mythology, ignorance

Travis Chow

migrants make p 10 percent of merica's populathe largest perge in 50 years. year, the number en cards ed 27 percent the year before. ion, groups as the Federar American Imion Reform are

ng for a moratonimmigration. The nmigrant hysteria pped up by some politi-shas even helped lead to eation of hate groups mall militias targeting grants as the sole cause nation's problems. eir claims are just plain , but they stress an imtpoint. America should en its arms to individuo do not believe in perresponsibility. The naould tighten its laws orders to protect Amerigainst foreign freeloadcriminals

st of all, a myth about imtion must be dispelled. ea immigrants drain the coffers simply does not

cording to U.S. Census the United States spends s money per capita on grants than it does on naorn people, and immis contribute more in tax rs than they receive in e benefits. A 1992 Busi-Week cover story reported grants pay \$90 billion in es and only collect \$5 bilin welfare annually. lany reasons exist for the leconomic uncertainties ng U.S. workers today, but

grants do not deserve the ame. In 1994, The Federal serve Bank reported small sinesses started by immiants and their combined rchasing power created 23 rcent of the new jobs availle that year.

The myth that an immigra-

n moratorium will have ecoic, environmental and social fits for Americans ignores etrue cause of our problems. remedy for the declining livgstandards Americans face exs in progressive policies, not litical scapegoating. Politians don't want to face the ilding anger concerning dening living standards and govment aid reform. Their polis, not immigrants, create the emmas average working class

Opposing immigration on whole is faulty and counproductive. Immigration is, deed, beneficial for America's onomy, regardless of anti-

immigration groups' Columnist claims. However, the growing number of foreign freeloaders and criminals is a legitimate concern. Instead of pointing fingers at productive individuals, the na-

Computer science graduate student to address the specific problems. To begin with, we should keep illegal aliens out. The Population Reference Bureau reports 90 percent of immigrant criminals are illegal aliens. In other words, most of the crime is committed by illegal aliens, not legal alien residents. People should keep in mind this sharp dis-

tion should reform

its immigration laws

unlawful immigrants. In 1993, Operation "Hold the Line" demonstrated the influence of illegal immigration on crime rate along the Texas border. After placing 400 agents along a 20-mile stretch south of El Paso, theft in downtown dropped 40 percent, while citywide crime de-creased 29 percent.

tinction between lawful and

Further, illegal aliens should not get a dime from the government. Their mere presence is a crime to society, not to mention their freeloading. Each year about 6,000 aliens cross into Texas to give birth in El Paso hospitals, making their U.S.-born children citizens which are eligible for a suite of federal welfare benefits. The only difference between this loophole and alien smuggling is the womb.

Those who are legally granted residency but choose a life of petty crimes or welfare have no excuse. Immigrants who do not pull their own weight should be deported immediately with no appeals. They had the chance and blew it. It is the immigrants' personal responsibility to "make it" once they take the gamble. Even without marketable skills, earnestness and hard work are enough to live comfortably. There's no room for sympathy here.

Immigration reform must encourage personal responsibility and get alien residents off the safety net — even if the consequences seem heartless at times. This way, many immigration problems can be resolved without closing the nation's doors to talent and diversity.

America should concentrate on cracking down on the specific issues and not condemn immigration on the whole, which actually helps boost the national economy.

des behind shadow Masters of militia

Students hold paranoid beliefs about A&M

In his opening statement last week at the Oklahoma City Federal Building bombing trial, Stephen Jones, defense lawyer for Timothy McVeigh, addressed the extreme views found in McVeigh's writings.

"Much of his (McVeigh's) writing and literature was extreme, but millions of other Americans fear and mistrust the government," he said.

Jones' statement identifies the peculiar legacy of the '90s - a growing mistrust of a government which guarantees personal liberty.
While many will casually attribute this paranoia to militia groups, *X-Files* fanatics, conspiracy theorists and assorted wackos, its

origins are much closer to home. Widely held student beliefs at Texas A&M mirror the fears of militia groups. Fear and mistrust of the government begins with mistrust of the administration here at A&M These beliefs make Aggies the militia members of the future.

No, most students do not believe special government forces lurk in black helicopters waiting for the command to seize the nation and place it under martial law. However, many students do hold similar irrational and paranoid beliefs about administration on campus.

Consider commonly held beliefs about Parking Traffic and Transportation Services. PTTS, often called "the parking Nazis," is the most reviled department on campus. Students actually say PTTS targets them as easy sources of income. Students attribute all kinds of evil to this department and its

Tom Williams, Director of PTTS, said PTTS concentrates on doing its job well to benefit A&M.

"The nature of our job is such that I doubt there are very few people who thank us for writing a parking violation," Williams said.

The word "service" is included in the department's title with good reason. PTTS does a difficult and unpopular job. There is only a finite amount of area on campus available for parking. This area must be well regulated. Without PTTS, parking lots would degrade into parking anarchy, inconveniencing everyone who drives on campus.
PTTS officers have

not sold their souls to the devil. The department does not hoard student park ing spots to force students to park illegally to generate ticket revenue. Likewise, PTTS officers do not hide in bushes waiting for students to fall into their parking traps.

Residence halls on campus are another area where students say they are targeted by the University. Resident advisers working within these halls often fair poorly in public opinion. Many

students assume RAs exist to make their lives miser-



John Lemons Electrical engineering graduate student lice officers who wander the halls looking for policy violations. This "us against them" mentality is un-

valuable source of information and guidance. They exist as a service not a hindrance to residents.

