



TOMORROW

YEAR • ISSUE 69 • 12 PAGES

COLLEGE STATION • TX

See extended forecast, Page 2.

MONDAY • DECEMBER 8 • 1997

man resources artment to move

A&M Human Resources ent (HRD) will move in two rom the YMCA Building to search Parkway.

I offices of benefits, comions, training/professional nent and retirement sermove beginning Dec. 8. Il offices of administraoloyee relations and inal services will move be-

s that are not moving are ation and compensation, nent, employee assistance upational health.

hone numbers have not for any of the HRD offices.

an police to offer i-crime services

Bryan Police Department's rime Apprehension Team will ng a crime prevention effort on to 6 p.m. Dec. 9-13.

police will be engraving perroperty, assisting to record rs for identification, passing ne prevention information swering questions about burnd auto theft.

ing each day, the officers will it awards for different door and coupons.

team will be set up in a traildifferent location each day. . 9 — Winn Dixie at 4001 E.

10 - Bryan Police Departat 301 S. Texas Ave. 11 — D.K. Food Store at

12 — Appletree at 2001 13 - Wal-Mart Super-

W. Villa Maria.

at 2200 Briarcrest. inton defines U.S. clear-strike policy

SHINGTON (AP) — Turning U.S. r policy toward an emerging President Clinton has decided ited States will consider using r weapons against attackers it American forces with chemibiological weapons.

e policy, made explicit in a claspresidential directive, marks ministration's first instruction Pentagon shaping a nuclear gy against the increasingly wor ne possibility that nations such q might turn chemical or biologinals against U.S. troops senior Clinton administration adsaid Sunday the policy conwith two decades of White e statements on the possible use" of nuclear weapons. But it presidential weight to the ing concern about "rogue ' that has replaced the nuclear of the Cold War.

proved last month by Clinton, pal elements of the "Presial Decision Directive," or were reported Sunday by The ngton Post.



All Things Aggie: Texas A&M prof pens books about Ag humor and other anecdotes.

See Page 3

he Texas A&M Volleyball am advances to the CAA Tourney's third round.

See Page 7

hnston: Misinformation, ackward knowledge displayed today's society.

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http://battalion.tamu.edu

look up with state and naonal news through The Vire, AP's 24-hour online ews service.

PTTS seeks solution for aging bus fleet

Proposal would add 10 new buses each of the next five years

By Amanda Smith Staff writer

As the Texas A&M Parking, Traffic and Transportation Services (PTTS) tries to keep enough buses running to accommodate students. it faces the reality of an aging fleet that demands an increasing number of repairs.

Gary Jackson, manager for Bus Operations, said PTTS is examining options to address the problems of a large fleet that is growing older.

'We have one of the largest university bus systems in the country," he

Jackson said the aver-

would like to buy 70 new buses total, but that would cost some \$98 million. We are looking at other options now."

The current fleet includes 59 buses that transport students and faculty on and off campus. Students pay about \$20 in service fees to pay for on-campus transportation. This money accounted for the \$800,000 that PTTS received to help fund the bus fleet for the Fall '97 semester.

The off-campus revenue comes from bus pass sales and one-ride coupon sales and money allotted by

PTTS at the fiscal year's end, Jackson said. A bus pass for two semesters cost

"The idea is that bus operations break down each year," Jackson said. "We have had nine major engine problems this semester. The engines in the buses are like antiques. It takes money and time to replace them.'

age life expectancy of a bus is about 150,000 to 200,000 miles. He said 33 of the 59 buses are 1982 models, and many have as much as 300,000 miles, nearly twice their life expectancies.

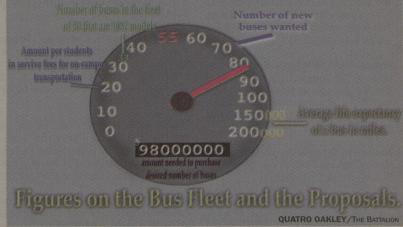
"We have gone beyond the life expectancy," Jackson said. "I think that we will have to phase in buses slowly. The buses cost between \$140,000 to \$150,000 each."

