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OPINION

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EDITORIAL

NEEDLESS FEE HIKE

Students must vote it down

Year after year, the Student Service Fee increases without students' consent, but this week, students have the opportunity to put a stop to these runaway fee hikes.

The fee, which funds student programs such as the Memorial Student Center's committees and Student Activities, stands at \$142 per semester, and if approved by students, will rise to \$150. It may not seem like much, but if students vote for this deceptively small increase, they are authorizing the University to gradually raise the fee another \$100 without student approval. Although state law requires the University to hold a referendum when the fee passes the \$150 mark, subsequent increases of less than 10 percent do not require students' consent.

The spendthrift record of the Student Service Fee Advisory Board, which recommends to administrators the rate of the fee and how the revenue should be spent, should make students reluctant to give the board such sweeping authority to dig into students' pockets. With annual fee increases of 6-9 percent, the board has been quietly gouging students with rate hikes exceeding the cost of natural growth and inflation. If students approve this increase, they can expect the gouging to resume until the fee hits \$250.

In 2001, the board had a \$1 million windfall when, following approval of the transportation fee, student service fee money was no longer given to Bus Operations, yet the board still recommended a small rate increase that year. This increase is not to maintain current programs, but to pay for frivolous new initiatives - an absurd proposition in these times of budget cuts.

Students must not relinquish their authority over the fee just yet and should vote no on the student service fee increase.

THE BATTALION

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Thank you to a few

Sometimes I think we need

a reminder about just how

Today in the 28 degree

weather and the freezing rain, my car somehow got a huge bolt stuck in the tire. Within

10 seconds of me putting my hazards on and pulling over,

two guys were there to help.

In the freezing rain and kneeling in a puddle, they changed

my tire for me so I could get

home. I just wanted to say

an Aggie.

thanks, and that people like

them make me so proud to be

Students deserve an

affordable education

I am thoroughly fed up with

University departments nickel

and dimming us to death. I have

been in college a long time and I

cannot recall a semester at any

school that I have attended that

there wasn't a fee increase. My

outrage is not towards the "new

student services fee" or any other

fee specifically. It just seems to

me that every time the University

or a department or a student cen-

ter needs more money that they

come running to us, the student

body. I would not pretend to

know the inner workings of the

University's financial department,

but I would like to see an article

in The Battalion about how a

department needs more money

and they are really trying hard not

to come to the student's pocket

books. I recommend that those

of you who work for your tuition

ask yourselves "Why do we need

this fee increase." An education,

in this country, is a basic right.

Everyone deserves an education.

Not just the wealthiest 25 per-

cent. The overall education of our

people is what has made this

country so great.

Rachael Hines

Class of 2003

helpful Aggies

special Aggies are.

The Battalion encourages letters to the editor. Letters must be 200 words or ess and include the author's name, class and phone number. The opinion editor serves the right to edit letters for length, style and accuracy. Letters may be submit-Min person at 014 Reed McDonald with a valid student ID. Letters also may be mailed to: 014 Reed McDonald, MS 1111, Texas A&M University, College Station, TX 7843-1111. Fax: (979) 845-2647 Email: mailcall@thebatt.com. No attachments.

MAIL CALL

Aggies want Step Show off campus

In response to Sarah Walch's Feb. 25 news article:

Thope this is the last year we atest time the index fell host this Greek Olympiad Step lows was in November Show event. I realize A&M is when it slumped to 59.2 trying to become diverse, but I don't think it's worth having illets flying through the air. We have hosted professional wrestling, the circus, concerts and many other events at Reed New York City's first office Arena. Some of these events drew people from all over the area. Some would say that a few of these events even attracted some undesirable ypes, yet I have no recollecon of gunfire or even fights at those events. I hope this sort of diversity" is not the future of this school.