One last organization which students are paranoid about is the Board of Regents. Students complain this group is out of touch

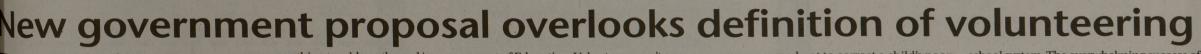
with campus, and that it milks them them for all the money they have.

However, of all the campus conspiracy theories, the beliefs surrounding the Board of Regents hold most truth. Ironically, the truth in these stories is rooted in

student behavior. If the Board is out of touch with students, it is because students do not voice their concerns to the Board. Before meetings, regents hold an open house for students. These open house events are poorly attended. Most students cannot even name one member of the Board. Indeed, A&M is run by a star chamber, one which has been appointed and endorsed by the students

themselves. But A&M is not out to get students, and neither is the U.S. government. This type of poorly-thought-out paranoia reflects badly on the intellect of students. The University's administration occasionally may be bureaucratic, slow or even inept, but it works in the best interests of students. A&M's students should be proud of themselves. They can no longer be accused of being redneck, backwood, ignorant hicks. No, the Aggies of the '90s are future, radical conspiracy-minded extremists. It's time to start stockpiling

weapons. Congratulations students, you're members of the largest organized militia in America — the Republic of Texas A&M. CONFIDENT



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oss Perot isn't the only one rambling on about "volunteers" these days.

Most everyone with some tact to the outside world has ard about Bill Clinton and Al re's "Service Summit" in iladelphia, which wraps up toay. Joined by well-meaning, but guided, individuals such as en. Colin Powell and Barbara sh, Clinton donned a ridicus-looking cap and painted er some inner-city graffiti (no ord as to whether he used Sher-

an-Williams' new "White Water.") Dedicatto the premise that Americans are selfish dlazy, with no intentions of helping their llow man, the "Service Summit" promotes e oxymoronic ideas of "mandatory volunering" and "paid volunteers."

Aware that taxpayers are growing cynical the traditional liberal method of solving oblems, which is throwing taxpayer monyat it, Clinton and Gore have stumbled pon the more modern, liberal cure-all for he 21st century — throwing taxpayer-

unded, compulsory "volunteers" at it. Bill and Al can hire all the mandatory volinteers they want, but in the end it does



Donny Ferguson political science major

nothing to address the real issues facing America. Our problems exist, not because there are not enough volunteers, but because there is too much government.

The Green Berets of Clinton's 'volunteer army" are his muchglorified reading coaches. Ignoring that teachers are paid to teach children to read, he has promised a force of a million volunteers to go into schools and teach America's children to read (presumably leaving teachers

free to resume their NEA-mandated duties of condom distribution and

diversity awareness training) Rather than draw the ire of leftist teachers' unions, such as the National Education Association by proposing the real solution to illiteracy, he licks his finger, sticks it into the wind and passes the buck to the "paid volunteers."

The real solution doesn't lie in another government program, more spending and more bureaucracy. After all, these government volunteers must be regulated somehow. It is no coincidence that the quality of American education rapidly deteriorated after so-called teachers' unions seized control of schools through a federal Department of Education. Volunteers won't conquer illiteracy, but abolishing the department and adopting national school choice

and school voucher programs will. Children aren't reading, not because they are sitting in their classrooms desperately waiting for the volunteers, but because Clinton and Gore's philosophy on Abolishing their DOE, and not recruiting a

education is a complete failure. Children are illiterate because the three Rs have been replaced by the three Hs — hand out condoms, hammer Western culture and hustle government dependency.

For example, instead of teaching children about our heritage, textbooks now teach kids about left-wing pop stars. In one history text, colonial patriot Ethan Allan is ignored while lesbian singer Joan Baez is featured. Another states "some people feel China's economic progress is worth its sacrifice of individual freedom." Some schools even teach "creative spelling," in which teachers are warned not to correct a child's poor spelling, because doing so would damage his self-esteem. Teachers are told to appreciate the child's creativity (or more accurately, bad education).

These atrocities are imposed on innocent children by the spaced-out NEA crowd.

> volunteer army is the only way to bring sanity and literacy back to American education.

Getting government out of education will do more per tax dollar than paying volunteers. One year of public education costs over twice per student as much as per student as a year of private education (\$5,000-

\$6,000 for public schools compared to an average of \$2,000 for private schools). Not only is the privatization of education more cost effective, private schools give a more superior education than public schools.

School choice and school voucher programs prove, time after time, that children score higher in a school freed from the lefthanded grip of the DOE than in a liberal

school system. The overwhelming success of these programs in places like Milwaukee and inner-city Harlem prove school choice and school vouchers for the poor, not volunteers, will guarantee America's children a quality education. Instead, the Clinton/Gore White House vetoed school vouchers for poor African-American children in inner-city Washington. They also have publicly stated their opposition to this program designed to give the poor a top-notch education.

The passage of school vouchers and choice legislation would spell doom for the ultra-liberal teachers' unions which poured millions into Democratic campaign coffers. Rather than listen to the pleas of poor children and the overwhelming majority of Americans who want choice in schools and vouchers, Clinton and Gore listen to their wallets. Their volunteer army to supposedly combat illiteracy is nothing more than a shameless attempt to cover up a shoddy education record.

Clinton and Gore's Service Summit is only a celebration of demagoguery. Americans should volunteer their time and efforts to make their communities a better place to live, but it shouldn't take a government mandate and a taxpayer-subsidized paycheck to do it.