THE BATTALION AGGIELIFE

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wish holidays combine uspended elebration, solemn prayer I harassn

By AARON MEIER THE BATTALION

his week the Jewish students of Texas A&M prac-ticed traditions that are on the grounds tt 5,000 years old.

Jewish high holiday seacurrently underway with of the three holidays com-d, wraps up this week with mbination of celebration lemn prayer.

sh Hashana kicked off the ay season. This year, the ish new year fell on Sept. 14 arrived with excitement ig the Jewish community at According to the Shir Ami e page, most Jews take the year with more solemnity

magine if Congress ad to fast for just me day. The sufferg of children would be the most mportant thing on he agenda."

Rabbi Peter Tarlow ctor of the Hillel Foundation

Highs & Low Man the calendar new year. There is little similarity been Rosh Hashana, one of the lest days of the year, and the nerican midnight bash and 84°F time football game," the page said. 70°F nis year, Adam Samuels, a rengineering technology Today's Expe r, enjoyed the traditional High ay food of Rosh Hashana, 88% dipped in honey. said the delicacy has a Today's Expected se besides its flavor. 71ºF remember Mom cut up aps, and then we would dip

nin honey," Samuels said. udent Chapter of the hope is that you might have eet and joyous new year." he Torah, the sacred book of

m, teaches that God temrily places every person's e in the Book of Life on Hashana. An entry in the of Life allows the person to or another year.

en days separate Rosh ana from the next Jewish day, Yom Kippur. During ese 10 days, those whose nes were placed in the book

ave an opportunity to correct

Samuels said on Rosh Hashana, the book temporarily holds the names, but on Yom Kippur, the names become a permanent entry in the book.

According to the Shir Ami home page, Yom Kippur is the most holy day of the Jewish year. Samuels said on this day, one tradition exists - fasting. Food,

water, sex, bathing, cosmetics (including deodorant and makeup), non-essential medications and leather shoes are forbidden. The fasting process starts during sundown on the day before Yom Kippur and lasts until sundown the next day.

There are exceptions to the fasting laws. Children under the age of nine, pregnant women and the elderly do not have to fast during Yom Kippur.

"In the Jewish religion, life is the most important thing above all else," Samuels said. "My mother has thyroid problems, so she only fasted for three hours because it wasn't medically good for her."

Tarlow said the fast is a time to reflect upon his own spirituality and a time to contemplate the state of other people in the world. He said if everyone fasted, perhaps the world would demonstrate more compassion. 'Imagine if Congress had to fast for just one day," Tarlow said. "The suffering of children would be the most important thing on the agenda."

Jewish students do not have to attend class on Yom Kippur, and Samuels said he will spend most of the day in synagogue.

At sundown on Yom Kippur, the services continue until three stars are seen in the sky, and the 'break the fast" begins.

The "break the fast" con-cludes Yom Kippur with a large celebratory meal.

The final holiday of the high season is called Sukkot, a seven-day harvest festival.

Tarlow said over the years, the most well-known tradition of Sukkot became the building of temporary booths known as a Sukkah. Sukkah, temporary structures with no walls and a minimal roof usually made of tree branches, possess historical value.

Tarlow said the Sukkah were dwellings used by the Israelites during harvest season. He said city dwellers would leave the urban areas and go to the

SUNRISES INSET

A visit to a Nazi concentration camp and a strong family faith has helped one student find a renewed pride in his religion on this new dawn.



wrongdoings. Rabbi Peter Tarlow, director he Hillel Foundation, said process of atonement diffrom the Catholic confesbecause amends must be le to the person sinned nst before God can forgive ffender.

his year, Yom Kippur was orated on Sept. 24 m Kippur means "Day of ement." If sins have not n corrected by this day, God remove people's names the Book of Life.

fields, where they would build the Sukkah, and eat and sleep under the shaky roof.

"My grandfather lived in Chicago during the Depression, and he used to work for a door manufacturer," Samuels said. 'He built the Sukkah in the backyard and used leftover door parts for the roof.'

Kippur over, and Sukkot nearing its end, the Jewish high holiday season draws to a close, awaiting another 5,000 years of traditional celebration.

David House, THE BATTALION

With Rosh Hashana and Yom

part of junior computer science major Uri Geva's hectic college life. But after visiting a Nazi concentration camp in Europe this summer.

couple of years ago, Judaism was just another

Geva found a new sense of pride in his religion

By JOHN LEBAS

THE BATTALION

and heritage. The third generation Holocaust survivor said the visit illuminated the Jewish people's triumph over possible extinction more than four decades ago.

