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EDITORIAL

ENOUGH IS ENOUGH

Opinion

there is to be peace in the Middle East, Palestinian thority leader Yassir Arafat must take drastic measures to mb all attacks on Israel by militant groups. Now. Otherwise, United States and allies that rail against terrorism must assess the strategies being pursued toward a cease fire. arely do Battalion editorials offer opinions on international es, but Wednesday's suicide bombing in Netanya, during a der meal celebrating the Jewish Passover, is such an atrocity hat it would be irresponsible not to comment on the current passe in the peace process.

ne inhibitor of the current cease fire plan is not new, and And deservedly finds himself in a tight spot. The militant group mas took credit for the cowardly attack, which killed at least 19 ople and injured more than 120 on the Jewish religious holi-It farafat has the control he claims over Hamas and other milt groups, the time has long passed for him to call for an end the string of attacks that have fueled 16 months of violence. oth Palestinians and Israelis are weary from the violence, but long as Arafat allows his followers to instigate violence, skepm from Israel and other countries should be considered d. Arafat has proved himself to be unwilling to compromise Palestinian demands — a position that has spoiled numerous npts at peace and stability in the region. His disregard of the Accord and turning his back on the Camp David talks in tember 2000 are among the obstacles he has laid for peace. he international community needs to get past Arafat's ated apologies for bombings (he "strongly condemned" Passover massacre) and take all measures necessary to re that his actions match his words.

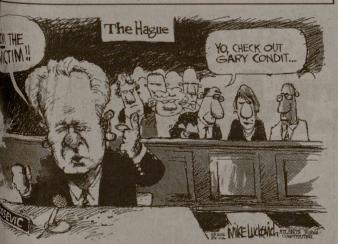
nically, this unacceptable attack occurred at the same time he Arab Summit, where Saudi Crown Prince Abdullah is sellhis Mideast peace proposal. This proposal - well-intensease and but misguided — will end up the actions of his followers. med but misguided — will end up another dead letter if rael is right to re-evaluate its overall policy, as should the ted States if peace is to be achieved.

THE BATTALION

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alion encourages letters to the editor. Letters must be 200 words or less lude the author's name, class and phone number. The opinion editor the right to edit letters for length, style and accuracy. Letters may be submiterson at 014 Reed McDonald with a valid student ID. Letters also may be 0: 014 Reed McDonald, MS 1111, Texas A&M University, College Station, TX -1111. Fax: (979) 845-2647 Email: mailcall@thebatt.com



MAIL CALL

lidate issues

and foremost, I want to te to John Kitsopoulos and students who may have fended by the actions of paign staff. I take full bility for these actions. By ins however, do they repreway I feel about Native an people, or any other ligion or ethnicity on this I am truly sorry for the at our actions have caused. Resident Adviser it has Ty job, and I have taken ride in promoting diversithe respect of other culin this campus. The purof the head dress was to attention, and the drum ot a beating of war, but piece of a one-man hat also included two (trashcan lids), a flute and tambourine. gh the intentions were e results are something I hameful about. Please

> Sampson Jordan Class of 2003

itage protected

ot my apology.

ght of recent comments regarding the Southern

Heritage Society and its use of the Confederate battle flag on their T-shirts, I felt it was my obligation to clear up some misinformation. First, the battle flag is just one of nine various flags representing Texas, the South and the United States on our shirts. We hold each of these flags close to our hearts because they symbolize our ancestors' struggle for selfdetermination.

They also symbolize their bravery against overwhelming odds (Texans vs. Mexicans, Colonies vs. British, and Confederates vs. United States). Pablo Rodriguez stated that he is offended by our use of the battle flag. I have never seen him at any of our meetings. Isn't diversity about learning of other cultures and opening your mind to these?

Like it or not, A&M has many ties to the historic South. Jefferson Davis was the first man ever offered the presidency of A&M. There are numerous streets and statues named for great Southern men. The Sul Ross statue, in the past, has even been the target of organizations desiring to remove it. We honor the great things of our heritage and ancestry, and will do everything in our power to protect the memory of the great men and women who have gone before us.

> James Drew Class of 2001

Race to the top?

Merit should decide next Texas A&M president



MATTHEW MADDOX

since 1993, Texas A&M has the opportunity to make a fundamental change. A&M will have

a new president, one that will play a critical role in several issues facing the University including Vision 2020, the future of the top 20 percent plan and Bonfire. A&M always needs the best president possible, but especially now. However, A&M has a policy in place that may not guarantee the best person for the job — affirmative action. It is not clear whether A&M's stated affirmative action policy is a toothless means of appearing racially progressive or if it truly affects the outcome of which candidate fills an employment position. Either way, the outcome of such a policy is disastrous and will only negatively affect A&M.

Last week a link was on the A&M Website, "Presidential Search," a site that posted a basic employment description and solicited applications for the office of the University President. Most striking about the advertisement was the statement below the job description. The line said, "The Texas A&M University System is an equal opportunity and affirmative action employer." There are only two possibilities as to what this means.

