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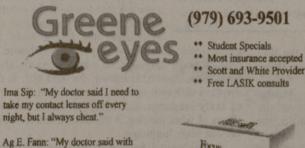
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Thursday, November 20, 2003

Bow-Lingual

Continued from page 5A

language," said Dr. Bonnie Beaver, professor of small animal medicine and surgery at Texas A&M.

Beaver said she does not believe that the Bow-Lingual device is accurate in its translation of dog barks.

"It probably gets into the general emotional framework, but putting words to the bark is anthropomorphic, Beaver said. "The phrases I have seen associated with the device would not be considered appro-

priate 'dog translations.' Keith Wyly, a freshman civil engineering major, agrees with Beaver's analysis of Bow-

"I think that the translator is a clever idea, but is probably not accurate,' Wyly said. "(Although) it is a good gim-

mick to keep kids entertained." Still, other people remain optimistic about the accuracy of the new dog-translating device.

"I am not 100 percent convinced (that Bow-Lingual is accurate), but I think that there is a strong possibility," Etchison dog's bark means.

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Translator may offer insight into the thou humans' canine friends of skeptics concur, the tho dogs still remain a myst people will never truly to figure out exactly

Anti-tobacco program results in decreased incidents of smoking As

By Paul Recer THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

WASHINGTON - In 17 states that participated in a \$128 million government program to discourage tobacco, the prevalence of smoking dropped nearly a percentage point faster than in the rest of the country, a study found.

If the anti-tobacco program was used in all states and the District of Columbia it could reduce the number of smokers by about 278,700, said Frances A. Stillman, the first author of the study appearing Wednesday in the Journal of the National Cancer Institute.

The study evaluated the effect of an eight-year demonstration project called American Stop Smoking Intervention Study, or ASSIST, that was sponsored by NCI.

The anti-smoking project trained local advocacy groups to lobby for passage of higher cigarette excise taxes and to promote regulations for smoke-free environments. The program also mounted a public relations effort to counter an estimated \$47 billion spent by industry to market tobacco products during the study period and included efforts to limit underage access to tobacco.

States included in the study were Colorado, Indiana, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia, Washington and Wisconsin.

At \$128 million, the program spent about \$1,200 for each smoker who kicked the habit. Elizabeth A. Gillian, a University of California, San Diego, researcher and a co-author of the study, called that cost "a real bargain."

'Most smoking cessation programs will spend that (for each smoker)," said Gillian. "That's just for a few hours of a counselor's time. When you think about what you save in health care costs, \$1,200 is a real bargain.

Studies by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention suggest that cigarette smoking is responsible for more that 440,000 deaths a year in the United States. Smoking has been linked to heart disease, emphysema and other respiratory system diseases, stroke and a number of different types of cancer.

To evaluate the impact of ASSIST, researchers used industry cigarette sales figures and tobacco use surveys that showed that smoking decreased nationally by 2.41 percentage points during the eight-year period.

In the 17 states where the ASSIST program was in action, the percentage of smokers dropped by 3.02 percentage points during the eight years, compared to a decline of only 2.11 percentage points in the other 33 states and the District of Columbia.

During the eight years of the AS program, smoking among all the population dropped from 24.67 perce 22.26 percent; in the 17 states, it drop from 25.19 percent to 22.17 percent in the rest of the country, it declined 24.41 percent to 22.30 percent.

Stillman said the 17 states inch some that already had strong anti-s ing programs and some that didn't.

She said the results showed that "s can reduce smoking prevalence and enormous health and economic burd smoking if they put in place proven grams and policies.

The impact of the program may been blunted somewhat by the to industry. Stillman said the Federal? Commission estimates that the interspent about \$47 billion promoting to co products nationally during the part of the ASSIST program.

Jennifer Golisch, a spokeswoman Philip Morris USA, Inc., the nat largest tobacco company, would not of ment on the study. She said her com now spends \$100 million a year to courage underage smoking. Starting 1999, she said, the company reduced cigarette ads in magazines by 50 pero Golisch said Philip Morris also supp regulation of smoking in public p and favors regulation of the tot industry by the Food and Administration.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Company fails to pay cancer claimants

LINCOLN, Neb. (AP) — A Nebraska company has agreed to pay \$20 million to settle claims that it sold cancer insurance to people nationwide but paid only a fraction of the benefits when

Central States Health and Life Co. of Omaha will pay \$7.5 million to about 1,240 people who were denied coverage and \$2.5 million to attorneys. The remainder will go into a fund to pay future medical expenses for the 1,400 people who filed claims or any of more than 18,000 other people nationwide who bought the policies but have not developed cancer.

The settlement was approved Tuesday by U.S. District Judge Karen E. Schreier in Sioux Falls, S.D., where one of the original complaints was filed.

Central States sold policies guaranteed renewable for life that said the company would pay for chemotherapy, radiation

FREE till 10pm

Doors open at 9pm

treatments, immunotherapy surgery and some travel experiments needed to get treatment, the lawsuit said.

Policyholders who developed cancer found that G States used such a narrow interpretation of the policy razor. N guage that most of their bills were excluded, said atto Michael Abourezk of Rapid City, S.D. The company refusion Roger F pay for services associated with radiation treatment, su dose calculations and the use of lead blocks to protect cancerous tissue from radiation, he said.

"They have to calculate exactly how they are going to the radiation — you can't just shove them in front of a ma and flip the switch," Abourezk said. "But the company only pay for shoving them in front of the machine and for the switch.

Richard Kizer, chairman of Central States, said Wednesday that the policies were sold as supplemental insurance and the company paid up to 90 percent of the treatment cost some cases.

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