ok A&M-Israel research sparks agricultural improvements

By James Florez Reporter

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The Binational Agricultural Reearch and Development Fund has ed to many breakthroughs in the field of agriculture engineering, a Texas A&M researcher said

Wednesday.

BARD is a joint research effort between the United States and Israel, It provides about \$25.1 million in funds for American agricultural

esearch.
Dr. Edward A. Hiler, head of the

"There are great similarities be-tween the agriculture of Israel and Texas," Hiler said. "I know there are great benefits to be derived from close cooperation and research.

Official: A&M receives more from BARD fund han most universities

By Becky Weisenfels Reporter

Texas A&M receives more money rough the Binational Agricultural search and Development Fund an almost any other American unirsity, Dr. Fowden G. Maxwell, deartment head of entomology, said Wednesday at the Joint Israeli-lexas Agricultural Research Sym-

A&M receives 8 percent of a \$25.1 illion budget, second to the Uni-ersity of California, which receives 5 percent. Maxwell said the perntages have not changed much er the last three or four years.

Maxwell received his master's deon both worked briefly in the Secretary of Agriculture's office before coming A&M. He has been involved in the

BARD program nine years. Israel has two panels governing BARD: a commodity advisory board hat establishes goals and a peer-re-iew panel responsible for approv-ig future programs, Maxwell said. The United States is more complex ause it has federal and state lev-

"We have a much more bearable stem," Maxwell said. "We tend to ress scientific merit."

sponsored by the Department of Plant Pathology and Microbiology, the Institute of International Education and the Israel Club. It attracted about 50 people.

'The Department of Agricultural Department of Agricultural Engineering, was one of five speakers at a agricultural symposium highlighting joint Texan-Israeli research we intend to do a lot more in the fu-

> In the United States, the peer-review board is the main guide in choosing programs to support, he

Either country can initiate research with two requirements. The research must be cooperative and of mutual benefit to both countries,

A technical-advisory committee recommends a program to be awarded money; the proposal is re-viewed by the BARD Board of Di-rectors, he said.

When BARD began, the United States endowed \$40 million to the program, and Israel matched it, establishing an \$80 million fund. The basic amount was increased two years ago, Maxwell said.

BARD covers 11 areas: field crops, horticulture and forestry, plant protection, soil and water, harvest and food science, animal production and protection, agricultural engineering, agricultural economics, general, and agriculture.

The program began because of similar problems and conditions between Texas and Israel. Many of the solutions to Israel's problems have been modified for the United States.

The symposium, "Joint Texas-Is- In his address, Hiler told the raeli Agricultural Research," was group about several major brea group about several major breakthroughs resulting from past joint research efforts.

> Hiler said recent research done at A&M in conjunction with BARD led to the development of a modular system of handling and storing cotton, which strips cotton from the stalk and compresses it into huge

The system, used throughout the United States and Israel, has greatly reduced the amount of labor and time needed to get the cotton from

the field, he said.

Another breakthrough has been in the processing of cotton. A new selective, ginning process will greatly improve the quality of the cotton processed by the gin, he said. Although the system is not yet com-mercially available, he said labo-ratory tests have consistently produced uniformly long and strong cotton fibers.

Hiler said the percentage of fibers more than one inch in length (a qual-ity standard used in cotton ginning) has risen 20 percent over conventional methods.

Joint research at A&M has led to the development of some promising technologies, Hiler said, including a new automated irrigation system to help farmers conserve more water. While the current center-pivot system of farmers is highly labor-efficient, Hiler said much of the water put out is lost from run-off.

Tests of the new system, conducted on the Texas High Plains, have shown a 25-percent reduction in water use and a savings of more than \$1 million.

Hiler said further joint research between Texas and Israel would help facilitate the development of growing technologies, such as agro-

Part of recent agro-robotics re-search has centered on what Hiler called "computervision." Hiler said processors would use computer-generated images to help select produce

of uniform size and quality.

He said this same technology could be used by the shrimping in-

Processors could use computerguided, high-pressure water jets to dehead shrimp. This process would speed up processing time, greatly reducing the amount of spoilage and

Senate votes to increase jail time or convictions in violent crimes

AUSTIN (AP) — The Senate electric power and heat energy from wednesday refused to debate a one fuel source, most commonly natural gas.

Very weight appropriate to the senate electric power and heat energy from creasing the penalty for a "terroristic threat" from a Class B misdemeanor to a Class A misdemeanor to a class B misdemeanor to a class but quickly approved a measure pro-ding longer jail time for anyone tho threatens others with violence. The Senate, acting on 18 propo-als in a session that lasted just over

• Establish a task force and childare pilot programs for state em-loyees in three larger cities. A pre-lous task force surveyed 1,135 state ployees and found that one in we had considered quitting his job a result of child care problems.

• Authorize state agencies that ractice cogeneration to sell their exess power. The bill also would cre-te the State Cogeneration Council. ogeneration is the production of

LAW

ural gas.

• Extend the Texas Open Meetings Act to certain groups of judges acting in an administrative capacity.

ployees when it comes to complaining about unsafe conditions in the workplace.'

However, he needed 19 votes to debate the bill.

"I have amended the bill to make it a true whistle-blower bill, and all it does now is protect an employee who reports an unsafe condition that he finds on the job," Parker said.

The Senate approved on voice merits.

creasing the penalty for a "terroristic threat" from a Class B misdemeanor to a Class A misdemeanor, punishable by one year in jail and a \$2,000

fine.

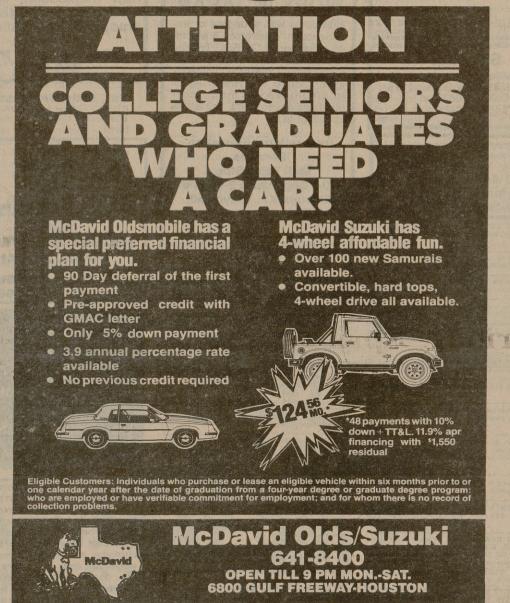
The Senate also approved and sent to the House a bill that would al-In other business, Sen. Carl Param hour, also approved and sent to the House abill that would allow state courts to dismiss "frivolous to "do away with inhibitions of emand malicious" cases, as well as those in which the plaintiff's allegation that he is a pauper turns out to be

> by prison inmates had been filed in 28 different district courts in East Texas this year, and the attorney general has had no choice but to defend each case with motions and special exceptions, regardless of the



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