State/Local

Two A&M offices help students choose majors, careers

By Denise Thompson

students who can't decide on a major or decide what to do with the one they have, Texas A&M offices may help them find an-

riss Boyd, director of general studies, said partment handles three categories of stus. Freshman make up the largest group.

One-sixth of all incoming freshman go into ral studies," she said. "These are people have no idea what they want to do. There 85 departments here, and maybe they've been exposed to 10 or 12 in high school. don't want to commit to something they're ure about, so they come in as a general stud-

Then we work with them in terms of what es they can register for that will count toany major. At the same time, we talk to about a course they might take to try out a in major.

general studies department also helps stuwho have some idea of what they want to tare not ready to commit themselves to one

hese are the students who say, 'Well, I may to be a management major, but I may want psychology," she said. "What we do is ourses that will give them a feel for both and still keep them on track

ough selecting general classes is possible majors, Boyd said, some major courses of require making a commitment more ythan in other fields.

here are always majors where there aren't mmon classes a student can take without in that major," she said. "For instance, in mental design, you have six hours of declasses each semester. If you don't take now, you're going to be behind later, and they're fairly tough classes to take during a summer semester. In this case, we may encourage a student to make a decison by the end of their second semester just to keep them on track.'

Students who have experimented in a certain major and are not satisfied with their choice make up the third group of students who go to general studies for advisement.

Sometimes a student has tried one or two semesters in a major and decides it's not for them, she said. "In this case, they may want to hold off a semester before they jump right back into the

Although general studies students are not required to declare a major until the second semester of their sophomore year, Boyd said finding classes applicable to all majors becomes more difficult after the second semester of the fresh-

"It gets tough after the second semester to take courses that you know are going to count," she said. "By the fourth semester, it gets really tough. By then, the student is just going to have to take some risks on classes that will count if he chooses a certain major and that won't count toward any other major.

Perry Liston, a junior business administration major, did not declare his major until the end of his sophomore year.

"I chose business more or less because I had to choose something, and this major offers a variety of different fields," he said. "I talked to counselors, and they didn't pressure me, they just worked with me. We talked about what I wanted to do with the rest of my life, and she told me what I needed to do in school to accomplish those goals.

"I still want to go into broadcasting, so I don't really know if I'll stay in business . . . just don't

For students who remain indecisive after working with the general studies office, testing is available to help them choose a major or ca-

"I've had seniors come in here and say, 'I'm not really sure what I want to do,' and all I can say to that is 'Didn't you wait a little late?' "

Roberta Whinant

"A lot of times we ask students who are having a difficult time making a decision if they've had any interest or vocational testing done re-cently," she said. "If they haven't, we encourage them to go over to the Student Counseling Service and get testing done because it's a part of your student services you've already paid for, and it's foolish not to use it."

Roberta Whisnant, a psychometrist with A&M Student Counseling Service, said that three tests are available to help students having trouble choosing a major or career.

Strong Campbell Interest Inventory is a computer test that identifies a person's interests. After taking the actual test, which lasts about 45 minutes, the student participates in a group interpretation to discuss the results.

"Strong Campbell is directed more to students who aren't sure what they want to do or what major they should choose - for students whose decisions are still up in the air," Whisnant said.

For students who have a general idea about

what they want to do, Student Interactive Guidance and Information, or SIGI, is recommended. SIGI is a computer test that evaluates students according to interests, skills and values.

"I suggest students take SIGI because you get a lot of in-depth information," she said. "But I recommend it more for students who have a general idea of what field they want to go into because it asks a lot of questions.

Requiring about four hours to complete, SIGI gives lists and descriptions of occupations and describes the training needed for each one. Also included is information about salaries and the regions of the country in which the occupation is most needed.

"All of this information is important because it helps students weigh the pros and cons between different alternatives," Whisnant said.

Jodie Ernst, a sophomore education major started her freshman year in general studies. After taking the SIGI test, Ernst learned that she was suited for either an education or business

"I couldn't decide between the two of them, so I stayed in general studies," she said. "Last semester I took two business classes, and I did fine in them. But I took two education classes this semester, and I really enjoyed them. Also, I've always loved working with kids, so that had a little to do with it.

For students short of time, Self Directed Search is a paper version of the Strong Campbell test that students can complete at home

After completing any of the tests, students can discuss the results in a confidential conference with an academic counselor. Appointments are on a first-come, first-served basis Monday through Thursday from 1-4 p.m.

Suzanne Lee, a sophomore community health major, was a general studies major for two semesters. Counselors from both Student Counseling Service and the general studies department helped her make a final decision on a major.

The counselors talked to me and helped me make a decision based on my interests," she said. "One of the things that played a big role was that I've always wanted to be a nurse, and they helped me go from there.'

Whisnant suggested that students who are undecided about majors should take one of the tests before the end of their sophomore year.

"I would say you shouldn't wait any longer than your sophomore year," she said. "I've had seniors come in here and say, 'I'm not really sure what I want to do,' and all I can say to that is 'Didn't you wait a little late?'

After completing testing and counseling, students can return to the general studies office to decide where to go from there.

Boyd said, "The student can come back to the general studies office after testing and tell us what occupational groups showed up strong and which ones showed up weak on the tests. Then we'll go from there and decide which majors lend themselves toward those areas.

"Sometimes a student isn't even aware a program exists. I'll look at their interests and ask them if they know about a certain program dealing in that area, and they didn't even know that it

Regardless of whether a student is having problems choosing a major or deciding what ca reer to pursue, Boyd said, the counselors usually can provide help.

