Battalion

PINION

As the nation enters hurricane season, preparation is needed to deal with the ramifications of

andatory acuation laws constitutional

aftermath Hurricane the saddest vere not dehomes or



hurricane in t memory has ed the devas-: Galveston

cane of 1900, but every life d cut is still one too many. end these tragedies, laws auzing government officials to ornandatory evacuations have put forward as an answer. unfortunate truth is that laws are not the solution they

, these laws are unconstitu-Article 1, Section 8 of the U.S. stitution lays out the powers of Congress. Nowhere is anything remotely resembling the power ve people from the elements, or and citizens who are a not part e military do anything. ongress simply does not have

power to do any of these. Even ming that an excuse could be id to regulate (perhaps using the rstate Commerce Clause), the ny problem of the Fifth Amendit must be taken into account. he Fifth Amendment states: "No on shall be ... deprived of life, rty or property without due

Ine of the key elements of ownproperty is exercising control that property

y forcing individuals to leave r property and evacuate, the gov-nent would be depriving them of control over that property, h in turn means that the govern would be depriving those citiof their property without due

process, violating the Fifth Amendment. Therefore, for two reasons, these laws would be unconstitutional. Of course, this problem would be completely solved by a constitutional amendment.

However, even assuming one of those is passed, no small problem in and of itself, there still remains the fact that a mandatory evacuation or der would be impossible to adequately enforce.

Imagine for a moment a hypothetical situation in which Mrs. Amanda Mae Eckner is a widow because despite a recent mandatory evacuation order, she and the late Mr. Eckner stayed behind in their now-destroyed home. The home was washed away by a flash flood, and Mr. Eckner was killed because of his own stupidity. Mrs. Eckner was fished out of the river by rescue helicopters. Given the fact that she broke the law by disobeying the mandatory evacuation order, exactly is going to punish her by fining her or throwing her in jail? Absolutely no one.

Nobody is going to heap legal action on a grieving widow, widower, child or parent.

Even worse, those who stay behind, defying the evacuation order, and survive the weather unharmed will feel that they were right and the government was wrong

Instead of realizing they were lucky and a just, non-merciful deity would have issued a terminal lesson on obedience, these individuals would believe that any punishment inflicted on them was unjust.

Besides, how many politicians (including sheriffs) would arrest people who are not only lucky survivors but are also constituents? Not many. The laws are simply not enforceable.

Mandatory evacuation is a high ideal. It is something that, if it were practical should and would be implemented in a heartbeat.

But, like Utopia, mandatory evacuation simply cannot exist in reality

Chris Huffines is a senior speech communication major.







Photos courtesy of The Daily Tar Heel/UNC-Chapel Hill named Joe Elizondo, who owns a

Goodwill, faith can flourish when calamity comes

Then Hurri-cane Bret threatened the South Texas coast, the residents of Corpus Christi learned the valuable lesson that good can come from even the most difficult tri-



heading straight toward the city. Fear does not accurately describe the residents' reactions. Hordes of people gathered around every water station in the city, waiting sometimes hours just to fill a few gallons.

Long lines of cars snaked around every gas station, preparing themselves in case an evacuation was necessary. Customers flocked to grocery stores, gathering as many batteries and canned goods as they could afford. Some people boarded their homes and fled the city late that night, escaping the bottle-necked traffic that was to come the next day.

Others gathered in churches, praying the storm would bypass the city. It is amazing how the greatest good can come from the toughest struggles.

Many Corpus Christi residents learned this lesson the weekend of Hurricane Bret.

An article in the Corpus Christi Caller-Times quoted Charles Kizzine, a Salvation Army volunteer, as he commented on the positive results that can come from hardship.

"We see it all the time," he said.
"[Calamity] brings out the best in people, people who never came together

This was displayed by a man

downtown Corpus Christi store called Greenwood Door Co. He had 12,000 pieces of wood to sell.

