# The Battalion

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#### Students shot with blow-darts

By Mike Sullivan

Texas A&M students were with blow-dart guns Monday by men riding around the us area in a car, said Bob Wiatt, r of the University Police De-

first student was shot on his at about 7:30 p.m. while wait-the light to change at the cor-Wellborn Road and Westlane, car, believed to be a light-col-

older model Camaro with blue ig, was going north on Well-Road and as it slowed down, a aned out the window and shot dent, Wiatt said.

tt said the student was hit in and with a four-inch, needleart and was taken to the A.P. Health Center to have the

second student, who was on yele waiting for the light to at the corner of Boyett and h streets, was shot in the chest minutes after the first student

ot, Wiatt said. second student, who red danonymity, said he was waitthe corner when a Camaro up and slowed down in front i. He said a man leaned out the wand he heard a pop. The car ook off.

idn't know what happened at out I looked down and there low-dart in my chest," the stu-

unately, he said, the dart had etrate his jacket and shirt behit his skin, and he suffered minor wound.

had hit my throat or eyes, I have been in bad shape," he

student said the men in the ered after they hit him, and e car sped away.

said the second shooting ferred to College Station po-hile the University Police De-ent is handling the first shoot-

said that if the men are t, they could face charges of vated assault with a deadly on, a third degree felony that is a punishment of two to 10

tt said anyone with informa-cout the shootings should ei-ontact the police or call Cri-

pers. aid Crimestoppers will pay a the arrest and conviction of suspects, and that informants equest anonymity.



Ed Allred helps Kevin Martinez put on his "fish spurs." Freshman cadets are required to wear spurs made from coathangers and bottle caps every year during the week before the A&M-SMU football game. The Corps will travel to Dallas for

## Reagan OKs proposals on arms controls

U.S. seeking to expand on summit despite 'lack of effort' from Soviets

WASHINGTON (AP) - President Reagan has approved a package of proposals for sharp reductions in U.S. and Soviet strategic nuclear weapons and the withdrawal of intermediate-range nuclear missiles from Europe, administration officials said Tuesday.

The package puts on the negotiating table in Geneva the key proposals Reagan made to Soviet leader Mikhail S. Gorbachev at their sumitivity leaders and the proposals and the sumitivity of the proposals. mit in Iceland earlier this month. It includes a ban on all U.S. and Soviet ballistic missiles by 1996, said the officials, who were willing to discuss the subject only on the condition they not be named publicly.

So far, Soviet negotiators haven't seriously considered the proposals Reagan discussed with the Soviet Communist Party General Secretary on Oct. 11-12, said Kenneth L. Adelman, director of the U.S. Arms Control and Disarmament Agency.

"It seems they have been under instructions to be unhelpful since the Reykjavik meeting," Adelman said in an interview. "We want to build on Reykjavik. They want to

Adelman said separate talks would be held with the Soviets next week in Geneva on improving the verification of underground nuclear tests. Reagan told Gorbachev that better monitoring procedures could lead to a treaty outlawing all blasts.

A more modest U.S. arms control package was sent to chief U.S. negotiator Max Kampelman last week. Several key items were held back, including the proposed ban on U.S. and Soviet intermediate-range nuclear missiles in Europe clear missiles in Europe.

The U.S. military chiefs wanted to

consider first the impact that a missile ban would have on defending Western Europe from Soviet attack. NATO ground forces are out-manned by Warsaw Pact troops.

The discussion was held at the White House Monday with Reagan

presiding.

The new instructions were transmitted to Kampelman Monday. Reagan's proposal on strategic weapons calls for a 50 percent re-duction in U.S. and Soviet long-

range bombers, intercontinental bal-

listic missiles and submarines within

A ceiling of 1,600 would be imposed on all U.S. and Soviet strategic nuclear delivery vehicles. Intercontinental ballistic missiles and submarine-launched missiles would be held to a total of 600. Strategic bombers would be limited to 350 on each side

The Soviets also have proposed a 50 percent cutback, but their formula and the kind of nuclear weapons to be covered by the reductions differ from the U.S. approach.

