidents since U.S. forces deployed in Afghanistan. The U.S. Central Command also said an American soldier was missing.

An Afghan interpreter also was wounded by the 3 p.m. explosion near the city of Ghazni, 60 miles southwest of the capital, Kabul. The soldiers were working around a weapons cache when the blast happened. Centcom spokesman Capt.

Bruce Frame said the cause had yet to be determined in the blast, among the most damaging blows to American troops since they deployed in Afghanistan more than two years ago.

The Taliban were driven from power but sporadic fighting has continued. Earlier this month, the U.S. death toll reached 100. Sixteen of those deaths occurred in combat ---including seven when two heli-March, 2002.

The toll includes deaths in other areas of Operation Enduring Freedom, such as a helicopter crash in the Philippines nearly two years ago that killed 10 American soldiers - the deadliest in the operation. Seven soldiers were also killed on Jan. 9, 2002 when their tanker plane slammed into a mountain in Pakistan.

The United States provides 9,000 of the 11,000-member coalition troops stationed in Afghanistan. The Army is preparing a spring offensive against Taliban and al-Qaida holdouts amid concern that operations in Afghanistan are not as effective in breaking up terrorist networks as they had hoped.

Separately, investigators sifted through evidence Thursday from suicide bombings that killed British and Canadian soldiers in Kabul the two previous days. The ousted Taliban regime has claimed responsibility for both blasts.

The cause of Thursday's weapons cache blast was not copters took enemy fire in immediately known. The wounded soldiers were evacuat-



SOURCES: Associated Press; ESRI

ed to a hospital at Bagram Air Base, headquarters for U.S.-led coalition in Afghanistan.

The names of the victims were being withheld pending notification of relatives.

Troops at Camp Souter, the British base in eastern Kabul, held a memorial ceremony Thursday for the soldier killed the day before by a suicide bomber. The victim was identified as Pvt. Jonathan Kitulagoda, 23, from Plymouth in southwest England.

Commanders and diplomats joined about 150 soldiers to hear readings, prayers and tributes from Kitulagoda's friends in a city's 3 million residents.

private gathering, said Capt. Tom Smith, spokesman for the 300-strong British contingent. Kitulagoda's body likely will be flown home next week, he said.

Kitulagoda was killed when a suicide bomber detonated a yellow-and-white taxi next to an open-topped British Land Rover jeep. Four other British soldiers were wounded. The attack came a day after a Canadian soldier was killed in a similar suicide attack.

Investigators pored over evidence from the two suicide bombings. Afghan police said they identified the original owner of the taxi.

"We have a name and an address," said Mohammed Haroon Asefi, a senior police commander at the Interior Ministry. He said no one had been arrested and he refused to release any other details.

Kabul police boosted security in the city in response to the attacks. Officials said they had more uniformed men on the sidewalks, more patrol cars on the roads and extra undercover officers moving among the

Top 10

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grades and extra curricular activities, his home should be here in

Aggieland, Lane said. For the 2001-2002 school year, more than 19,200 admission applications from high school seniors were sent to A&M, while only 6,400 freshmen were accepted for the 2001-02 year. In 2001, more than half of the entering freshmen were top 10 percent.

Ashley said 4 percent of admissions are set aside for out-of-state students and 1 percent for international students. This leaves 95 percent open to Texas residents.

"In one way, I think it discredits all of the other essential elements necessary in becoming a strong college student, namely extracurricular activities," said junior management major Nazer Taqvi, a student who was in the top 10 percent in high school. "Obviously, the system isn't perfect."

Taqvi said he believes the top 10 percent rule establishes a standard that may be considered discriminatory, but surely serves its purpose in a simple, straightforward manner.

"It is a policy that will add to the traditions at a school such as Texas A&M, but may or may not have the same effect on our entering classes' admissions profile," Taqvi said.

Continued from page Houston, said all memi of the European Union h legislation to abolish death penalty in their or tries

Leaders

"I know of no solid dence that the death penal a deterrent to crit Simonneau said.

David Elizondo, a so more in the European Ce certificate program, said

attended the event for ad project and enjoyed the gram. "I think that the m

milli interesting aspect of tune evening was the histon But i the death penalty," Elizo will said. "I want to use mys contr tificate to get a degree political science." Questions from the a "Bus

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ence included conce regarding the extradition suspected criminals fr European Union countria want the United States when tled' suspect could receive CBS death penalty. Simon the a said that at this time, with European Union count Treat are, for the most part, aga extradition.

"If it were up to m would be against (extra tion)," Simonneau said.



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