We are here for students who have no idea what they want to do, and we're here for students who need a little push in the right direction," she said. "Whatever the case, we'll help anyone who needs it because these are the decisions that will affect the rest of their lives.

Mudslinging continues in race for White House

Associated Press

orge Bush, signaling he won't sit lead in the campaign's final returned to the attack Monday aid Michael Dukakis should stop g down defenses. Dukakis charged vith ignoring the nation's loss of

ng the notion that he is slipping sly behind, the Democratic presiominee began a campaign swing industrial states crucial to his

said his Republican rival has sat on ands while America's industrial and has been fighting for its life. kakis' running mate, Lloyd Bent-

nunched an attack on Bush in the as the only one of the four candiwho has voted for national gun

referred to a 1968 vote while Bush

h three weeks left in the presi-race, aides to Dukakis said he eek to sharpen the differences behimself and the vice president,

larly on economic issues. as he arrived in Ohio, a big state al to his chances, a new statewide by the Akron Beacon Journal by the Akron Beacon could bush holding a double-digit

sh, buoyant but cautioning against infidence, toured a Denver-area e plant where "Star Wars" re-

He used the setting to say Dukakis has a total lack of understanding of our military and is trying desperately to jump into the mainstream by acknowledging a need to modernize land-based nuclear

"But there is strong reason to doubt that he would do it," Bush said. "He still opposes the MX and he thinks the Midgetman costs too much. So he says he's going to work with Congress to find

"Wake up governor, we've done all that," Bush said.

He defended the Reagan administration's record on conventional forces against Dukakis' past charges that such forces have been slighted in the push for new, big-ticket strategic weapons systems. Bush dismissed that as misinfor-

"Governor, it's time to stop running down our defenses," he said.

He also ridiculed Dukakis for supporting some research into Star Wars while dismissing the proposed space-based missile-defense system as a fantasy.

Dukakis and his campaign staff were embracing the idea of running as the underdog. To underscore his resolve, Du-kakis said "My spirits are good" and took trumpet in hand to play "Happy Days Are Here Again," a Democratic

Dukakis declared he was fighting for

the values he believed in and, in a touch reverse the trade deficit. of populism, told workers at a copper and brass plant, "I want to be the president who stands up and fights for you.'

He pointed to recent trade figures showing imports to the United States were at an all-time high in August and said Bush has not given the American people a clue as to what he would do to tler nation.

'George Bush sat on the sidelines for eight years while America got beaten in world markets, . . . while a piece of America was being sold off every day at bargain-basement prices," he said.

He also disputed Bush's standard speech line that he wants a kinder, gen-

"His record tells rural America, the ads playing in the South that hit Dukakis fewer family farmers the better," Dukakis said. "His record tells middle class families, the glory days are over. Your kids may not do as well as you.'

Bentsen, trying to save some of the South for the Democrats, said Dukakis was not planning cuts in defense spending and defended him against television

as an advocate of gun control.

"I saw those ads about Mike Dukakis going to take the guns away from you," the Texas senator said in Texarkana. "I sure wouldn't be running with any fellow if I thought he was going to take my shotgun away from me.

Professor: Ocean may protect earth

By Teresa Carter

A Texas A&M professor believes nitrogen found in the ocean may hold the key to protecting the earth against the

greenhouse effect.
Dr. Gilbert T. Rowe, oceanography department head, said that the greenhouse effect started with the Industrial Revolution and is a result of the increase in atmospheric carbon dioxide causing a gradual warming trend. This occurs because the rise of gas prevents the release

Rowe hopes to find the solution to the greenhouse effect in the ocean's nitro-

"The ocean, with some form of nitrogen (nitrate), could accelerate the process in which small plants utilize light and

carbon dioxide," Rowe said. "In other ocean. words, nitrate allows plants to increase the amount of carbon dioxide it uses. The problem is we haven't determined if the ocean, as carbon dioxide continues to increase its concentration in the atmo-

sphere, will act as a buffer.' Scientists are predicting a gradual rise in the average temperature of the earth because of the the greenhouse effect.

The A&M Ecosystems Research Group is planning its first expedition to the Gulf of Mexico in the spring to investigate the effects of nitrate in carbon dioxide consumption.

'The Mississippi River drains the bread basket of America into the Gulf,' Rowe said. "Large amounts of nitrate are found in sewage or fertilizer. It drains off farm lands into rivers and enters the "We've got this natural experiment

going on in the river. South of New Orleans, there are tremendous concentrations of nitrate.' "The ERG will take the Gyre (the exploration vessel) to specific points and

study the nitrate uptake in the phytoplankton productivity," Rowe said. From a global point of view, there is

little understanding of the role of nitrate and how it ties in to the greenhouse effect, he said. "The results of the study should en-

lighten scientists on how the nitrate is recycled in the ocean," he said.

Rowe said the greenhouse effect could

have a major impact on Texas. "The increase in temperature will cause glaciers to melt," he said. "Lowpus Christi will be under water. The rest of Texas also will suffer if av-

erage temperatures rise, Rowe said. "If you look at the eastern half of

Texas, it is rich and green in terms of farming," he said. "The west half is dry and barren. The line between the two sides will move east, wiping out some

Rowe said scientists are predicting that the greenhouse effect will not take effect for about 150 years

"A lot of people think it's coming soon because of the hot temperatures last summer," he said. "The fact is, the temperatures have varied. We need about 20 years of data showing a gradual increase in temperature before we can assume anything.

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