Reagan's call for a ban on ballistic

missiles by 1996 carries out the position U.S. officials said he took in talking with Gorbachev. The Soviets contend, however, that Reagan went further and supported a ban on all

strategic nuclear forces.

A U.S. official, who said records of the conversations between Rea-gan and Gorbachev were still incomplete, acknowledged that Reagan

"may have said that at one point."
But he and another U.S. official stressed that the president informed Gorbachev on several occasions during their talks that he sought a ban only on ballistic missiles.

#### A&M group to hold mock '86 election

The Memorial Student Center's Political Forum committee will conduct a mock election on campus Thursday from 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.

Natalie Hopkins, travel and special events coordinator for the committee, said she expects about 3,000 students to participate in this campus preview of the 1986 Texas general election.

She said students will vote on candidates and issues that will be on the actual ballot Nov. 4 and will answer an opinion question on pari-mutuel

betting.

Tables will be set up for voting at the MSC, Rudder Fountain, Sbisa Dining Hall, the Commons and the Blocker Building.

Election results will be posted in the window of the Student Programs Office 5:30 p.m. Thursday.

### thiopia recovering, out crisis not over yet

or's note: Associated Press pondent James R. Peipert, n Nairobi, Kenya, covered the Ethiopia famine. He rereturned to Ethiopia for an on that country's food situa-

ABABA, Ethiopia (AP) ls on the fields around this nds capital, an expected of locusts has not materiand the U.N. emergency office g up shop.

years after the outside world aware of a devastating fam-this East African nation, is gradually rebuilding its cks and supply system.

by most accounts, as many as on of its 42 million people er on the brink of starvation east another decade unless Come ntry gets a huge transfusion term development aid. estimated 1 million people

Ethiopia alone during the Africa famine. Hundreds of ds of other Ethiopians were nly by a massive outpouring am-4pm national aid.

situation today is less alarmmore within the possibility rol than in those nightmare e head of the government's nd Rehabilitation Commiserhanu Jembere, said in an

the Ethiopian official cau-that the crisis of food shortm-3pm t yet over.

prio Monasta of Italy, the epresentative in Addis Ababa NICEF, said Ethiopia will rea situation of emergency for

Michael J. Priestley, who heads the United Nations' Office for Emergency Operations here, pointed out that even in a normal year Ethiopia suffers a shortfall of 400,000 metric tons of grain, and about 2.5 million people go hungry. At the height of the famine about 8 million people needed emergency

Reflecting the diminished crisis, the U.N. emergency office, which opened in November 1984 to help coordinate famine relief, is closing at the end of this year. Priestley noted that staff members of the Addis Ababa office of the U.N. Development Program will still deal with

Even by the U.N. official's measure of normality, Ethiopia has a long way to go.

Berhanu said his Relief and Rehabilitation Commission, the main government agency that coped with the famine, estimated that 6.7 million Ethiopians needed emergency assistance in 1986, assistance that amounted to 1.24 million metric

Projections are impossible now, but if there is adequate rain in 1987,

better crops are likely. "Providing there are no horren-dous pest attacks, Ethiopia will have a good harvest," Priestley said in an interview. "You can say we are

guardedly optimistic."
Plagues of locusts and grasshoppers infested huge swaths of Africa this year in the wake of rains that broke the drought.

The main problem in 1987, Priestley said, will be pockets of fam-ine caused by insufficient rainfall, a

See Ethiopia, page 8

## Governor's race fires up in last week

### White: Clements 'secret plan' would rob education fund

torial candidate Bill Clements' so-called "secret plan" to balance the state budget would require robbing public school and state university trust funds, Gov. Mark White charged Tuesday.

the game this weekend.