In order to accommodate the needs of the students, PTTS is reviewing a proposal to phase in new buses over a five-year period by replacing 10 buses each year.

A second option involves a leaseoption agreement with a company outside the Texas A&M system. Jackson said the lease-option may also involve gradually replacing the buses.

Jackson said a third and less likely option would be receiving permission for a bond package that would include financing the replacement of the entire Texas A&M bus fleet.

Jackson said PTTS has considered increasing the student transportation fee to help fund replace-



the fee could be as low as \$35.

"Even if students were to pay \$35 a semester, they would still have to purchase bus passes," he said. "For \$50 a semester, the student wouldn't have to purchase a bus pass. The other bonus is that the \$800,000 of student allocation fees would be kept for other uses.

Tom Williams, the director of

ment of the aging bus fleet. He said PTTS, said that increasing student transportation fees would make the

system more convenient. "Our proposal to the administration will be that each student pay their fair share of the system," he said. "It would make buses more available to dorm students who want to travel offcampus. It would be safer at night."

PLEASE SEE BUS ON PAGE 12.

Branching out



Tree vendor Daniel Hernandez drills Christmas trees Saturday in Bryan in

Houston's new mayor set to build on recent progress

singled out for thanks in his victory speech was the man he replaces.

When incumbent Mayor Bob Lanier vacates City Hall in January, he turns over America's fourth-largest city to its first black mayor with the economy humming, crime down and a reasonably content citizenry.

'When I raise my right hand to take the oath of office, I'll have the good fortune to take the reins of a Houston on the move," Brown, 60, said.

Brown, who served as Houston's police chief in the 1980s, edged 46-year-old businessman Rob Mosbacher with 53 percent of the vote in Saturday's runoff election.

Mosbacher, who handles his family's oil and gas business, also had unsuccessful runs for U.S. Senate in 1984 and lieutenant governor in 1990.

Victory is not with us tonight, but we can be extremely proud of our efforts and our accomplishment and we can hold our heads high because we ran a great campaign and helped define the issues," Mosbacher said Saturday night.

Brown's victory was not without considerable help from Lanier, whose political muscle shifted to Brown more than a year ago. Lanier was barred by term limits

Lanier's supporters quickly went to work to raise cash, encourage a strong minority voter turnout and more important, dissuade other potential black candidates from entering the contest. About 25 percent of Houston's 1.8 million residents are black.

About 31 percent of Houston's registered voters cast ballots. Voter turnout patterns found that blacks comprised a third or more of the electorate while whites made

Although early returns from Harris County, where most of Houston is located, showed Brown and Mosbacher splitting the votes, Brown was partially aided by capturing about 6,336 votes, or 94 percent, in outlying Fort Bend County. On Nov. 4, Brown broke

"When I raise my right hand to take the oath of office, I'll have the good fortune to take the reins of a Houston on the move."

LEE BROWN HOUSTON MAYOR-ELECT

vote. Mosbacher followed with a distant 29 percent. Despite being consistently outfinanced by Mosbacher, the Lanier-Brown machine's hard work resulted in a victory for Brown Saturday night. The mayoral race became the most expensive in the history of Houston, with

out of an eight-candidate

pack with 41 percent of the

campaign spending by the pair topping \$5.6 million as of two weeks ago, the latest figures available show. Like Lanier, Brown focused his campaign on

neighborhoods. While Lanier's approach was more brick and mortar, embarking on a multimillion-dollice officers on the streets, Brown appealed to Houstonians' prized belief that they live in the most race-tranguil city in the nation.