> Jeff Householder Class of 2003

The events of early Sunday morning surrounding the Greek Olympiad Step Show are onic following the "ghetto party" controversy a few weeks ago. The after-party was said to feature drinking, drugs, fight-

Let's call it what it is - this wasn't a few random folks uining the party for everyone se. This was widespread

mayhem. While no progress is made by perpetuating stereotypes with things like "ghetto parties," it seems clear now why stereo-

types are hard to break. My heartfelt sympathies go out to the legitimate organizers, participants, and sincere fans who now have to endure the shame enveloping this event. A lot of people ruined what could have been a wonderful time for many. As debt idden as Reed Arena is, I hope the University declines events of this type in the future.

> T. Bruce Hudak Class of 2003

Matthew Hendrix Class of 1999

Fiscal responsibility

'Sunset' bill would hold federal agencies accountable

protracted slump in the national economy has led to drastic revisions of projected budgetary health. To help alleviate the problem, President George W. Bush has been calling for a second round of tax cuts to foster growth and investment. True to form, biggovernment liberals and spendhappy politicians have criticized Bush's plan as irresponsible, arguing that ture from the status quo. As former

further tax cuts cannot be afforded. If these groups are truly concerned with the budget, they should start practicing restraint in spending. But restraining federal spending has always presented a problem. As the nation has matured during the past 225 years, more citizens have sought help from gov-

ernment for things that used to be handled privately. With a growing dependence on and expectation of government help, many politicians have come to see the benefits of providing such assistance. To them, more spending often leads to

Certain entitlement-driven politicians and their beneficiaries refuse to acknowledge that increases in spending contribute to the deficit, and refuse to consider decreases in spending as part of a possible solution. As a result, any tax cuts aimed at revamping the economy are out of the question. But fortunately, there are many who have done the math and see the whole picture.

U.S. Rep. Kevin Brady (R-TX) has advocated fiscal responsibility in Washington for years, repeatedly calling for passage of a "sunset" bill. Under this legislation, every federal agency would be sunsetted, or eliminated, after a certain period of existence unless Congress explicitly approved its renewal. This way, tax dollars that would have gone to an inefficient or unnecessary government bureaucracy could be redirected to better programs, used to pay off debt, or returned to American taxpayers.

Brady's sunset legislation would go a long way toward enforcing fiscal responsibility in federal agencies, in large part because it would force them to operate more like organizations in the free market, where mismanagement and inefficacy have real consequences. As Chris Edwards of the Cato Institute

Congress, the sunsetting of agencies is akin to an enterprise in the private sector going out of business. When a business cannot provide services at a competitive level, it is eliminated as the market makes room for more efficient

Placing the same stringent constraints on government enterprises would amount to a radical depar-

President Reagan said it years ago in a televised address, "The nearest thing to eternal life we'll ever see on the earth is a government program." Under sunset legislation, federal agencies would either prove their worth or shut down.

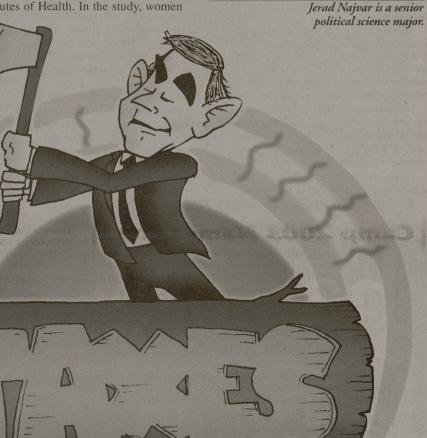
Some people may have a problem with such a radical move toward fiscal responsibility, perhaps because they do not believe government is really that wasteful. After all, new budgets must be approved each year by Congress and the President. However, egregiously wasteful allocations of tax dollars are still plentiful.

For example, Citizens Against Government Waste (CAGW), a non-partisan group in Washington often looked to by Congress for waste-eliminating ideas, points to a study at Northwestern University funded by the National Institutes of Health. In the study, women

are paid to watch pornographic films to study their arousal level. Former Surgeon General Jocelyn Elders, most well-known for recommending that masturbation be taught in schools, speaks about the importance of the study. "We need to understand what stimulates women. And it's for their children's sake, for this country's sake," she said.

