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Thursday • August 1, 1996

# Clinton pledges to sign welfare bill learning how the Internet is the Internet

WASHINGTON (AP) — President lents can oblinton said Wednesday he would sign ig if not accomplete the second by the sign of the second by the s as "Political nactment as the presidential campaign Closet," and nters the final three months.

The House quickly passed the bill, -101, and the Senate was expected approve it Thursday.

Clinton pledged during his 1992 presiential campaign to end the current wel-re system, but he had vetoed two previoverhaul plans from the Republican-

us overhaul plans from the Republicanies and come im of reneging on his promises.

He said the latest bill had "serious aws" but he would sign it because "I elieve we have a duty to seize the oportunity it gives us to end welfare as

fare to work, demanding responsibility and doing better by children.

Campaigning in Nashville, Tenn., likely Republican presidential nominee Bob Dole called Clinton's move "an election year conversion."

"There's not a dime's worth of difference between the bill he talked about today than the one he vetoed a few months back," Dole said. "The only difference is it's 97 days before the election."

But House Speaker Newt Gingrich, R-Ga., welcomed Clinton's move. "We

certainly hope that he sticks to this decision no matter what the more liberal members of his party say to him," Gingrich said.

"It was inevitable that the present welfare system was going to be put be-

hind us," Rep. Clay Shaw, R-Fla., a key author of the bill, said shortly before it passed. "The degree of success that we

are going to have is going to be a victory for the American people, for the poor."
The bill — esti-

mated to save the federal government \$55 billion to \$56 billion over six years would set a lifetime limit of five years of welfare per family, require an able-bodied adult to work af

ter two years but allow hardship exemptions for up to 20 percent of recipients. It also would give the states

CLINTON

block grants to run the programs and let them set many of the rules, such as terminating benefits sooner than

Some liberal Democrats wasted no time decrying Clinton's decision, speaking out on the House floor even before he announced it.

"My president will boldly throw one million into poverty," said Rep. Charles Rangel, D-N.Y.

Added Rep. George Miller, D-Calif.: "Unfortunately, the president has joined the Republicans now in making the children the victims of the very system he said he wanted to reform.

But Clinton got praise from the Democratic Governors' Association, which called the bill "a victory for all who believe welfare must provide a second

Acknowledging the concerns of the Democratic left, Clinton said the bill was "far, far from perfect" and said he would work to fix what he considered excessive cuts in food stamps and benefits for legal immigrants who have not yet become citizens

At the same time, he said the bill gives us a chance we haven't had before to break the cycle of dependency that has existed for millions and millions of our fellow citizens, exiling them from the world of work. It gives structure, meaning and dignity to most of our lives.

Clinton's political advisers predicted the decision would take the issue off the campaign agenda of Republican rival Bob Dole.

# ting a voter t," he said. New computing center to offer ealize what

is working John Dinkel, associate provost for the mputing Services Center, said the faciliis the focal point of computer access for

the effects

"It will have a large number of machines in have on ind will be open 24 hours a day in the dents pay thool year," Dinkel said. "We will concent pay pay tax rate our services in that facility because it

you don't have to sit in a standard computer lab," Dinkel said. "You can go there and relax; it will have lounge-type furniture.

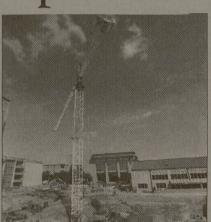
Stephanie Bevers, a senior English major,

said the group study facility will be useful. "It will be more convenient because everyone lives in all different places," Bevers said. "Having a more relaxed place to study is good."

The computers will have the same programs that are accessible on campus now. Students will be able to use word processing and spreadsheet programs and will have access to the Internet. Electronic library databases can also be accessed through the Internet.

"It will be kind of like the computer labs on campus now, only hopefully more mod-

See Computers, Page 6



The Evans Library computing center will be completed in Fall 1996 or

#### to vote." study area, advanced equipment y Melissa Nunnery working on a project that involves computers, y had a low

E BATTALION

When renovations are completed at Sterbers show mg C. Evans Library, students will have ent voting coess to a new student computing and said. "And roup study facility.

dents on campus.

don't real vill always be open. He said the computing section will have bout 600 microcomputers and a group tudy area on the second floor with connections for laptops. He said laptops may be rovided at the facility.

"The group study area on the second floor

meant to be kind of a place where if you're

#### Groups work to reduce energy usage compare local and ies of is distribut

By Erica Roy THE BATTALION

The Texas A&M Physical Plant and the Energy Systems Lab have created an energy management program to save money and reduce energy consumption on campus.

Dr. Jerry Gaston, interim vice president of finance and administration, said the A&M campus lacked an efficient energy conservation program.

"There was no aggressive

program on campus on conserving energy," Gaston said.
Charles Darnell, the energy

Stew Milne, THE BATTALION Physical Plant and the manager of the Physical Plant, ergy Systems Lab are said they are recommissioning orking to reduce cam- several buildings on campus s energy consumption. and trying to optimize how the

heating, ventilation and air conditioning systems operate. The Physical Plant is also making efficiency improvements in the

chill water control systems in several buildings. HVAC upgrades have already been completed in the Zachry Engineering Center, the Harrington Education Center and the Kleberg Animal and

Food Sciences Center. Dr. W.D. Turner, director of the Energy Systems Lab, said Zachry Engineering Center has been the primary energy-saving campus building. Eight hundred seventy-seven thousand dollars has been saved in Zachry alone from late 1990 to May of 1996.

