#### THE BATTALION **Editorial Board**

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Columns, guest columns, cartoons and letters express the opinions of the authors.

Contact the opinion editor for information on submitting guest columns.

## **EDITORIAL**

## CAMPAIGNS CONCLUDE

Battles and oddities entertained voters

Congratulations! We survived. The red, white and blue banners have been put into storage until 1996, the mud was left to dry and babies can rest peacefully in their cradles without being accosted by overzealous candidates — at least for a little while.

Nonetheless, the 1994 election sea

son, in true political form, embodied all the excitement and drama of a supermarket tabloid. The neck and neck race between Gov.. Ann Richards and George W. Bush occupied the spotlight. Bush berated Richards for being soft or animal and half and the spotling soft or animal and half and the spotling soft or animal animal and the spotling soft or animal and the spotling soft or animal an ing soft on crime and not helping education, while Richards accused the young Bush of riding on his Daddy's political coattails and of being an incompetent businessman. In the Texas senatorial race, Sen.. Kay Bailey Hutchison battled the aftermath of a public investigation of possible mishandling of public funds. Personal battles between candidates grew in ferocity and vigor. But, at Texas A&M, students embraced the opportunity to proclaim their party loyalties.

Texas wasn't the only site of political excitement and scandal, the 1994 election proved entertaining, if not downright ridiculous, throughout the nation. A Hawaiian candidate van-ished. A bank robber ran for the Mon-tana Legislature. And, the token dead candidate planned to return from the

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afterlife to seek re-election in West

Election 1994 asked voters to consider important questions on crime, education, prison systems, immigrant rights, and whether the Bush or Kennedy family will have more relatives in office.

As in any good election, candidates were quick to point out their superior qualifications. For example, Joseph Brennan, the Democratic candidate for governor in Maine enticed voters with the fact that he had "more experience with firearms than any other gubernatorial candidate.

If the candidates were eager to tout their personal virtues, they were quicker to point out the deficiencies of their opponents. In Alaska, Republican Jim Campbell, who is partially bald, attacked Democrat Tony Knowles for having "good hair" like President Clinton.

While, elections often entertain the population with oddities and humorous partisan battles, they are supposed to be serious events. The emphasis society places on the "image" of a politician often leaves the candidates looking like groveling children at a candy store, begging for votes. As a voting public, we should want people with integrity and intelligence in office. But, there is always 1996 to look forward to.

# History must include everyone

## Students will benefit from tale of Americans meeting savages, it was really far more messy and far more interesting." Speaking of "messy," the debate surrounding these more accurate textbooks

HENDERSON

Columnist

Tam taking a Black History class and loving every minute of it. The class is wonderful (I highly recommend it) and vastly enlightening. This experience is ening. This experience is very different from the ones
I encountered from elemen-

tary to high school.
What usually happened was that during Black His-

tory month, my teachers would put a bookmark in her book, stop the "real" lesson and start distributing hand-outs on slavery and black figures. Then, we learned a neat little phrase for buzz names like Martin Luther King, Harriet Tubman and Rosa Parks. Martin Luther King—I Have a Dream. Harriet Tubman—North Star and Underground Railroad. Rosa Parks—"You're not getting this seat" and the Montgomery Boycott. Then, as soon as March rolled around, the teachers would tell us to open our books: It was time to "get back down to business.

I never felt right about all of this, I always felt like something was missing, like I was not getting the whole picture. Now that I am older and have matured intellectually, I look back and realize that the reason I never felt quite right about American history is that my history, from both the Black and female standpoints, was in the text, but not integrated into the text. Yes, slavery was touched upon, and the Civil Rights

movement was even given a couple of pages. Still, it didn't ... flow. It was as if the pieces of the puzzle were there but were not synthesized. The history I was taught not only failed to synthesize Blacks into the text, but also women and other minority group members, as well.

This will soon change. Last week, the National Standards for United States History released a teachers' guide for the fifth to twelfth grade levels. This guide adds the viewpoints of women, Blacks, Native Americans and ordinary folks to United

States history textbooks.

