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don't First AIDS hospital in U.S.T. read prepares to close door tending

HOUSTON (AP) — Rather than celebrate its first anniversary looking to new developments, the nation's first AIDS hospital will be working to salvage research and treatment programs as it prepares to close

"We have done everything we can think of," said Dr. Peter Mansell, medical director of the Institute for Immunological Disorders. "I don't know where to go

The hospital opened Sept. 2, 1986. Mounting financial losses caused the hospital to lay off staff in March and stop accepting indigent patients. On Aug. 6, the hospital announced it would close within a year.

The hospital is owned by the for-profit firm of American Medical International and is staffed by the University of Texas M.D. Anderson Hospital and Tu-

As operations at the facility wind down, Mansell said he and other administrators are trying to save a \$5.8 million contract from National Institutes of Health designating the institute as one of 19 facilities around the country for testing experimental treatments

If the contract is not renewed in June, AIDS patients in Houston would be hundreds of miles from facilities

offering the latest treatments for the as-yet in disease. Houston has the fourth-largest number of the second seco

AIDS cases in the nation. Patients who have signed up to take partinemental drug tests in Houston may have to mother cities if the contract is lost, Dr. Gary Bree

the institute said. "People on the protocols might have the optransfer to Tulane (in New Orleans) or Miama Diego," he said. "That is the distance they would to go to get into an ATEU protocol."

ATEU stands for AIDS Treatment Evaluating

the name given centers where experimental trea

Mansell said the financial decline of the instin

due to several factors, among them poor coo from private physicians and lack of an effective

ing campaign.

"For all the things AMI didn't do, it did door Mansell said. "No one else in the country open hospital like this. Its motives might have been odd and its methods not ideal, but it opened

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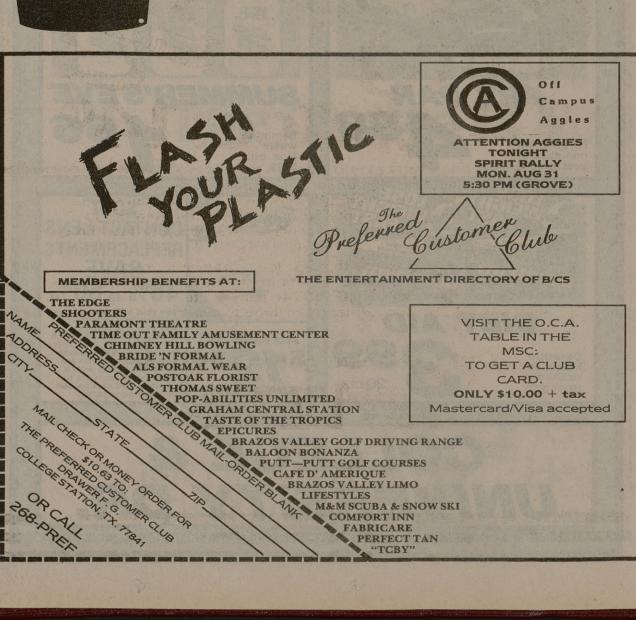
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Earthquake simulator tests may tighten building code dand

SAN ANTONIO (AP) — An earthquake simulator that evolved through research for NASA's space program may convince officials in earthquake-prone areas like Mexico City to strengthen building code regulations, researchers say.

Mexico City is still trying to reb-

uild from two devastating earth-quakes in September 1985 that crumpled hundreds of buildings and killed thousands of people. There were reports that some of

the fallen structures were poorly designed and did not meet construction codes.

'Masonry by itself is a very poor earthquake-resistant design and most times in earthquakes all over the world, where you hear about damage being incurred, it's usually in strict masonry construction," said Dr. Dan Kana, a Southwest Research

Institute engineer.

He said steel is needed to bolster the construction, and reports from Mexico City showed many buildings there did not use steel.

With the help of \$200,000 from the National Science Foundation, researchers, including professors and students from the University of Texas at San Antonio, are trying to simulate an earthquake in the Hous-Such an occurrence is highly un-

likely, Kana noted.

earthquakes began about 15 years ago when NASA wanted to know the effects of earthquakes on liquid congeometrically and dynamical

Kana said liquid fuel accounts for a large percentage of the total weight of a space vehicle at liftoff

"What we would like to be able to do is take scale models of such foundations and study them under simulated earthquake conditions in the laboratory and predict what those foundations will

- Dr. Dan Kana, a Southwest Research Institute engineer

and the fuel sloshes around, disturb-

The institute simulated those effects and as well as tremors on scale models of other liquid-storage facilities, including petrochemical and nuclear plants, Kana said.

The current earthquake simulator Buch an occurrence is highly un-ely, Kana noted.

Such an occurrence is highly un-cas of 50-foot vertical steel piles planted in a box of soil to determine

portional to test the motion

soil surface. "That's the problem of from full-scale to subscale," said. "You just don't make it looks just like the full-scale, b it's the dynamic properts you're interested in."

