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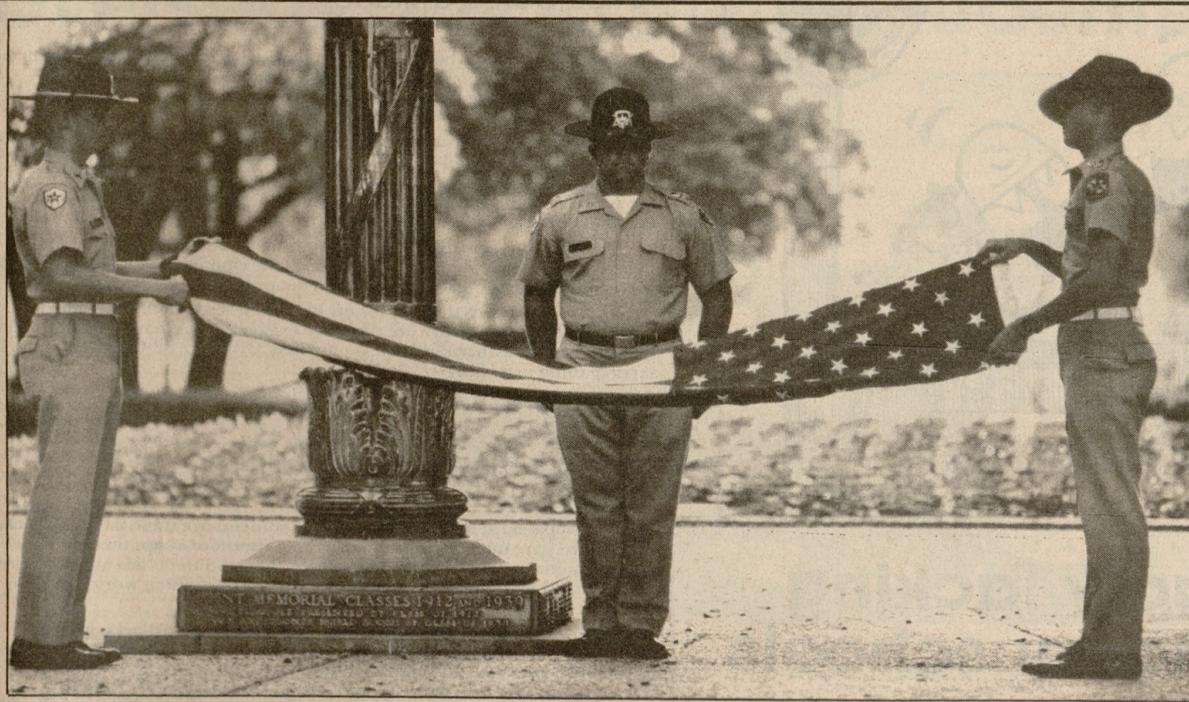


Photo by Robert W. Rizzo

Fold Glory

Members of the Corps of Cadets lower the flag in front of the Academic Building at the end of the day.

Labor adviser quits Cabinet to help Dole

WASHINGTON (AP) — Labor Secretary William E. Brock will announce today he is resigning from President Reagan's Cabinet to head Sen. Robert Dole's Republican presidential campaign, Dole's campaign staff said Wednesday.

"We do not know the effective date," said Tim Archer, a spokesman for Dole's campaign. "But we are looking forward to have him start in time for the senator's announcement on Nov. 9."

Archer said Brock would specify the timetable at news conferences at the Labor Department at 10:30 a.m. and in Dole's office in the Capitol at noon formally announcing his resignation and his appointment to chair Dole's campaign.

Dole, of Kansas, the Senate minority leader, has been actively campaigning for the presidency and is expected to formally declare his candidacy Nov. 9.

Brock would be the second Reagan Cabinet member to resign and work on behalf of Dole. Former Transportation Secretary Elizabeth Dole, the senator's wife, recently quit to work full time on his campaign.

Brock, a former congressman and senator from Tennessee, was chairman of the Republican National Committee in 1977-81. He would bring a reputation as an organizer to Dole's campaign. Dole has been running behind Vice President George Bush in most polls thus far.

Dole, Bush and Rep. Jack Kemp, R-N.Y., approached Brock in recent weeks about working for them, according to close associates of Brock.

Officials in Dole's campaign said Robert Ellsworth, a longtime friend of Dole who has been running the campaign, would remain as a senior adviser.

A Labor Department source said Brock's resignation will not be effective immediately, but will probably take place in a couple of weeks.

As Reagan's U.S. trade representative from 1981 to 1985, Brock headed off protectionist measures wanted by labor unions to restrict imports. But he also yielded to pressures from some industries to slow the flow of some products into the United States.

Iranian gunners hit tanker; Iraqi jets attack ship

MANAMA, Bahrain (AP) — An Iranian gunboat fired on a tanker Wednesday, shipping sources reported, and Iraq said its warplanes raided a ship near Iran's main oil-export terminal in the northern Persian Gulf.