Under Brady's legislation, a commission would have been in place to inform the National Institutes of Health that pornography is not a vital national

Given countless examples of waste such as this, the potential benefits of sunset legislation are enormous. In fact, CAGW estimates that \$1.2 trillion could be saved during the next five years if wasteful agencies and programs were eliminated or reformed. This is a significant amount of money that could be reallocated or returned to the American taxpayers who contributed it in the first place. Although it is doubtful that any one piece of legislation could eliminate all government waste, Brady's sunset bill is a step in the right direction. If politicians really care about reducing the deficit, they can start by making this bill a law.



Plastic surgery not for teens Procedures can cause unexpected repercussions

LAUREL

t seems that Americans live in an image-obsessed society, where they often judge solely on the way we look. For many people, their teenage years are some of the most difficult. During this time, teenagers place a lot of their self-esteem and confidence in their physical appearance, and peers are often quick to judge by this as well. The growing trend of teenagers turning to cosmetic plastic surgery to change or improve their looks reflects the weight that our society places on a person's outer beauty. And while some plastic surgeries performed on adolescents are needed and warranted, many are not, and none of these procedures should be decided upon hastily. Careful thought and deliberation must be put into such an important decision due to the consequences, both good and bad, that can result from unnecessary surgeries.

Plastic surgery is not just for the rich and famous anymore, and the average age of the patients continues to drop. The number of people having cosmetic plastic surgery has tripled since 1992, according to the American Society of Plastic Surgeons, with breast augmentation increasing 533 percent and liposuction increasing 313 percent. While young adults age 18 or younger made up only 4 percent of all cosmetic surgery patients in 2001, that is still an astonishing 303,103 people. More young people are having plastic surgery than ever, and this is not necessarily good.

Teenagers who express a desire to have plastic surgery are often trying to improve physical characteristics that they feel are awkward or flawed, and may achieve gains in self-esteem and confidence when these problems are corrected, according to plasticsurgery.org. Certainly some cases warrant such an extreme solution, such as severe facial burns or scars.

But most cases do not. Take 15-year-old British teenager Jenna Franklin. Jenna brought teenage plastic surgery to the forefront of media attention when she asked her parents to have her breasts enlarged from a size 34A to a size 34C or D for her 16th birthday, and they agreed to pay for the surgery. According to news.bbc.co.uk, Jenna said she had made this decision at age 14, adding, "You've got to have breasts to be successful."

The fact that some parents and doctors are allowing procedures like this to be performed based on such ridiculous teenage motivations and whims is ludicrous. As Ruth Coppard, a child psychologist, told the BBC, "Emotionally, she (Jenna) is at risk by

making a decision now when she's a child that will have long-term repercussions that she can't consider yet; she hasn't got the perspective.

According to brainevent.com, some cosmetic surgeries can be dangerous because foreign material, such as an implant, is inserted into the body and can be rejected. Plastic surgery is a heightened risk for teenagers because their bodies are still growing, changing, and developing, and it is not always clear how a procedure will affect the patient years later. Since the human body isn't always fully developed before a person turns 18, the cosmetic changes teenagers have done may change and possibly become distorted as

Some teenagers believe plastic surgery is a quick fix for their physical, and in turn, their emotional problems, and this simply is not the case. As brainevent.com states, "Looks don't directly translate into feelings. Plastic surgery may be a quick fix, but it doesn't prepare people for the things that can't be so easily snipped and tucked in the real world." Opponents to teenage plastic surgery feel that some teenagers are picking the easiest and fastest solution while actually avoiding the root of the problem, according to miami.edu.

The procedures themselves are also very expensive, usually as much as several thousand dollars, and the majority of such operations are not covered by health insurance.

The American Society of Plastic Surgeons has no formal position on cosmetic plastic surgery for teenagers, but does state on its Web site that the most rewarding outcomes are expected when the teenager initiates the request, possesses realistic goals, and has sufficient maturity. They must avoid unrealistic expectations about life changes that will occur as a result of the procedure, and not every teenager seeking plastic surgery is well-suited for an

Plastic surgery cannot produce miracles, and if teenagers are going into it with that type of mindset, they are wrong. Cosmetic surgery shouldn't be a first option, and cannot be taken lightly. It will change the patient's life, and in ways they may not have

> Laurel Franck is a junior English major.