World & Nation

Friday, June 21, 1991

lune 21, 1

cCullar ©19 ORD, MAN. WHAT

APYISS

Supreme Court allows police search of passengers

WASHINGTON (AP) — The Supreme Court bolstered police powers h the war on drugs Thursday, ruling that officers may board buses and ask ny passenger to consent to a search. Voting 6-3 in a case from Florida, the ustices said the increasingly widepread law-enforcement tactic does not

tichael Mon violate the rights of passengers as long as they feel free to refuse the police re-I T'HIM quest.

Police don't need a court warrant or a suspicion that a crime has been com-DER HERE mitted to ask passengers to submit to demned what they said is the court's searches, the court said.

Oo Kuwait artists sentenced - to life terms

KUWAIT CITY (AP) — Seven n A. Madu actors, poets and songwriters, including a 74-year-old concted of writing a poem praising Saddam Hussein, were sennced Wednesday to life in



ussein

ists to prison terms ranging up to 15 years on charges of aiding Iraq and helping supportof Saddam its propareceive

rison for helping the seven-

month Iraqi

law court also

sentenced

four other art-

The martial-

occupation.

ganda efforts. One was ife sentences. given a suspended sentence and ine was acquitted.

The sentences came a day after U.N. officials said Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar hoped Kuwait would show clemency toward six journalists entenced to death for collaboralon.

The collaboration trials have AS A TIGH drawn condemnation from Kuwaiti lawyers and international human rights groups for the lack of evidence presented in court, and other problems. The groups also say Kuwait is

pecting foreigners to have held to an excessive standard of oyalty, considering that most had few rights under Kuwaiti

The New York-based Human 45-0280 for more Rights Watch criticized the trials Wednesday in a letter to Kuormation. wait's emir. The group said that while it respected Kuwait's aim of bringing collaborators to jus-tice, "the desire for revenge can-vid Prosperi said.

101 MSC. Com not be permitted to justify com-

Justice Sandra Day O'Connor wrote for the court that the ruling applies to trains, planes and other forms of public transportation. The ruling, she said, was not a significant departure from was not a significant departure from past decisions that say police don't "seize" people just by talking to them or requesting cooperation. "No seizure occurs ... so long as the officers do not convey a message that compliance with their request is re-quired "O'Connor said

quired," O'Connor said. But the court's dissenters congrowing tolerance of abusive police behavior.



Graphic by Bingo Barnes

"Officers who conduct suspicionless, dragnet-style sweeps put passengers to the choice of cooperating or of

exiting their buses and possibly being stranded in unfamiliar locations," Jus-tice Thurgood Marshall said. "This choice is no choice at all."

The bus-search ruling was an expected development by an increasingly conservative court that steadily is giving police more power to conduct searches without warrants or probable cause to suspect a crime.

The court relied in part on a 1984 decision that permitted immigration offi-cials to "raid" factories in search of illegal immigrants. The court also has let police in airport terminals question people who look like drug couriers.

Page 5

University of Miami law professor Mary Coombs, representing the Amer-ican Civil Liberties Union, said Thursday's decision "in theory is not bad."

But, she said, what it means is that "in the real world police will keep on making life inconvenient, difficult and oppressive for bus passengers who don't have any drugs."

Aid cutoff House votes to stop supporting Jordan as reprisal for backing of Saddam Hussein

WASHINGTON (AP) — The House voted Wednesday to cut off military aid to Jordan as a reprisal for its support of Iraqi President Saddam Hussein

during the Persian Gulf War. Lawmakers softened the blow by giving President Bush the authority to waive the cutoff of military aid, expected to total \$27 million in the fiscal year that begins Oct. 1, if cer-

vear that begins Oct. 1, if Cer-tain conditions are met. "King Hussein showed un-equivocal support for Saddam Hussein" during the gulf con-flict, said Rep. Dan Burton, R-Ind., who pressed for the cut-off. "The United States of America shouldn't in any way

support that country." The aid cutoff was approved 410-4 after the House voted to let the president keep aid flow-ing to Jordan if he deems it to be in the national interest, and if he certifies that Jordan has committed to bilateral negotia-tions with Israel, recognized Is-

rael's right to exist and stopped aiding Iraq.

The House also used the measure to register its wari-ness of offering direct aid to

the Soviet Union. On a vote of 374-41, lawmakers moved to ban aid to Moscow unless conditions are met on human rights, self-deter-mination for the Baltic republics, and scaled-back military spending and military aid to

In debating the Jordan issue, Rep. Lee Hamilton, chairman of the Foreign Affairs Middle East subcommittee, argued that King Hussein was being helpful in the peace process and should be rewarded.

The problem with an aid cutoff, Hamilton said, is "it looks to the past instead of to the fuour way. ... We ought to en-courage Jordan in those direc-tions " tions

Conditions would only make Bush's job in reviving the peace process more difficult, he said.

The administration is pro-posing \$57 million in aid to Jordan next year.