The key to this whole thing is that these added views are not just brushed upon in the books or inserted in the form of some glossy insert, but rather are "folded into the American landscape," according to Newsweek magazine. Gary Nash, the codirector of the project, said, "History comes alive with these stories. America's beginnings were not just a simple

changes in the way American history is taught is just that. Critics gripe that this new curriculum is loaded with political correctness. The biggest enigma of all is that Lynne Cheney, the former head of the National Endowment for the Humanities (NEH) and the woman who appointed the panel during the Bush administration, is complaining that the National Standards paint a picture of America that is "gloomy.

The history experts who compiled this work counter the political correctness argument with the reasoning that it is not full of political correctness, but rather correct history. They further contend that most of the debate surrounding this issue is missing the point. The point, they say, is to get away from teaching history as just a spiel of one great person

Given all of this debate, you might wonder why these new standards have been issued in the first place. Some Ags might even be jumping up and down, damning Clinton right about now. This idea did not start with the Clinton Administration, though, but rather in those of Reagan and Bush. A 1983 Carnegie Foundation Report revealed that American students were lagging far behind their foreign counterparts in key subjects. The American public lifted its voice for reform, reform, reform!

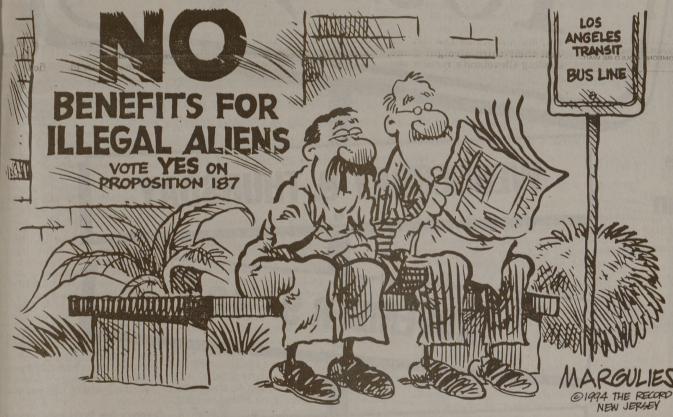
m, reform, reform!
A committee was formed, and new guidebooks for art, geography and US history are

proval from a Clinton-appoint-ed panel. Now that the reforms are on the table, some folks are either singing a

different song or claiming that they never sang at all. Whether you see these new standards as "reforms" depends on where you stand as an individual on this issue. I believe that no student, whether black, white, yellow or red, benefits from a fragmented history lesson that treats certain groups as inserts or as mere supplements. I think that it is ludicrous to equate American history with the words "white history."

We are all Americans, so doesn't that make your history mine, and mine yours? By integrating women and minorities in the history texts and not just randomly mentioning them here and there, American students will rise to the caliber of their foreign counterparts and gain a more accurate picture of the making of our great nation.

Aja Henderson is a sophomore finance major



"We illegals want the same things you do... a safe place to live, good schools for our kids, a chance to be on the O.J. Simpson jury...



### **Professors should stop** wasting time, money

I just have one question for all of you diligent students out there. We are here at this University to obtain a well rounded education to help us better ourselves and our chances to find a job once we receive our piece of paper that say we have achieved little more than minimal standards of memorization of petty facts in the classes outside our major (a degree).

Granted, in-depth learning is of obvious importance for classes that relate to our major, but doesn't it seem to y'all that some of these professors waste our time, our money, tax dollars and countless other university resources to provide us with information that is of no relevance in expanding our educational horizons or improving any part of our life.

I'm not saying that we shouldn't be required to take most of these classes because I realize that a well rounded education is necessary and important, but why doesn't this University provide

overview/general exposure classes for non-majors in more areas.

We pay a lot of money to come to Aggieland and attend this University. If the most important part of a class is one-day memorization for an exam, then these professors (no matter how few) aren't teaching anything at all!! What does their career consist of? Just

> Ben Krieger Class of 97

#### Campus map in course guide causes confusion

While searching for the location of a class in a building we have never heard of we discovered a few minor problems on the map (p. 42) in the Spring '95 course guide. For example, numerically, Heldenfels and the Psychology buildings are now next to Sbisa, Wisenbaker is now located in the Commons, and all classes scheduled in the Academic building will now be held in Walton Is this some kind of cruel Aggie joke? Is someone trying to confuse us? Our guess is it was printed in Austin.

