Graduation ceremonies were held in G. Rollie in 1954.

1958

1962

In 1955, the first expansion of G. Rollie took place. The annex included wrestling, weighttraining, social dance and judo

## G. Rollie next generation after DeWaro

By JEFF WEBB Assistant sports editor

Then Walter Penberthy hired his friend Carl Tishler away from Ohio State to be the head of the Department of Physical Education at Texas A&M, he wanted a man who would spawn the growth of athletics at the small agricultural college. When Tishler arrived, he pushed for the construction of a building of his own design that would be the mainstay of Aggie collegiate athletics for years to come. In 1954, he got his facility.

Enter G. Rollie White Coliseum.
DeWare Fieldhouse, built in 1924, served as the main home for physical education classes on campus and was also the site for Aggie basketball games. It had seating for 3,500, handseating source above the site of th

ball courts, showers, lockers, and dressing rooms. An auxiliary gym was added to DeWare in 1929. It only cost \$8,000 to construct and contained a basketball handball court. courts and a huge physical training room. However, even this measure could not hold up to the demand for high-quality facilities in the Texas A&M Physical Education installed in the facility. By 1972, the Department.

Tishler stressed the need for an additional physical education facility to house the growing department. When the time came for Tishler's suggestions for the specific requirements needed for the building, little notice was given. Architect Richard Coke was hired to build the facility and it was Tishler's responsibility to outline the plan for the place. Tishler worked numer-

ous all-nighters in order to come up with an outline

for construction. Unfortunately, he did not get to see

the floor plans before Coke began construction due

to tight time constraints.

What resulted from the building efforts was a structure that many described as a "football stadium with a roof over it." The coliseum was dedicated on September 18, 1954 and was named after G. Rollie White, Class of 1895, who was a member of the Texas A&M Board of Directors for 30 years and served as president from 1944 to 1955. Tishler was pleased with the building, but felt it would never serve many other purposes other than athletic endeavors.

"The building is a good basketball facility, a fair physical education facility, but it is lacking as an auditorium due to acoustical problems," Tishler said.

The Physical Education Department moved into the offices on the first and second floors of the building, while the athletic department used the dressing rooms for basketball players, basketball coaches and a small room for game officials. The original southern end of the building was where the basketball scoreboard hangs now. The first expansion on G. Rollie only took a year to happen. In 1955, an annex was constructed on the south end of the Coliseum, housing weight-training, social dance and wrestling rooms.

The next G. Rollie expansion would not take place until 1967 when air conditioning was

installed in the facility. By 1972, the a Coliseum was used to capacity and, with the sion of women to the University in 1963. I would need growth once again.

In 1973, a women's locker room was added first floor. Lockers were installed in the men dressing room and a lecture hall, a dance room tree storage room were all added.

In 1980, the "East Kyle" addition was comin's adjacent to the Kyle Field stands. It was attarted the 1955 G. Rollie expansion. Men's stafflocks, proconstructed along with new showers. A tumbe to added for easier access to the Coliseum flowill Kyle" was rededicated in 1985 as the Read Bulkoll.

The building would see its last renovation? co when a three-story addition to the south one at Rollie and a partial basement was constructed was with new and improved landscaping. These of ovations cost the University \$1,321,280 to com to be

Despite the changes, G. Rollie White Coa has remained one of the most intimate ball venues in the nation. When Tishler first la upon the place, it embodied what he envis a facility that would sufficiently house activities of students in their athletic pursuits, and afford them the highest comfort when doing so. G. Rollie's time has passed. Bluechip recruits demand the best facilities, and Reed is what awaits. Although the new arena will be accepted with open arms, students must not forget to appreciate the care that G. Rollie gave its inhabitants and the dream of

## A&M moves on to next arena with Aggie Muster in April

By Amanda Smith Staff writer

Rollie White Coliseum bid farewell to Texas A&M basketball, but not to the University, in the final game of the season against Baylor Saturday light.

G. Rollie opened as the home of Texas A&M basketball in 1954 and has since become the home of Texas A&M volleyball, Muster, graduation and a host of other ceremonies.

With the talk of the Reed Arena opening on April 21 for the Muster ceremony, G. Rollie has received a push into the pages of Texas A&M history. As much as the building is a part of the University's past, it is part of the future

past, it is part of the future. G. Rollie will still be the home of A&M's volleyball team for the 1998-99 season. Students will still meet for kinesiology classes and pick up their athletic tick-

ets in G. Rollie after the season ends.

It is the opening of Reed Arena, rather than the closing of G. Rollie White, for Muster on April 21 and subsequent events that brings more dramatic change

to Texas A&M.

Angela Wallace, the sub-chair of the Muster programs committee and a senior psychology major, said Reed Arena will provide a new home for the ceremony.

"I feel like Muster is finding a home in Reed Arena," Wallace said. "It's going to be a beautiful place for a beautiful ceremony."

Wallace said Muster has been held in locations all.

Wallace said Muster has been held in locations all over campus, including the steps of the Texas A&M Administration Building, outside the Memorial Student Center, Kyle Field and most recently G. Rollie.

Brian Wood, the Muster chair for speaker selection and a senior biology major, said past crowds have faced lines and a filled G. Rollie on the night of Muster.

"In the past, students have had to get to G. Rollie at 4 p.m. to attend a 7 p.m. ceremony," Wood said. "In the past, we were limited by space. It's going to be special to have Muster in Reed. I think that (Reed Arena) will give students an opportunity to find out what the Muster ceremony is all about."

Reed Arena is a 12,500 seat-arena, a 5,000-seat increase over G. Rollie.

The \$550,000 renovations completed on G. Rollie during the 1993-94 basketball season cannot com-

pare with the new \$36 million arena, Reed Momanager Stuart Taylor said.

"Reed Arena is absolutely beautiful a was friendly," Taylor said. "You can't even complete Rollie to Reed Arena. You would be taking year-old building and putting it up against white ern facility."

The May 1998 graduation ceremonies on and 16 will be held in Reed Arena, instead of 6 Don Gardner, the associate registrar of Adm and Records, said the opening will provide mo

ing than G. Rollie.

"They are going to issue 10 tickets install tickets," Gardner said. "It has been hard on the lies in the past because they were limited to sets. I see the advantage that everyone will have

seat. We are almost doubling the (seating) cap s
the new arena."

Reed Arena is unique to Texas A&M. Stuarts "Jo
maroon theater-style seats provide comfor has
arena that can host concerts, rodeos, ice sho

"Reed Arena will house a number of clud events," Stuart said. "The whole backstage, the trical outlets and the concrete floors are called concerts. It is a state-of-the-art arena, and 980, that it will become a part of the Texas A&M & Coli

A&M's centennial class graduated in

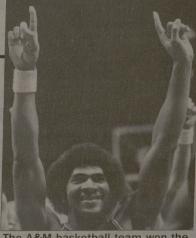
1976.

1976



1980

"East Kyle" completed and attached to G. Rollie in 1980. A service tunnel was added for easy access to the coliseum floor.



The A&M basketball team won the SWC championship in 1980.

1984

In 1985, a threestory addition became a part of G. Rollie.



Bob Hope visited A&M in 198