arch 7, 1996

THE BATTALION

Thursday March 7, 1996

# **OPINION**

### Rights keep fading away

SHANNON HALBROOK COLUMNIST

he Supreme Court suffered a blatant burst of conservatism Monday — a burst during which the upposedly most learned and reasonble court in America stomped on the onstitutional rights of all Americans to make the police's job easier.

Conservatives everywhere bemoan the loss of our freedom to Washington bureaucrats. But the loss of our freehm isn't coming from the liberal legisation of previous Congresses. Instead, is now ironically being dictated by the back-robed conservatives on the reme Court

At issue in the case of *Bennis vs.* Wichigan was a 1977 Pontiac, owned jointly by Mr. and Mrs. Bennis of Demit. One night Mr. Bennis took it out and used it to commit an immoral act -basically, he decided to try pulling a Hugh Grant. Like Grant, Bennis was aught with his britches down and ared for public indecency. Although the \$600 car was owned by both Mr. and Mrs. Bennis — and although Mrs. Bennis knew nothing of her husband's tivities — the car was impounded.

eached the Michigan Supreme Court of

ad no right to her property, since it was

auto, it is conceded, facilitated and was

Traditionally in America, a person's

ishment. Congress has spent the last 40 years or so passing legislation that has

ensured the rights of the criminal. And

when questionable, it has been consid-

ered better to let the accused keep his

facing possibly wrongful punishment.

or her rights and remain free instead of

freedom and right to property have been deemed more important than pun-

used in criminal activity."

Appeals, which found for the police de-

artment and stated that Mrs. Bennis

On Monday the conservative

volved in a crime

So Mrs. Bennis, because of her husand's illegal activities, was deprived of ar property by the Detroit Police Department. Demanding payment for half the car (a mere \$300), she took the case court, claiming that her constitutional niddle school rights of due process and ownership of roperty had been violated. The case

THE BATTALION

the Acad-

end and a

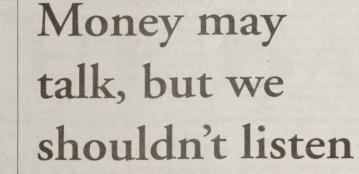
he headed to ch sponsored aw of Southversity Uvalde visit ie president's in Texas.

#### preme Court affirmed the state wrt's decision. Chief Justice William Rehaquist wrote the majority opinion, which stank of political rhetoric and merconservative slop. The state here sought to deter illesucceeded ict a wall , and we galactivity that contributes to neigha President borhood deterioration and unsafe streets," Rehnquist said. "The Bennis

dham Clinton First Lady

came out in irst lady. apressed with e," said Tony ng Democrat. he first time st lady here. again in our

But things are different now. Now we're concerned more with the rights of erda, who at the police rather than the rights of the in the 1970s accused. We've started to get some kind time Clinto of comfort out of throwing people behind les from San bars or into the electric chair; it conent. vinces us that the justice system is nere all alone e to her and erything she working. The frequency with which we use the death penalty shows we now hold some kind of a social belief that ien in Ameri somebody must pay for a crime. Since said. ve view strict enforcement of the law as chool children the best way to fight crime, we think it's npaign rally best to give the police broad powers. ling signs say Hillary." We can't seem to strike a good balance between protecting society and reserving the rights of the accused. Both are important, but most people hink that one or the other should be mphasized. The victims suffer when the suspects are given too many rights, and the suspects suffer when the vicims get too many rights. **FAFF!** This is the logic behind the court's decision; Rehnquist apparently believes that it's more important to punish Mr. er & ennis than to preserve Mrs. Bennis's rights. He states that the car "facilitated" Mr. Bennis's amorous activities and nplies the car ought to be taken to protect the safety of our streets. This kind overdramatization of the necessity of mad police power is ridiculous — and eing so creative with the law is danous. The car was not a public mench 13, ace. The car was not convicted of indecent exposure. The car did not facilitate the activity. Mrs. Bennis, faced with the loss of her transportation, deserves more reasonable explanation. By talking of "neighborhood deterioration" and "unsafe streets," Rehnquist sounds like an apocalyptic Republican presidential candidate. It sounds a little the he's blaming social deterioration on our right to own property and move reely. It's almost as though conserva tives in our government — while boldly and vehemently defending our right to <u>nter</u> own guns — think that all our other n 18 beedoms are secondary to crime preven-tion and police control. The right to own agun is in the Bill of Rights, but so is the right to own property. Our property is still ours — even if it was involved in a nor crime committed by someone else. ı 17 t should never be denied to us



f Louis Farrakhan has done anything \_significant in my **H.L.** life, it has been to confuse the hell out of **BAXTER** me. He is a paradox personified. Islam — COLUMNIST the religion he claims to represent — is based on a doctrine

that espouses love and peace, yet Farrakhan's epithets are stained by hatred and increasingly advocate an allout race war in America. Farrakhan says he wants to unite the black community, but his message is dividing that community along gender, economic and social lines and it will continue to do so.

Yet in spite of his conspicuous hatred and clandestine motives, tens of thousands listen to his rhetoric. No matter where he speaks, Farrakhan's message is heard

Late last month, Farrakhan delivered his message to the Middle East, the cradle of the Islamic faith. During his "peace mission," Farrakhan visited and talked with the leaders of Libya, Iran and Iraq. He accepted a donation of at least \$1 billion from Moammar Gadhafi, the Libyan dictator. Farrakhan claimed that the money will be used to increase the black community's political power in America

Undoubtedly, Farrakhan's trip was not a symbolic gesture used to unite black America with the people of the Middle East. It is imperative that Americans - particularly the black community - see this for what it really is: a grandiose fund-raising scheme used to further the radical beliefs of Farrakhan's Nation of Islam.