Although Clements refused to reveal a detailed plan for solving the state's \$2.8 billion cash crisis, the former governor repeatedly has criticized White for the temporary sales and gasoline tax hikes passed by the Legislature last month.

But White said taking money from the Permanent School Fund and the Permanent University Fund endowments is the only way Clements could have balanced the budget without taxes.

That's exactly the plan that they had in mind," White said in an interview following a speech to the Texas Association of Broadcasters."The only way they could have balanced that budget without a tax increase is to go rob the university fund and the Permanent School Fund.' The billion-dollar trust funds receive income,

primarily oil and gas royalties, from state-owned lands. Interest earned on the trust funds is spent for public school aid and on state colleges and

White said Clements refused to make his plan public because of the cries that went up when Republicans in the Legislature offered such a plan

during this summer's two special sessions.

"The reason they kept it a secret is they saw the reaction to the (GOP) plan on the floor of the House," White said.

White also accused Clements of failing to persuade President Reagan to stop playing politics with the faltering Texas oil industry. White said he is convinced Reagan will impose

a tariff on imported oil - to help keep the price for domestic oil at a profitable level — after the Nov. 4 election.

"The reason they won't do it before then is it

would be devastating to them in (U.S.) Senate ra-

White continued to display an upbeat mood Tuesday. When asked by the broadcasters about Clements' allegations that White wasted \$3.5 million on a new gubernatorial jet, White said the new plane is cheaper and safer than the one

"That plane that we purchased was a reduction in cost from the one he had been flying back and forth to Dallas in. He spent about \$100,000 of the state's money flying himself back and forth

"It was about \$4,000 to fly from Austin to Dallas and back. That's the plane he preferred. The one that we have now . . . costs about \$500 (for the same length trip)," he said.

Grinning, White also touted the safety of the

"Quite frankly, I can understand why he wanted me to fly around in that old, old, old plane . . . I'd rather be a former governor than the late governor."

#### Former Dallas Cowboy campaigns for Clements at rally

LONGVIEW (AP) — Former Dallas Cowboys quarterback Roger Staubach, saying Texas' business climate needs help, campaigned Tuesday for Republican gubernatorial candidate Bill

"We're suffering in almost every industry across the board, from agriculture to real estate to finance to our energy sector and the high tech areas of our economy and something has to be done," Staubach told a rally.

"You need to have political savvy and Gov. Clements has proven through his experience in the past he's got that experience, but he's also proven he's a hard-tested businessman who I believe sees the ability of this state to take some positive steps in the future," Staubach said.

Staubach, now a Dallas businessman, said Clements' political and business experience would be beneficial to Texans. He said he was too tied up with business and family and did not have political aspirations yet.

Clements and Staubach were joined in Longview by GOP attorney general candidate Roy Barrera Jr., a state district judge in San Antonio

who faces incubment Jim Mattox Clements, who faces Gov. Mark White on Nov. 4, told supporters the campaign was going well and urged them to get out the vote

"Not only are we in the fourth quarter of a tough football game, but the two-minute whistle has blown," Clements said.

Clements and Staubach also planned stops in Sherman, Abilene and Fort Worth. They began the day in Dallas where Clements assailed White on economic and education issues.

Clements, who was ousted from the governor's office by White in 1982, also said the incumbent is running a campaign full of scare tactics.

He is pushing a six-point jobs plan, and he said his polls indicate voters want to hear about the state of the economy, which he charges has deteriorated under White.

"They don't want to talk about lap dogs," Clements said. "They don't want to talk about scaring the elderly. They don't want to talk about

denying food stamps to people.
"They don't want to talk about kicking people out of nursing homes. That's nonsense. That is worse than political rhetoric

'That's demagoguery of the worst kind and it is bordering on bringing into this issue, this cam-paign, racial overtones and bigotry, which I de-

Clements said he would not make cuts that White's campaign said he would favor.
"I have said on occasion after occasion after

occasion that those are out-and-out untruths," he