The votes came as the House pushed toward completion of a two-year, \$25.3 billion measure authorizing foreign aid for the next two fiscal years. It in-cluded economic, development and military assistance for U.S. allies around the globe, as well as the prospect of \$15 million in first-time direct aid to Soviet republics.

But final enactment of the legislation was far from cer-

Congress has been unable to wrestle a foreign aid authorization bill into law since 1985, and has had to use separate spending bills each year to enact its foreign policy prescriptions.

reform legislation WASHINGTON (AP) - The Senate Intelligence Committee on Wednesday took another stab at what members said would be

Committee offers

reforms in U.S. covert operations.

It approved a new version of operating leg-islation for the

fiscal year that already is more than two-thirds

President Bush, vetoed a version

vid Boren, D-Okla., said he hoped President Bush would

tries carrying out covert actions for the United States.

operating since the fiscal year be- tion.

gan last Oct. 1 without normal congressional authority. The full Senate must now act

on the bill, and differences remain to be worked out with a House version approved May 1. A bill for the 1992 fiscal year also is working its way through Con-

While authorizing intelligence activities, the bill also seeks to write into the law a series of changes that grew out of the 1986 Iran-Contra affair, in which a handful of Reagan administra-tion officials pursued covert operations in Iran and Nicaragua without notifying Congress. The administration argued it was not required to in the circumstances.

Last year's vetoed measure redefined covert action to include "requests" by the United States to third parties to carry out secret operations on its behalf. Bush said that might impair U.S. officials who wanted to informally inquire about the feasibility of proposed covert actions.

The new version also broa-

Bork challenges anti-racketeering law, contends federal law unconstitutional

CHICAGO (AP) — Former U.S. Supreme Court nominee Robert Bork will challenge the constitutionality of a federal anti-racketeering law used to go after mobsters, drug dealers and white-collar criminals, he said Wednesday.

Bork will serve as co-counsel on a friend-of-the-court brief for the Chicago Board of Trade arguing that the Racketeer Influenced Corrupt Organization Act is unconstitutional, BOT spokesman Da-

Eight soybean traders were convicted of rackean FBI unIt was enacted by Congress in 1970 to fight or-ganized crime but has been interpreted more roadly to go after white-collar criminals.

Bork, whose 1987 nomination to the Supreme Court was defeated by the Senate after a storm of criticism about his sensitivity to civil rights, said the RICO law is too vague and has been applied too broadly.

"It seems to me that it denied defendants due process of law," Bork said from his Washington, D.C., home. "It's hard to know when you're likely to fall into its trap. Ordinary businessmen . are suddenly finding themselves in courtrooms being called racketeers. The commodities convictions might be thrown out if the appeals court finds the statute is uncon-stitutional, Bork said. He also said it would be likely to affect other RICO convictions.

Noriega still protecting smugglers, report says

MIAMI (AP) — Manuel No- glers complete with the cocaine riega aided Bolivian drug smug- "which was still hidden inside glers and provided phony pass- the fuel tanks," the government ports and even a Ferrari to said. Colombia's Medellin cartel, The accusations were made in according to prosecution docu- a prosecution document aimed ments released Wednesday. Noriega, accused of protecting teering case against the deposed four cocaine shipments for the Panamanian leader, whose trial

four cocaine shipments for the Panamanian leader, whose trial cartel, helped ship 10 to 15 addi- is scheduled to begin Sept. 3. tional loads, each several hun- The new accusations can be used dred pounds, the government only as supporting evidence at the trial, and then, only if apsaid He once accepted bribes to re- proved by the judge. lease a drug ship that was inter- The U.S. attorney's spokeswo-cepted by the U.S. Coast Guard man, Diane Cossin, refused to in the late 1970s and turned over comment about whether the evito the Panamanian government, dence would be used to file a prosecutors said. new indictment against Noriega. The ship, the M.V. Don Emi- She said only that no such lio, was given back to the smug- charges have been filed.

over. The panel voted unanimously in closed session for the fiscal 1991 intelli-

Chairman Da

sign it.

of the intelligence gence bill, and bill last year.

A version of the measure was vetoed last year by Bush, who said it would restrict other coun-

Because of the veto, the Central Intelligence Agency has been dens the definition of covert ac-

Soviet allies.

for more inform "K

at Sneakers. a they've seen under occupation,"

2 Rudder Towe newspaper.

NTED.

Abdulla read the sentences.

rial." teering conspiracy charges following an FBI un-dercover investigation at the world's largest fu-"Kuwaitis are demanding tures exchanges. The convictions have been

harsher judgements due to what they've seen under occupation," of Kuwait by Iraq, said Jasim Muttawa, editor of Al-Watan traders," Prosperi said.

The RICO statute forbids conducting the affairs There were no outbursts in the courtroom when Judge Jawad of an enterprise through a pattern of racketeering activity.

'If it were uncontitutional because it were incurably vague, that would have effects in all cases,