That moment made me so proud to be Jewish," Geva said.

This newfound appreciation of his faith, Geva said, has given him courage to enjoy Jewish holidays and customs, which are often overlooked in Texas A&M's predominately Christian society.

Classes and club meetings often conflict with Jewish holidays such as Yom Kippur, he said, presenting Jewish students with a sometimes difficult choice: respect the dictates of their faith or carry

the importance of Jewish holidays, but campus organizations should try to schedule mandatory meetings around all faiths' holidays.

Despite these conflicts, Geva said he finds life in Aggieland to be mostly compatible with Judaism.

Geva, who spent 13 years on and off in Israel, now lives with his mother, father and sister. His parents, both teachers at A&M, are instrumental in helping him meld his faith and college life, he said.

It's fantastic," he said. "My parents are great, and they know how student life is. We've developed such a close relationship.

His parents are his "guiding roommates," he said, offering him advice that non-Jewish roommates might not be able to give.

Dr. Anat Geva, Uri's mother and a visiting assistant professor of architecture, said she loves sharing a home with her son.

"I love to have him, and I love to host his friends," she said. 'They can eat here, sleep here, have parties here.'

Dr. Nehemia Geva, Uri's father and an assistant professor of political science, said the close relationship he and his wife have with Uri did not start when their son entered college

'It's an open relationship you have with kids from the beginning," he said.

Uri Geva said this home life makes Jewish holidays more meaningful.

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all

Uri Geva

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human nature."

"There's a feeling of holiday in the house when there is a holiday," he said. "It's very supportive.'

On Sunday evening, the begin-ning of Yom Kippur, the Geva family enjoyed a formal holiday meal, ending with cake and hot tea, Uri said. At 8 p.m., the family went to the Hillel Foundation for prayer on this holiest of Jewish holidays.

Yom Kippur was a day of prayer, reflection and relaxation with the family, Nehemia Geva said.

Anat Geva said Judaism is a family-oriented faith and more than a religion — it is a way of life.

Anat Geva, who received her Ph.D. from A&M, said the traditions of Judaism parallel the Aggie traditions she and her son cherish. Like Aggie traditions, Jewish traditions are the building blocks of the culture and heritage she treasures.

This pride is also found in family members' names, which have biblical origins.

'Uri" was the first architect in the Bible, and means "my light." 'He really is my light," Anat Geva said.

"Ronnie," Uri's sister's name, means "my song." "Nehemiah" led the Jews out of the first exile and helped rebuild Jerusalem. Biblical judge Shamgar was the son of "Anat."

Nehemia Geva said most of his students who ask him about Judaism are simply curious about this heritage. He said he wants people to know Judaism is an open way of life.

"It's a way of life that looks positively at life," he said.

Anat Geva said she has run into people, including some at A&M, who have tried to convince her to turn from Judaism. She said she hopes more people learn to respect Judaism as a viable religion and way of life.

Uri Geva said he wishes Christian students would sit down with non-Christians to learn more about their religions.

He said this is the best way to overcome ignorance. "I'd like for them to know what all faiths are about to have a more vast understanding of the human nature," he said.

ION A RASMUSSEN, CI AY, SPORTS EDITOR ER PACE, OPINION YUNG, WEB EDITOR ICKMAN, RADIO E OOG, PHOTO EDITOR GRAEBER, CARTOON

s A&M University in m. News offices are 2647; E-mail: lu. or endorsement by 45-2696. For class Donald, and office

&M student to pick \$40 per school year an Express, call 845 / during the fall and s ns (except on Universitation of the second sec 5 Reed McDonald BU

his photograph is part of the display "Jews of Kiev: Renais-te After Baba Yar" on exhibit at the Hillel Foundation at 800 ge Bush Drive. The display is sponsored by the United Jewish leal and contains pictures of the people of Kiev. abbi Peter Tarlow, director of the Hillel Foundation, said comity interest has been overwhelming.

Whether if it is for their interest in history or religion, it doesn't ," he said. "It shows their interest in the world."

"I'd like for [non-Christians] know what faiths are about to have a vast under-

on with school commitments.

Geva said more professors are beginning to understand

"Many professors look at [holidays] as

junior computer science major

don't respect my own holiday, who will?"

just another day," Geva said. "But if I