NATION

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Public misidentifies strokes

People do not know risk factors or symptoms study says

CHICAGO (AP) — Many Americans do not recognize involved 1,880 people in the Cincinnati area who were typthe signs of a stroke in time to get themselves or others potentially lifesaving treatment now available to thwart America's third-leading killer, a new survey found.

12

The only approved stroke-fighting drug became available less than two years ago, and it must be given within three hours after a stroke starts — making early detection and immediate treatment vital.

"The No. 1 reason people don't get treated is because they don't get there in time," said Dr. Arthur M. Pancioli, lead author in a new survey published in Wednesday's Journal of the American Medical Association.

"We're talking about the leading cause of adult disability, and yet our public really doesn't understand it," said Pancioli, an assistant professor of emergency medicine at the University of Cincinnati College of Medicine. Stroke kills 158,000 people yearly and has left more than

one million Americans disabled to some extent, the American Heart Association says.

The AHA said the survey "reinforces information which has been stated many times - the public is not knowledgeable enough about stroke, and in order to fight stroke, they need to know more about it and what

Only 57 percent of respondents in the survey — which

ical of stroke sufferers in age, sex and race --- knew even one warning sign of stroke, the researchers said. The area is similar to the United States overall in age, sex

percentage of blacks and economic status, researchers said. The warning signs of a stroke are a sudden severe headache; unexplained dizziness, unsteadiness or a fall; loss of vision, especially in one eye; difficulty speaking or

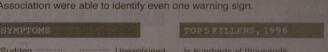
comprehending; and numbness on one side of the body. Only 68 percent knew even one risk factor for stroke, such as high blood pressure; cigarette smoking; heart disease; or a heart-rhythm disturbance called atrial fibrillation, the authors said.

Up to 80 percent of strokes might be delayed or pre-vented by modifying risk factors, Pancioli said, citing pre-

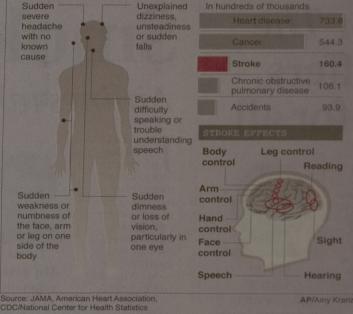
Until 1996, immediate treatment for strokes did not matter much, because nothing could arrest the rapid progress of damage caused by clots shutting off blood flow to the brain, which account for four-fifths of strokes. But in 1996, the clot-dissolving drug tPA became available, giving physicians their first way to arrest a stroke.

'If anyone sees the warning signs, the only thought should be to call 911 and get to an emergency room," Pancioli said.

Strokes



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