Potential customers were desperate to board their windows against winds that could reach 140 mph. He could have made a small fortune selling the boards.Instead, he gave the wood away for free

Meanwhile, men from a Corpus Christi church stayed in the city until almost two hours before the storm hit so they could help older widows board their houses

Other people offered their homes to those who lost power or had to evacuate. Fortunately, in the middle of this frightening situation and thousands evacuating to safety, the storm took a last-minute, westward turn. The Category 4 hurricane made landfall in one of the most unpopulated areas in Texas.

A graduate student from Texas A&M-Corpus Christi was staying with her parents just outside the city, waiting for the storm to hit, when she heard the news about the hurricane's course correction.

The day before, she prayed that God would move the storm on a westward path, away from the city, to a more unpopulated territory.

"I was stunned," she said, recalling her reaction when she heard the danger was past. "I realized Jesus really does answer prayers. Some people in smaller towns still

weathered the brunt of the storm. But the damage could have been much worse. One church in Corpus Christi displayed a message on its marquee a few days after the threat passed: "He stilled the storm to a whisper; the waves of the sea were hushed" (Psalm 107:29).

Great good came from what could have been a terrible situation. Anyone who focused on just getting the situa-tion over with missed out on seeing God at work.

Some Corpus Christi residents, however, saw that God can do miracles in even the toughest situations.

> Stephanie Dube is a journalism graduate student.

MAIL CALL

sh Camp aches spirit

sponse to Eric Dickens' t. 6 column.

1 think of about 2003 ons why Dicken's column misrepresentation of the Camp process

is obvious that Dickens only experienced one of Fish Camp because ounselors do not spend months preparing for p just to "mislead" our nmen about college life. ickens says we need to a grip on what daily life gieland is really like." many of us, daily life in eland is about embracing :ime-honored traditions of school and trying to give to our fellow classes. Would Dickens rather

ects of daily life, such as ping classes and getting k on weeknights? erhaps we should turn Camp into a huge keg y, to give the freshmen a "realistic view" of col-

geach

ticated

; us promote some other

ne transition from high ool to college is difficult. ut I do not believe that school spirit, pride, enthum, and support offered at amp are obstacles.

> Laura Coward Class of '02

ickens' column is an exle of the very attitude h degenerates the Aggie

ow many freshmen come Fish Camp believing going to be exactly sh Camp?

at if, however unlikely, of the incoming freshecame convinced that A&M was going to be an on packed, pre-designed fest with no regard for

re they going to become

confused, withdrawn or angry? Not quite. Freshmen who come out of Fish Camp are much more likely to be spirited, friendly representatives of the famous spirit which embodies Texas A&M tend camp at all Traditions are shown to

freshmen who attend Fish Camp as an example of what A&M could be, not as what it is. After having experienced life at Fish Camp, with its Aggie Spirit packed with

"howdys" and class pride, these freshmen become the very students who keep the traditions alive.

We do not need to tone down Fish Camp to protect freshmen from being disillu-

> Michael Trollan Class of '02

Aggies deserve radio coverage

Texas A&M is defending its BIG 12 Championship and pursuing a national title in

As a former student, I have been anticipating the first game of the '99 campaign and was prepared to listen to the Aggie Radio Network here in San Antonio on 680 KKYX-AM.

However, KKYX did not broadcast the Aggies as they were contracted to do.

I wanted to make the student body at A&M aware of the fact that the Aggies had no radio coverage in the eighth largest city in the United States just 170 miles from Aggieland.

Shame on KKYX and shame on the Aggie Radio Network if they don't take care of business in San Antonio and find a station willing to honor its obligation to Aggie sports.

> Ben F. Harrison Class of '93

Bush's past plagued by more than cocaine

The clock has finally struck midnight on Gov. George W. Bush's fairy tale campaign for the presidency of the United

Until July, only the Fairy have been able to create

Godmother, herself, would such a perfect campaign environment — one with no scrutiny concerning Bush's platform and no lingering questions

about ethical wrongdoing in his past.