It was the second Iranian attack on a tanker in two days. Iraq's report, if confirmed, would mark the 10th Iraqi raid on ships carrying Iranian oil in a little more than a week.

An Iraqi communique said warplanes raided a "large naval target," the customary term for a tanker, after dark east of the Kharg Island oil terminal and scored "an

effective and accurate hit."

In Baghdad, hundreds of thousands of Iraqis marched in a 10-mile-long funeral procession for victims of an Iranian missile attack Tuesday. The long-range rocket exploded at a school, killing at least 32 people, according to official reports.

The United States reaffirmed that its warships will protect only American-registered ships in the gulf, where Iran and Iraq have been at war since September 1980.

Neutral Oman said it would serve as intermediary for the repatriation of four wounded Iraqis rescued after an American helicopter attack on Iranian boats last

week. It played the same role last month after U.S. forces sank an Iranian vessel caught laying mines.

The 84,631-ton Liberian-flag tanker Atlantic Peace was reported attacked off the southern gulf port of Dubai about 1,000 yards from where the Saudi Arabian products carrier Petroship B was hit Tuesday.

Salvage executives, speaking on condition of anonymity, said the attacker in both cases appeared to have been an Iranian "warship" seen in the area.

They said the Iranian vessel used only machine guns against the tankers, but Lloyd's Shipping Intelligence Unit in Lon-

don said 4.5-inch and 35mm shells hit the Atlantic Peace.

Shipping officials quoted the Atlantic Peace's captain as saying damage was minor. The owner, Island Navigation Corp. of Hong Kong, reported no casualties among the crew of about 24 South Koreans.

Iran does not acknowledge attacking commercial ships, but its armed speedboats and larger craft regularly retaliate for Iraqi air raids on tankers carrying Iranian oil.

Most Iranian attacks are on tankers owned by or serving Kuwait and Saudi Arabia, which Iran accuses of supporting Iraq in the war. The United States has given 11

Kuwaiti tankers American flags and registration so U.S. Navy ships can protect them.

Hospital officials in Baghdad said many of the 218 people reported wounded in the missile explosion had died, but gave no figures.

Nearly all the dead and wounded were said to be children.

Crowds lining the funeral route chanted "Revenge! Revenge!" and officials promised retaliation.

"The blood of our martyred children will not be wasted," Saadi Mahdi Saleh, a leader of the ruling Baath Socialist Party, said in a graveside eulogy.

House holds bill to tell workers of job health risks

WASHINGTON (AP) — The House on Wednesday moved toward setting up a new program requiring the government to individually notify between 100,000 and 300,000 workers annually that they face a high risk of cancer and other diseases from job exposure to hazardous substances.

Final action on the bill was postponed until Thursday after Democrats beat back an effort by Republi-

cans to replace it with a weaker substitute.

The substitute bill would have required a two-year study first while giving the Occupational Safety and Health Administration more money to enforce new hazard-labeling requirements placed on employers in the past 15 months.

Despite the threat of a presidential veto, labor unions and health groups said legislation is necessary to

address the nearly 100,000 deaths and some 350,000 disabling illnesses blamed on occupational hazards each year.

While the notices themselves cannot be used as evidence in civil suits, opponents led by the U.S. Chamber of Commerce and the National Association of Manufacturers claim the process will trigger billions of dollars in liability suits against employers by their workers and former workers.

The substitute measure offered by Reps. James Jeffords, R-Vt., and Paul Henry, R-Mich., was defeated 234-191, with Democrats voting 217-33 against and Republicans voting 158-17 in favor of it.

Having lost the key test vote, Republicans began offering amendments in an effort to weaken some of the provisions of the bill by Democratic Rep. Joseph Gaydos of Penn-

sylvania, chairman of the House Education and Labor Committee's health and safety subcommittee.

Gaydos' bill would create a new board in the Department of Health and Human Services to determine what workers are most at risk. Once identified, the National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health would then be required to notify them of the risks.

Employers would then be required to provide periodic medical examinations of the workers, paying the costs for those currently on their payrolls but free to pass them along to former employees.

NIOSH officials estimate nearly one-fourth of Americans have been exposed to carcinogens and other hazardous substances on the job and most of them are unaware of it.

Reagan promises to continue fighting for Bork's Supreme Court nomination President calls battle 'ugly spectacle' of pressure politics

WASHINGTON (AP) — President Reagan on Wednesday decried the battle over Robert H. Bork's Supreme Court nomination as an "ugly spectacle" of high-pressure politics and promised to keep fighting in the face of all but certain defeat for Bork.

"I am determined to fight right down to the last ballot on the Senate floor," Reagan said in a brief Oval Office address.