The box of soil implanted in tubes is placed on an earth simulator, which shakes the bu measures the vertical and hou effects on the tubes.

The results of the expensional be available later the

Kana said.

"What we would like to be do is take scale models of suit dations and study them under lated earthquaké condi laboratory and predict was foundations will do," Kan "Obviously you cannot simile earthquake in full scale.

would be recommendation building codes that would new followed in such earthquake

'Those codes, of course, in Mexico City, but were a equate and not followed a cases and that's when the many cases are the many cases are the many cases.

Officials in Mexico plan to draw tourists with newest ocean resor

Mexico (AP) — Cows and donkeys still graze by the runways that will open to commercial flights late this year for the start of what the government hopes will be Mexico's next successful ocean resort.

Planners for the Bays of Huatulco hope to avoid the mistakes that have marked such successful ventures as Cancun on the tip of the Yucatan peninsula and Ixtapa on the Pacific north of Acapulco.
"This is this administration's most

important tourism project," Manuel Alonso, spokesman for President Miguel de la Madrid, said during a weekend tour of the project on the southern state of Oaxaca's Pacific coast. "One billion pesos (about \$670,000 at current exchange rates) have been invested already.

De la Madrid, whose six-year term ends in late 1988, toured the area and dedicated everything from waste treatment facilities to the first hotel open for business to taxi concessions on Saturday.

Unlike Cancun and Ixtapa, where four- and five-star hotels generally priced out of reach of Mexican vacationers were built in homogeneous open this winter.

SANTA MARIA HUATULCO, strips, the Bays of Huatulco will have The view from the plant of the plan a mix of moderate and expensive hotels stretched out over nine bays.

Officials also were careful to point out that plans are for the resort to serve as a new market to spur agricultural development in impov-erished Oaxaca. Cancun, by contrast, largely is supplied by wholesale markets from as far away as Mexico De la Madrid in a speech at La

Crucecita, the first town rapidly springing up for workers from the resort, said, "We do not want an enclave of progress and of boom surrounded by misery." Projections are that 146,000 tour-

ists will visit Huatulco, almost all of them Mexicans, next year. The figure will rise to 680,000 by the year 2000, about two-thirds of them Mexican and one-third foreigners.

De la Madrid dedicated the small Hotel Posada Binniguenda, the first open for business. It is not located on the beach itself.

The Club Med with 500 rooms and the Hotel Sheraton with 368 rooms, both five-star hotels and directly on the beach, are scheduled to

nine bays' area is spectacular-less lines of deserted beach Some of the campesinos and land in the areas objected to

ment expropriation and de-opment plans.

De la Madrid said Saturd only nine expropriation or main to be settled out of mo 1,000 and that 55 of 265 reb

still are pending.

"The government offers justice for those pending the government also desired. those pending cases it be known the interest of the majority more highly than the interest minority," he said.

Tourism Secretary Anton quez Savignac said on Augithe target of 5 million fore tors for 1987 to Mexico will passed and that tourism brought in \$1.95 billion archeros by the and of the

exchange by the end of the Tourism vies with the dora," or twin-plant, assemble try as the No. 2 source of fore change for Mexico after petro

Grayson County college student builds clocks for tuition, pleasure

PRESTON BEND (AP) - To find the future, Lewis Lafas reached

Lafas, 34, plans to study electrical engineering at Grayson County College this fall. In order to help pay his way through school, he is building and selling clocks that are made entirely of wood.

The art of building all-wood clocks wound down about a century ago with the development of brass gears, he said.

Reinventing the all-wood clock meant two years of hair-pulling problems interspersed with jump-

up-and-down joy. Problems ranged from developing a design for an all-wood clock to finding a way to turn 3/4-inch thick chunks of maple into precise, longlasting gears.

Lefas works as a freelance plumber-electrician-repairman, and investing \$2,000 in tools and material for the project took a large chunk out of his family's finances.

Plus, he commandeered one of their mobile home's two bedrooms for a workshop, squeezing wife Ann, daughter Amy, 3, and son Phillip, 8 months, into less space.

Lefas' timepiece is about the size of a traditional grandfather clock, but without a case. The inner works are open to view.

"In most clocks, you can see the hands move and that's it," he says."But here, this clock actually shows you how time is measured; the interaction of the timekeeping ma-

A 20-pound weight prom pull that swings a wooden p connected to a wooden escape anism that regulates wooden that turn wooden hands that wooden numbers.

"These clocks aren't new for people," he says. "They

"It's a functional artwork" to see one of my clocks in a "" someday.

For now, Lefas hopes the clocks will help pay his ways sociate's degree from GCC.

He would like to eventually and build biomedical devices.

But he says he will alwa

time for clock building.
"I'll be doing this until

man," he says.