The 2000 presidential election was in the bag. All Bush had to do was keep smiling for the cameras and keep crowing about "compassionate" conservatism. What could have possi-

bly gone wrong? As strange as it may sound, the upcoming derailment of his campaign is not limited to Bush's alleged use of cocaine during his '20s.

Instead, the Bush propaganda machine is quickly unraveling because of other items in his past, things which are neither unethical or illegal. The items in question are titles his campaign literature proudly displays: a scholar at Yale, a brave soldier, an experienced businessman and the proud governor of Texas.

As election day draws closer, various media outlets including Newsweek and The Economist have delved into each of these claims claims that have now been exposed as halftruths. Hopefully, the American public will analyze these half-truths and come to the realization that Bush is not exactly a dynamic, experienced leader who will revamp the American political spectrum.

Instead, they will realize that despite living a privileged life, Bush is an underachiever who is frantically trying to live up to his famous namesake. Riding the coattails of a last name can only go so far.

Bush's wild partying binges and frat-boy pranks were numerous, landing him in the New Haven, Conn. jail on more than one occasion. These poor choices led to his well-documented battle with alcoholism, a battle that, according to the Rolling Stone, once caused him to physically threaten his father while in a drunken stupor.

When he was discovered drunk in the kitchen one night, George W. sputtered at his father, "You want to go mano a mano right here?"

After graduation, Bush's academic deferment from military service expired. In order to avoid serving in the Vietnam War, he was hastily commissioned as an officer in the 147th Fighter Group in the Texas Air National Guard.

The interesting fact is that in 1968, the National Guard had a waiting list of 100,000 names. When Bush applied, he was admitted right away. At the time, his father was the con-



gressman for a nearby district.

After his uneventful term in the National Guard and an unsuccessful run for Congress, Bush tried his luck in the booming oil business. Unfortunately, all of his dealings were spectacular failures.

In 1984, his Bush Exploration Oil Co. was saved from going under by merging with Spectrum Seven, a company owned by a handful of his father's largest campaign contributors.

Soon after in 1985, Bush convinced the new company to invest \$1 million into stripper oil wells. Not surprisingly, this was another immense failure.

Spectrum Seven was fast approaching bankruptcy until Bush orchestrated a bailout in 1996 with Harkin Oil and Gas, a company that had the common sense not to offer Bush a management position.

It is fitting that the only venture Bush ever received a profit under was made possible through the sacrifices of taxpayers

In 1994, after the city of Arlington, Texas approved a sales tax hike in order to finance a new baseball stadium for the Texas Rangers, the value of Bush's share of the team skyrocketed. After selling the team, Bush's cut was \$14.9 million. This was more than 20 times the value

of his initial investment. Rolling Stone magazine writer Paul Alexander deadpans, "Bush's business career: if at first you don't succeed ... soak the taxpayers." During the same period Bush was cashing

in his share of the Texas Rangers, he became governor of Texas. So far, this has been the one and only political office he has ever held.

While many are critical of his lack of experience in politics, Bush's defense has been that he has been instrumental in guiding Texas through one of its most prosperous and profitable periods ever.

What most people fail to realize is that the state constitution of Texas essentially makes the governor a figurehead with very little power.

To fragment the levels of responsibility in state government, the constitution instead places the majority of the power with the lieutenant governor and the legislative branch.

Basically, the credit Bush takes for the good times in Texas should go to the state legislature. George W. Bush is not a bad guy. For all intents and purposes, he is a decent man who

has reared a proud and respectable family. Compared to the misdeeds of other politicians, Bush has been able to keep his nose

However, George W. Bush is by no means the great man his campaign machine makes him seem to be. Before his recent career in politics, Bush lived a privileged life with very little

success, wallowing away in mediocrity. Whether or not the public can accept mediocrity in a president remains to be seen.

David Lee is a junior economics major.