"Houston's greatness lies not only in the bustling skyscrapers that reflect greatness, lies not only in the bustling skyscrapers that reflect this city's economic might, but in the sprawling neighborhoods that represent the heart of the city," Brown said. "Houston works best when Houston

An-124

UT center ranks first among U.S. chaos labs

AUSTIN (AP) — A University of Texas professor is proving that crayons are not just for children.

preparation of their sale.

Eric Weeks, a researcher at the University of Texas Center for Nonlinear Dynamics, recently used tiny beads of melted fluorescent crayons to simulate the jet stream's movement around two aluminum mountain ridges bolted into a spinning tank of water with a video camera above it.

Weeks, author of a report on the research in a recent edition of the weekly journal Science, simulated what happens when the eastward-blowing jet stream is blocked by mountains.

For most of the century, meteorologists have suspected that highpressure areas in winter occur when the jet stream moves into position to be blocked by mountains, or when there's a combination of the blocking and a temperature influence.

Weeks' new finding indicates

that the mountains are enough. "Our experiment shows they are a pretty good candidate by themselves," said Weeks, a new Ph.D. at the nation's premier graduate physics laboratory for the study of

The blocking bends the jet stream toward the North Pole, creating the high-pressure area. That further blocks the jet stream, allowing its winds to draw arctic air toward Texas, he said.

"They show it on the weather map as a big dip in the jet stream bringing the cold air south," Weeks said.

The spinning tank that Weeks used is a lab tool called a "rotating annulus." It's the pride of the dynamics center's director, UT physics professor Harry Swinney.

Swinney is an international leader in nonlinear dynamics, or chaos, a 30year-old mathematical discipline that uses computers to search for universal patterns in seemingly random behavior in solids, fluids and gases

The field's focus ranges from helping meteorologists get a better grip on weather predictions to aiding doctors in understanding the apparently erratic beating of a diseased heart.

Last year, the UT center was ranked first among the nation's chaos labs by U.S. News & World Report magazine.

up about 55 percent, the Houston Chronicle reported. Russian officials seek cause of cargo-jet crash Saturday

IRKUTSK, Russia (AP) — It was a quiet, bitterly cold afternoon on Grazhdanskaya Street, where a group of men chatted and smoked while tinkering with their battered cars. Many of their wives were out shopping.

A teen-age girl sat by her living room window, puzzling over her chemistry homework. Suddenly, a roar shook her apartment building - and set her neighborhood on fire.

"When I looked out the window I saw a burning car and a woman running out of another apartment building with her fur coat on fire. A man was lying on the ground," Lena Meistakhova, 15, said. "Then, a wave of heat came through the house."

A huge military cargo jet that seconds earlier had lifted off from an airfield a mile away slammed into No. 45 Grazhdanskaya on Saturday, clipping an orphanage with its wing and demolishing one end of the five-story apartment building.

Those who saw the crash talked of huge sheets of flames that engulfed surrounding buildings. A day later, steam and smoke from burning fuel that had soaked into the ground was rising into the overcast sky.

The An-124 Russian air force transport plane that crashed Saturday was carrying two jet fighters built at a local factory for export to Vietnam. The export was a rare bit of good news for the battered air-







craft industry in this Siberian city of

Ten seconds after taking off, the plane was in trouble. A woman who heard the shrill, ragged roar of the jet's engines said it was leaning to one side, a wing tilting toward

the ground. Then came a shattering explosion. The plane, the size of a Boeing 747 jumbo jet, was carrying 100 tons of fuel in its tanks. There were 23 crew and factory staff aboard, es-

corting the fighters to Vietnam. Officially, the death toll stood at tent problems.

62. It still may rise.

Russian safety officials are baffled by the disaster, and were investigating at least eight possible scenarios including contaminated fuel or a shift in the cargo. But Shoigu, the emergency situations minister, said there were few leads

Russia and other nations of the former Soviet Union have been plagued by deadly air crashes in recent years. Experts have blamed poor maintenance, safety violations and cost-cutting for persis-