> Renee' Ramsey Class of 96'

Jeannie Westmoreland Class of '96

### Students thank prof for bonfire hospitality

As participants of Rebuild Bonfire '94, we would like to thank all of the A&M staff, professors and TA's for a time of understanding and leniency during these late nights and

We would especially like to thank our Genetics 301 professor for allowing us to make up our exam after

It does not matter whether we are in the corps of cadets, residence halls, old or new students, we are all part of this awesome student body who joined together to keep the tradition of our Burning desire to beat the Hell outta t.u." alive!

> Lance Ferrell Class of 96 accompanied by 8 signatures

The Battalion encourages letters to the editor and will print as many as space allows. Letters must be 300 words or less and include the author's name, class, and phone number.

style, and accuracy.
Address letters to:
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## Dishonesty serves as part of everyday life

**MICHAEL** 

Columnist

The history I was taught not only failed to

women and other minority group members,

synthesize Blacks into the text, but also

as well. This will soon change.

and we've been duped again. Many we elected yester-LANDAUER day have been dishonest in one way or another. Whether it was a mere distortion of the facts or a blatant lie, we've been duped.

There is nothing wrong with acknowledging this fact. It does not diminish the value of the democratic relies on citizens being kept in the dark. It's human nature, and we vot-

We don't like to openly admit that we lie to each other, but we do. Some questions require lies. Do I look good? Do you like my new girlfriend? Would you mind doing me a favor?

If we didn't lie on occasions like these, people would think we were jerks. In Japan, it is considered unprofessional to tell the truth

worker's ideas or information. My roommate, who is an international studies

when you disagree with a co-

major, told me the Japanese place morale above honesty. Telling someone their ideas stink or that their information is wrong might hurt morale, so one should therefore lie.

This may sound ridiculous to us, but certain lies are even part of common courtesy in our society. We just like to pretend we are completely honest.

I used to want to be a politician, but my sister always told me I was too honest to get into the profession. I used this joke to win an honor as a junior in high school. I won a great trip to Washington, D.C. to see our government up close.

Part of the reason my classmates sent me was because I told them I knew I would be a politician someday and I would greatly appreciate the experience. Well ... I lied.

I have since decided I would never go into politics, unless I could maintain some form of ethics, which I think would be unlikely. I also ruled out a career in law for the same reasons. Although journalism has its share of dishonesty, it is one of the last professions which rewards telling the truth. The pay will always be crappy, but you can live with yourself.

Lately I have felt bad about being dishonest to someone. I'm a big be-liever in the "I'm only mad because you didn't tell me" philosophy. My

with anything if they just tell me what they've done to my

To this day one of my best friends is a guy who admitted he had mugged with a girl I was dating. I thought he was a jerk for going behind

my back, but I respected the fact that he had the guts to tell me what he had showing me how my actions had been dishonest and hypocritical.

Another friend of mine recently acted out of character and stole something. I felt that it was my duty to make him feel guilty, which was not difficult. Although he could not rectify his situation, he realized he was wrong and felt badly about it.

A few days later, he told me about a test he had gotten back that had been graded incorrectly. One of the mis-

Some questions require lies. If we didn't lie on occasions like these, people would think we were jerks. I have fessed up to my dishonesty, and it feels good.

> takes affected a question he had hon-estly missed. He wanted to change his answer to the right one, and he could have gotten away with it. His score would have changed a whole letter grade. It's hard to do the right thing in that situation, but he did.

He told me how surprised he was that the temptation was so strong. He said that the more often you are dishonest, the easier it becomes. Many people don't smoke for that same reason. I have known friends who have done almost every drug there is but won't touch cocaine because it is too addictive. And yet we all dabble a little into dishonesty and expect to be able to quit at any time.

It would be nice if we could live honestly at all times. Unfortunately, we are wimps. We like to leave things the way they are and hope no one ever finds out.

I have fessed up to my dishonesty, and it feels good. We should not live honestly because of the Aggie Code or because we're afraid people will find out. We should try to be true to each other because we would want them to

be honest with us. The less we have to hide, the less hiding we will have to do.

> Michael Landauer is a sophomore journalism major

