



understood by scientists

By Daniel Q. Haney THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

CHICAGO — Something called the metapneumovirus, discovered just two years ago, is turning out to be an exceedingly common cause of human misery, responsible for gardenvariety colds in grown-ups and more severe coughing, wheezing and congestion in children. Researchers are beginning to

piece together the scope of this ubiquitous but overlooked bug, which now appears to afflict just about everybody, probably over and over.

Even though the virus seems to be rarely serious, its vast presence intrigues microbiologists, and it is one of the most talked-about topics at this week's meeting in Chicago of the American Society for Microbiology.

Experts say the metapneumovirus is almost certainly not a new bug but something that has been around for eons.

Like many other respiratory bugs, this one is most likely to cause severe illness in infants encountering it for the first time. Although repeat infections are thought to be common, they result in much less intense illness, often just an ordinary cold or perhaps no symptoms at all. However, the bug may cause more serious problems in the elderly and people with other medical conditions.

Although new microbes, such as the ones that cause AIDS and SARS, are occasionally recognized, it is unusual to discover a virus as omnipresent as this.

'Thousands of hospitalizations occur every year due to this virus in infants," said Dr.

25 Years in Bryan-College Station

James Crowe Jr. of Vanderbilt University.

Scope of virus now being

His research suggests that the metapneumovirus is second only to respiratory syncytial virus as a cause of severe lower respiratory infections in the young, occurring about twothirds as often. Both viruses are members of the paramyxovirus family.

66

When we put this in perspective, it appears to be the second most common cause of respiratory, illnesses in children.

> - Dr. James Crowe Jr. Vanderbilt University

Crowe's team looked at nasal specimens taken from 2,000 children after they were treated for lower respiratory infections since 1976.

The newly discovered virus turned out to cause about 12 percent of these severe illnesses. They also caused 15 percent of common colds in children, including one-third of the colds complicated by middle-ear

"When we put this in perspective, it appears to be the second most common cause of respiratory illnesses in children," he said.

The virus went undiscovered because it does not grow well in cell cultures, a standard tool for sorting out the viruses that cause human disease. It was identified in 2001 by researchers from Erasmus

Medical Center in Rotterd They calculated that everyd catches the virus by age 5.

SCI-TEC

THE BATTAL

Thursday, Septer

Continued fro

account reports

questionabl

"The contro nsufficient," Kit

The MSC ha

orce to study : tion finances sind

Catherine A

auditor of the

System, said the

dence that pointe

person's involver

to prove anythin

sonable doubt.

was a system

controls. It's

would not see

A&M departmen

crime had occurr

phone calls to

District Attorney

University Police

James Lindholn

recaps of the aud

a crime had occ

'It's not a crimina

weren't good rec

unable to addres

of legality surro

mismanagement

the DA's office of

were pretty sure

"We wanted to

the case

Smock said

"That would

However, Wo

"We could no

Woods said

Auditor Robin

"Poor record

rocedures

MSC

As with many respira viruses, such as the rhinov es and coronaviruses that ca many colds, the body does remember the metap movirus clearly and so a tracts it over and over, en though repeat bouts seem to milder.

Now that scientists km what to look for, they can set and fellow aud out the virus' genetic footp Smith found no in nasal secretions. This w they are trying to assess h often --- and how severelymakes people sick through

"At least in adults, we a figuring out whether it is a h deal. It is a little too early say," said Dr. Ann Falsey of the University of Rochester.

Nevertheless, she said, probably a source of recu colds, although they may less common than ones cau by the rhinoviruses, long sidered the classic cold bug

Without testing, via cannot tell what sort of vinu causing their snif calls were place However, Falsey said appears that hoarseness ment agencies more often a symptom metapneumovirus colds.

cur with what we In other studies discusse she said. the conference: Turner's office

-Researchers from Mo statement Wedne University looked at eld reviewed the aud patients hospitalized withm at this point agree monia or chronic obstruct insufficient reco pulmonary disease. The man track the loss neumovirus was found in lpt-Absent a poli cent, which was the same includes witness influenza A. are unable to de

-A team from Hadas activity is involve University in Jerusalem look for signs of metapneumovit have also had fin infection in children. Th found that one-third had be one student co infected by their first birthday short earlier this and half had it by age 2.

1978-2003

tors discovered t the student organi fying signatures money, Kibler sa "At that poin criminal act, and

Other studen

When the fina

UPD," he said. Between April of this year, som of about \$1,300 in the office Cadets, located i UPD Maj. Joseph

"The room v Who took it, v



6A

Thursday, September 18, 2003

