



Highlights from lates census survey release

(AP) — Some highlights force. The three border commufrom the Census 2000 Supplementary Survey, a poll taken by the Census Bureau last year alongside - but separately from — the traditional decennial headcount. All results are estimates and only metropolitan statistical areas with more than 250,000 residents were broken out:

State

• An estimated 10.8 percent of Houston and 10.6 percent of Dallas residents arrived in the United States within the last decade, mirroring trends in several other major U.S. cities. The three border communities in the survey — El Paso, McAllen-Edinburg and Brownsville-Harlingen - cumulatively saw new immigrants account for 7.8 percent of their population. · Fresh immigration also

hampered English proficiency in Houston and Dallas. In households where Spanish is spoken at home, English was spoken "less than very well" in an estimated 56.5 percent of such homes in Houston and 56.1 percent of those in Dallas.

· Killeen-Temple, with a largely transient population because of giant Fort Hood nearby, reported the fewest native Texans at 42.1 percent. Corpus Christi (77.9 percent) had the most.

· Only three U.S. communities surveyed had better estimated rates of bachelor degree attainment than Austin-San Marcos, which came in at 38.7 percent. McAllen-Edinburg (10.7 percent) and Brownsville-Harlingen (13.6 percent) ranked among the bottom four nationally.

· Dallas had the largest percentage of 16- to 19-year-olds who were not in high school and did not have a diploma. Its estimated 18.2 percent dropout rate was ninth in the United States.

· Austin-San Marcos ranked eighth with an estimated 67.7 percent of women in the work nities measured, all with rates in the 40s, were among the bottom eight in the United States.

THE BATTALION

· The Houston area's average travel time to work was an estimated 26 minutes, 54 seconds, or 36 seconds longer than that of the average Dallas-area worker. Brownsville-Harlingen residents had the quickest commute at 18 minutes, 36 seconds. · Despite having a growing light rail line, only an estimated 2.3 percent of the Dallas area reported commuting on mass transit, tying the state's secondlargest city with El Paso. Houston, the nation's largest city without rail, led Texas with

an estimated 3.6 percent mass transit usage. · The technology boom fueled income in the Austin-San Marcos area, whose estimated household income led Texas at \$65,322, followed closely by Dallas (\$59,207), Fort Worth-Arlington (\$59,734) and Houston (\$59,207). The lowest was in McAllen-Edinburg

(\$32,709). • McAllen-Edinburg reported the highest estimated poverty rate at 34.6 percent, followed by Brownsville-Harlingen at 33.8 percent. Fort Worth-Arlington's 9.2 percent was Texas' lowest. Brownsville-Harlingen ranked No. 2 nationally in the poverty rate among children under 5, with an estimated 53.7 percent below the line.

· Disabled workers had more equal standing in Texas than in the United States as a whole. The estimated employment rate gap between ablebodied workers and the disabled was 30 points nationally and 28 points in Texas. The gap was largest statewide in Beaumont-Port Arthur (32 percent), while the disabled had the best chance of working in Brownsville-Harlingen, where the 16-point gap was No. 2 nationally behind Provo-Orem, Utah.

Median incom Here is a state-by-state listo median incomes, accor new figures from the U.S. Census Bureau.

Tuesday, November 20

New Jersey Connecticut Alaska Maryland Hawaii New Hampshire Massachusetts Minnesota Delaware Virginia California Colorado Utah Illinois

Washington New York Michigan Rhode Island Nevada Wisconsin Nationwide District of Columbia Georgia Indiana Kansas Pennsylvania Ohio Vermont Oregon Texas Arizona Wyoming lowa Nebraska North Caro Florida Missouri Idaho South Carolina Maine Tennessee South Dakota North Dakota

Oklahoma Alabama New Mexico Montana Kentucky Arkansas Mississippi Louisiana West Virginia

NOTE: Results are based mark of 700,000 households in Montes SOURCE: U.S. Census Burea

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THE KIDS KLUB after-school program is NOW HIRING for the Spring '02 semesi

Are you the kind of person we are looking for? Check yes or no to the following questions and see bottom of page for the final results...

NO		

Do you enjoy working with children?

Would you be willing to take holidays off?

Do you like to work with fun people?

Are you available Monday-Friday from 2:45-6:15pm

Do you refuse to work weekends?

Can you begin work January 3rd?

If you answered yes to all of the questions above then you may want to apply to work with Kids Klub. Applications are available at the College Station Conference Center on George Bush across from the golf course. Application deadline is December 3rd.

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