The speech was made available to the television networks, but only the Cable News Network carried it live, followed by a response in which Democratic Sen. Terry Sanford of North Carolina lashed back.

Sanford said, adding that "it is time for that corrosive dialogue to stop."

In the Senate, meanwhile, Democratic and Republican leaders continued arguing over the timing for a vote, with Democrats insisting on quick action and the GOP demanding enough time to make a case for the conservative judge.

Fifty-four senators are on record against Bork, all but ensuring he will lose when the vote is taken in the 100-member body.

Reagan, however, said that although the public may have heard that the battle over Bork is over, he also had another cause in mind.

"I'm doing this because what's now at stake in this battle must never

in our land of freedom become a lost cause, and whether lost or not, we Americans must never give up this particular battle; the independence of our judiciary," Reagan said.

Holding to the tough tone he has used in most recent comments on the issue, Reagan said that when he announced Bork's nomination on July 1, he thought the confirmation process would go forward "with a calm and sensible exchange of views."

"I'm doing this because what's now at stake in this battle must never in our land of freedom become a lost cause, and whether lost or not, we Americans must never give up this particular battle: the independence of our judiciary."

— President Ronald Reagan

"Unfortunately, the confirmation process became an ugly spectacle marred by distortions and innuendoes and casting aside the normal rules of decency and honesty," Reagan said.

Appealing for public support, Reagan listed past issues of controversy and said, "When the chips were down, you and I worked together."

"My agenda is your agenda, and it's quite simple: to appoint judges

like Judge Bork, who don't confuse the criminals with the victims."

He said he sought "judges who don't invent new or fanciful constitutional rights for those criminals, judges who believe the courts should interpret the law, not make it, judges, in short, who understand the principle of judicial restraint."

"That is the standard to judge those who seek to serve on the courts: qualifications not distortions,

judicial temperament, not campaign disinformation."

Reagan said the upcoming Senate debate "is to allow sides to be heard."

"Honorable men and women should not be afraid to change their minds based on that debate," Reagan said.

The president charged that the "tactics and techniques of national political campaigns" had been used against Bork, calling this a "disturbing... dangerous" development.

Sanford, in his response on behalf

of Senate Democrats, took strong exception, saying Reagan's confrontational approach "is not becoming to the constitutional process in which we are engaged."

He said one mark of a great leader is not only being gracious in victory but gracious in defeat.

Sanford said now that "Judge Bork's nomination appears doomed, we hear cries of 'lynch mobs' and 'distortions.'"

"But it was not for political reasons that the nomination of Judge Bork was rejected," Sanford said. "It's time for that corrosive dialogue to stop and time for profound respect for the constitutional process to begin."

He said senators, including some Republicans, have decided to oppose Bork after making careful evaluations of his qualifications.

"To suggest that they have been swayed by anything but conscientious intellect is slanderous," Sanford said.

The decisions of officials at ABC, CBS and NBC against interrupting afternoon programs to carry Reagan's remarks were criticized by White House spokesman Marlin Fitzwater.

"Having devoted hours of broadcast time to the Senate hearing, they have suddenly gone blind to the president's address," Fitzwater said. "That view of their public responsibility is sadly inadequate."

A&M legal advisers offer affordable help to troubled students

By Lisa Rosner
Reporter

Students with legal questions can find affordable answers from Texas A&M University's Students' Legal Department.

The student legal advisers help students with legal problems concerning contracts, consumer protection, domestic relations, traffic tickets, landlord-tenant conflicts, auto accidents and insurance policies, Alex Walter, one of two licensed staff attorneys, said.

"We will advise on virtually any topic," Walter said.

However, there are some restrictions on what the office handles, he said. The attorneys cannot advise or represent one student against another, nor can they advise or represent a student versus a part of the University, he said.

Walter said the most frequent matter the office deals with is landlord-tenant conflicts. He estimated that about 25 percent of complaints are this type.

The second most frequent complaints are consumer protection problems, he added. He said these generally involve rip-offs by businesses.

The procedure the office uses varies according to individual situations, Walter said. In many

cases a question can be answered over the phone, he said.

In addition to legal advice, the office also has documents such as appearance bonds, bankruptcy claim forms, defensive driving affidavits, income tax forms, resident complaint forms and repair notices that students can pick up without seeing one of the attorneys, Walter said.

The office is funded by student service fees, and as long as a student has paid his fees, he said the service is free.

However, if the attorneys litigate a case in court, the student is responsible for court fees, he said.

In a small-claims court case in which a student faces a Brazos County defendant, the cost to the student would be about \$52, he said.

But if the student wins the case, he will get the money back, the attorney said.

Students who need legal advice can call for an appointment, or if the matter is an emergency, they can stop by the office in 359 Bizzell West.

The office books appointments for the next week on Thursdays.

Mariann Siegert, one of the office's secretaries, said the office is usually booked full within 2½ hours, so it is best to call early.