Although several buildings on campus need cost-effective energy improvements, some buildings

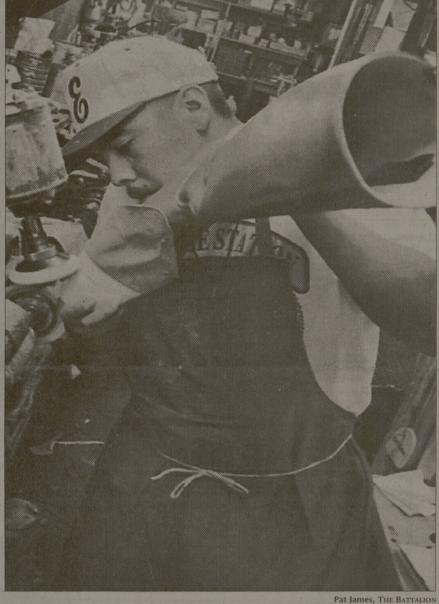
are being targeted first.
"We are trying to identify the biggest energy users, the ones that are the least effi-cient," Darnell said. "Zachry is a perfect example; it was a big building designed in the late '60s, early '70s.

Zachry was designed for comfort, Darnell said, not for energy conservation.

Upgrading of the chilling ca pacity in the main plant involved replacing old, inefficient single-effect steam absorption chillers with new double-effect steam absorbers.

Darnell said the HVAC systems in the Blocker Building

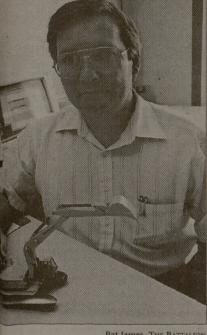
See Energy, Page 6



#### HANDCRAFTED WITH CARE

Robert Reyes, a cobbler at Holick's Boots, shapes a boot being made for a senior Corps of Cadets member.

## OCKET ESEARCH



Pat James, THE BATTALION

Walter Boles is helping with the nar soil excavation experiments.

**By Brandon Hausenfluck** THE BATTALION

Someday soon humans will

be able to live on the moon. On July 25 and 26, two graduate students at Texas A&M conducted research during flights aboard NASA's KC-135, a cargo plane converted for use in gravitational research.

The aircraft simulates weightless conditions on the moon. Known as "the vomit comet," it was used in the filming of Apollo 13.

To achieve zero-gravity during in-flight research, the aircraft traveled in parabolas of only 20 seconds of lunar gravity at a time. Over forty parabolas were flown each day, giving researchers at least 40 periods of 20-second weightless intervals to conduct research.

The research studied the amount of force it would take to excavate lunar soil in reduced gravity, a practice necessary in placing a structure on the moon. Wesley Scott, a doctoral can-

didate in industrial engineer-

ing, said it is important to excavate the soil because it is rich in oxygen and aluminum and

useful in construction. "Composition of the soil is 20 or 30 percent aluminum and between 15 to 18 percent aluminum oxide," he said. "If you can process that, you can use it to build on the moon and also to breathe or make fuel.

Scott said the machines used for excavation will also be capable of extracting the elements

from the soil.
Dr. Walter Boles, a faculty adviser and assistant professor of civil engineering, said be-cause of lower gravity on the moon, it is difficult to design a tool to excavate lunar soil.

"The moon has one-sixth the gravity of Earth," he said. "With less weight, you couldn't push anything because your foot would slide. And it actually takes onethird the force to move something rather than a sixth."

Boles said the experimentation is crucial because a machine

See Research, Page 6

## -Atlanta '96-

### Olympics head into final weekend

ATLANTA (AP) - Gail Devers cleared all the hurdles but the last — she didn't win the gold she barely lost in Barcelona. Pole vaulter Sergei Bubka knew how she felt after leaving Atlanta with his own case of disappointing deja vu.
U.S. decathlete Dan O'Brien, though, was

halfway through exorcising his demons of four

Devers, who appeared a lock for the 1992 hurdles gold until tripping at the final hurdle, sailed clearly above the last barrier Wednesday night. But she couldn't catch gold medalist Ludmila Engquist of Sweden. Devers finished fourth, one spot better than she did in Barcelona. "Obviously, it was not to be," Devers said. "But

I finished ... better than I did in Barcelona. And I finished on my feet." The U.S. track star already won the gold in the 100 meters. She was hoping for the first

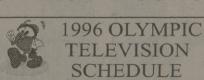
sweep of the women's events since Fanny Blankers-Koen of the Netherlands did it in 1948. Bubka's shot at a Centennial Games medal never got off the ground. The 1988 Olympic gold medalist and five-time world champion pulled out of the pole vault Wednesday with an injured

right Achilles tendon. "For me, it is great tragedy," said Bubka, who has set 35 world records — 18 indoors and 17 outdoors. "It was incredible pain, pain not only in

my injury, but in my heart. For the 32-year-old Bubka, in what may be his last Olympics, it had to be a familiar feeling. Favored for the gold four years ago, he won nothing in Barcelona after failing to clear any height in the finals.

This time, the Ukrainian's aging body let him down. He injured his Achilles tendon April 12,

See Olympics, Page 2



AUGUST 1

11:41 a.m. – 1:11 a.m.

Volleyball-Women's semifinal
Equestrian-Jumping final, tear
Boxing-Semifinals
Wrestling-Freestyle matches

AUGUST 2

09 a.m. - Noon
Track & Field
Diving-Men's platfor
Gymnastics-Rhythmi
Canceing-Semifinals
6:30 p.m. - 11:00 p.m.

Track & Field—Finals, in -Men's pole vault -Women's long jump -Men's 3000m steepled

:30 p.m. - 10:30 p.m.

AUGUST 4

AUGUST 3

medal game Closing Ceremony 000