If the policy carries no weight and is simply a façade to appease those who feel that A&M is racially unwelcoming, then shame on the University. Stated policy should be abided by unless it is determined to be wrong. If it is wrong, then it should be removed from University policy. If Texas A&M is not abiding by its own rules, this not only leaves students and administrators confused, but will be perceived by the public as deceit. This would be a step backward for A&M's goal of changing the University's racially-conscious image.

If the affirmative action policy is more than a paper tiger and actually determines who will be employed by A&M, then shame on the University. It is undeniable that decades ago, Texas A&M was an unwelcoming place for minorities. However, a past era of discrimination does not justify a new one. All candidates involved with the University — whether they are students or administrators — must be chosen with disregard to race or other factors not affecting job performance. Individual merit used as the sole deciding factor is paramount to ending the racial mentality that has plagued Texas A&M.

An answer to what is the true scenario is difficult to find. The names of two mystery candidates not released by the University have become shrouded in even more secrecy than the federal shadow government. Dr. John Junkins is the chair on the Presidential Search Advisory Committee. Junkins said candidates with strong academic backgrounds and an ability to fund-raise were actively sought. However, he declined comment when asked if the University's affirmative action policy affected the candidate pool or if it would influence who becomes the next University president.

Brenda Simms, director of communications for the A&M System and spokesperson for the presidential search, said she did not know the criteria for searching out candidates.

Another interesting component is the apparent clash of ideals at work at the highest levels of the University. President Dr. Ray M. Bowen said, "It is a fundamental premise at Texas A&M University that all students, faculty, administrators and staff on our campus are due equal respect and consideration."

Also, the University policy on harassment and discrimination is clear. It reads, "All decisions and actions involving students and employees should be based on applicable law and individual merit. Texas A&M University, in accordance with applicable federal and state law, prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national or ethnic origin ..."



ADRIAN CALCANEO • THE BATTALION

The irony is that the very premise of affirmative action is the downpray of individual ment in right of a candidate's race color or national origin.

Hopefully, the change of who occupies the maroon presidential office chair will be a catalyst for another change. The change needed is one that rids politically correct thinking from the administration in favor of common sense and academic accountability. Texas A&M's affirmative action is poor policy no matter how it is sliced, and it must be discarded before it determines who makes the presidential cut.

> Matthew Maddox is a sophomore business administration major.

Contrary to the American way



JONATHAN JONES

arlier this month, the U.S. House of Representatives voted to weaken the laws against illegal immigration. The measure allows more than 200,000 illegal immigrants to remain in the United States while their status is determined rather than requiring them to return home to apply for U.S. entry. The vast majority of these immigrants are from Mexico, and many reside in Texas. Normalizing the status of illegal immigrants through amnesty and the possibility of dual citizenship are issues that loom large over the upcoming meeting between President Bush and Mexican President Vincente Fox. Both are bad ideas and a terrible precedent to set for the most successful immigrant country in the world. The future of America's immigration policies toward her southern neighbor should be based on the core principle of loyalty through assimilation.

President Bush is caught in a difficult position. The new Mexican government is the first in almost a century to attempt serious free-market and democratic reforms. Fox's effort toward a more open and economically-sound country is a

positive move for the United States and the people of Mexico. In the short run, however, he has some very specific and strongly-held opinions about American immigration policy. Mexico's Foreign Minister Jorge Castaneda has outlined these repeatedly: amnesty for all illegals the establishment of a guest worker program for those still in Mexico, decreased border enforcement and an exemption from legal immigration quotas for Mexico. The political motivations for Bush's endorsement of amnesty are obvious: He wants to win a larger share of the Hispanic vote for the Republican Party and help Fox, who, without strong support in Mexico's Congress for his programs, is losing popularity

But such policies are not popular with the American public. Pollster John Zogby recently released a report that found 83 percent of Americans believe immigration laws are too lenient. The focus on security concerns since the Sept. 11 terrorist attacks means political trouble for those who advocate policies such as amnesty for illegal immigrants, and rightfully so. America's has been successful in forging a unique national character through assimilation, regardless of race or national origin. The course of action Fox wants the United States to embark on is contrary to what has made America strong.

Castaneda and other government officials are pushing for "regularization."

This involves legal work status for millions of illegal immigrants, leading to their eventual American citizenship. However, a 1998 Mexican law states these new American citizens could retain Mexican nationality. In addition, the law states that their children born in the United States could also claim Mexican dual citizenship. For the first time in America's history, millions of U.S. citizens could declare their allegiance to a

neighboring country. Mexican immigrants have made important contributions to the United States. Most have become proud citizens who transfer their loyalty from their birth country and become as American as any descendant of the Mayflower. This process has enjoyed a long history of success for both the country and the individual. To try something else, especially for political reasons, is to unnecessarily take a course with unpredictable consequences. Americanization and assimilation have been met with undeniable success since the birth of the nation. America has been a haven for the world's poor and oppressed for more than 200 years. Dual citizenship and large-scale amnesty are inconsistent with what has made America strong.

> Jonathan Jones is a senior political science major.