



## **React to this: \$10,000** Secure a high-energy future

The Navy Advanced Engineering Program. High-energy excitement that triggers high-end

rewards. Competitive salaries. A \$10,000 sign-on bonus! And more than \$2,000 a month to finish college.

Picture yourself on a solid career track. In a program that

turns out the most sought-after engineers in the Navy. And in the corporate arena. Be the leader you want to be. Now. In the Navy Advanced Engineering Program.

### call 1-800-853-6600

Visit your local Navy representative at Navy Recruiting Station College Station Post Oak Mall #5010 1500 Harvey Road College Station, TX





8A

Thursday, January 29, 2004

NATI THE THE BATTAL

AT

ans 1

Spo

will

anci

"0

The

rovis

For

ead'

usine

ind re

# Hispanics boost enrollmen in Western public schools

### By Steve Giegerich THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

With Hispanics graduating from high school in numbers that will keep increasing for years. the head of a higher education group that released a new report on the trend says colleges need to step up efforts to accommodate the nation's largest minority.

The Western Interstate Commission for Higher Education projects that Hispanics will account for 21 percent of the country's public high school graduates in 2008, up from 17 percent in 2002.

The commission found that nearly 5 million Hispanics were enrolled in the country's public elementary and high schools in 1993-94. And by the 2007-08 school year, it projects that Latino public school enrollment will be about 9 million.

'In general, colleges are still not prepared,' said David Longanecker, executive director of the interstate commission. Its report, "Knocking at the College Door," is released every five years and is used by local school districts, states and higher education to track enrollment trends.

"We know there is a relationship between race

and income and academic preparedness," Longanecker said. 'But we don't have the support services in place to enhance the success that we need."

Using data compiled from the nation's leading test-makers, the U.S. census and other sources, the WICHE study projects a significant regional shift in the school-age population to the South and West that follows general population trends.

In 2007-08, Southern states are expected to enroll 16.7 million students in kindergarten through high school. WICHE said enrollment in Western

schools will be 11.9 million in 2007-08, followed by 10.8 million in the Midwest and 9.3 million in the Northeast.

Because of continuing gains in Hispanic enrollment, the report said, white students will represent a minority of graduates from Western high schools in 2013-14.

Although Hispanics enroll in college at almost

#### Hispanic school enrollment rises Hispanic enrollment continues its steady increase in public across the country while the nu

over the past few years Public elementary and s ondary school enr



the same rate as non-Latino students, they bring special circumstances to school Richard Fry, a senior research associate us Pew Hispanic Trust.

Hispanics are less likely to attend college time and are more likely to work so they car and st vide financial support to dependents, Fry sail underf

In order to help these students no lion in degrees - particularly bachelor's degrees also associate's degrees and vocational cre is cruc tials - you have to help them negotiate payme work lives, their family lives, as well as

academic lives," Fry said. He said community coller particular, need to improve to services for Hispanic stud placed in remedial academic vocational training programs.

T. Jaime Chahin, a scholar Tomas Rivera Center at T University in San Antonio, some schools, especially Southwest, are making p integrating Hispanic cultur campus life.

But he said schools acres country need to do a betteri recruiting and retaining - Richard Frv senior research associate faculty members who can with the Pew Hispanic Trust as role models for His undergraduates.

The process Hispanics toward college degrees net begin at the elementary school level, he at

Hispanics should feel "that college is novelty but is something that is expected, en first-generation students who have never exposed to these kinds of opportunitie Chahin, also a professor at Southwest Te University in San Marcos.



In order to help

these students receive

degrees you have to

help them negotiate

their work lives, their

family lives, as well as

their academic lives.