Farrakhan's excursion — even more so than his Mil-lion Man March — is perhaps the biggest smokescreen in American history. Only time will reveal to us what danger lurks beyond.

How does one pledge peace with murderous despots? The task is not insurmountable, but one would be correct in asserting that Farrakhan does not have the education or the expertise to do so.

What is even more bizarre is that Farrakhan, who is definitely not a leader of the black community, wants to associate the black community with Gadhafi and Saddam Hussein, two men who advocate terrorist activity

and vehemently oppose peace with Israel. But peace is fine with Farrakhan as long as the Jew-ish people are not included. At least this is how he sees it. Jews, in his mind's eye, have "wrapped their tenta-cles around the U.S. government."

rakhans of the world be forgotten, but the Pat Buchanans, Vladamir Zhrinovskys and Jesse Helmses of the world will also lose their cheering sections.

Herein lies an other paradox: Farrakhan is a staunch anti-Semite, yet without the help of Jews dur-ing the Civil Rights Movement in the '50s and '60s, Farrakhan would not have the freedom he

enjoys today. Perhaps the American people can take some solace in the fact that not all Muslims agree with Farrakhan's preachings. The Nation of Islam is the only Muslim sect that follows

rakhan must be

taken seriously. If we defiantly proclaim that we do not want hate mongers leading us

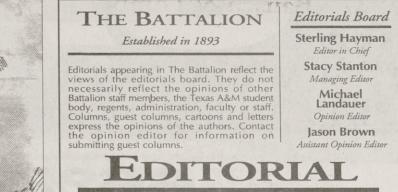
into the next century, then not only will the Louis Far-

a whole

that they do.

H.L. Baxter is a junior geography major

Page 11

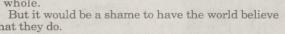


D

0

0

apathy. Farrakhan's beliefs and his methods of im-plementation do not reflect the black community as



Farrakhan's doctrine. But more than any group, black Americans should worry the most. The threat of Far-

We must voice our concerns about these people assuming leadership roles; we can change nothing with

Shannon Halbrook is a sophomore English major



## AIL ALL

#### Silver Taps ceremony demands respect

Silver Taps is a very solemn and serious time where we mourn the loss of a fellow Aggie and reflect on our own lives. The attitude of many of the people that gathered at the MSC before and after Silver Taps was any thing but solemn. The loud talking and noise these people were creating made it seem as if they were attending a party, not Silver Taps. We must always remember that the people Silver Taps honors are real people, real Aggies, with real families and real friends who have come to honor them. The families of those who passed away are met and escorted to Silver Taps. I hope and pray that they didn't see or hear the spectacle outside the MSC. Unfortunately, many people are not taught about this tradition. All the lights are to be extinguished and nothing but the hymns form Albritton Tower should be heard throughout campus. The entire campus should remain silent before, during and after Silver Taps. It is not a time to stand on benches and watch the Ross Volunteers, but a time to look within ourselves and to heaven to gaze upon those we can no longer see.

> Marc Mulkey Class of '96

I would like to recognize the insensitive and disrespectful individual who felt that it was so important to have pictures of Tues-day night's Silver Taps ceremony. From where I was standing, he seemed to have a good vantage point — perched on a bench with

his camera and tripod. I hope he got some good pictures of shots being fired or maybe some closeups of family and friends who were mourning the loss of a loved one. Perhaps next time he can set up and get a few shots of the R.V.s as they march in. Better yet, why don't we just forget about the whole "lights out" thing and bring in television crews, maybe get some local stations out to do a live radio broadcast.

I did not know any of the people who were being honored at Silver Taps, but I have experienced some recent losses of friends in my life. Tuesday I was standing next to others who have experienced similar losses, and Silver Taps affected me deeper than it ever has. The sound of pictures being taken was not appreciated.

Aggies have not continued the Silver Taps tradition because it looks cool. We don't even do it for our own personal entertainment or amusement. We do it to honor those who once stood here with us.

To those people seeking entertainment during the next Silver Taps, I suggest they stay home and watch Letterman instead.

> Jeff Wurzbach Class of '96

### **FEE TALK** Open meetings for fee increases give students a voice.

idea that connected General Use Fee increases with state tuition in-creases, Texas A&M President Ray Bowen has properly rejected an illegal part of it. The bill would have automatically increased the GUF by the same amount as tuition increases without holding public

hearings to discuss proposed increases

Once fee in. creases are proposed, they are very difficult to stop. Without voices to argue their merits and flaws, fee increases can be-

come nothing more than numbers on a piece of paper. Public hearings enable students to air their gripes with proposals, and they also enable the administrators to hear from the people their decisions are affecting.

Preventing students from attending public hearings and complaining about proposed increases buries a vital voice in the process. If the doors to these hearings were suddenly closed, students might find themselves victims of fee increases without

After considering an even knowing about it until they appear on their fee slips.

Public hearings are not just a good idea; they are also required by law. Bowen made his decision after learning that such meetings are required by Texas Legislature House Bill 815. Had Bowen gone through with the

bill, he would have been acting illegally.

In an age when people have become increasingly attentive of how much money the government extracts from their pockets - and where it goes these hearings

fulfill many vital needs. They give needy college students a vital say in whether their money will be taken from them. They enable administra-tors to hear the feelings of the people they're charging. And, if the fee increase proves to be a sound idea, students can see exactly where their money is spent and why increases are needed. Perhaps this kind of open, two-way communication is what academic and non-academic governments could use a lot more of.

Bowen