State and Local

House committee continues work on Texas budget cuts

AUSTIN (AP) — The House Appropriations Committee worked Monday toward finding the "magic number" that would help balance the state budget but not cut too

much to win legislative approval.
"I don't know where that magic number is," said committee chair-man Jim Rudd, D-Brownfield. "It's somewhere above \$1.3 billion and probably somewhere less than \$3 bil-

The panel worked for a second day on proposed spending cuts, but

Gov. Mark White has called a special legislative session for next month to make sufficient cuts to put a dent in, or erase, the projected def-

Comptroller Bob Bullock has predicted the shortfall would be \$2.3 billion by Aug. 31, 1987. He is expected to raise the deficit prediction to at least \$3 billion.

The appropriations committee is going agency by agency to find places to cut current spending. The Legislative Budget Board staff has produced two sets of cuts. Reducing most agency spending by about 14 percent would save \$2.3 billion. Cutting spending by about 34 percent would save \$3 billion.

But the budget board director

cautioned the committee that such

steep cuts might not be feasible.

"The staff is not going to be able to speak very positively about any of these reductions," Jim Oliver told

For example, the committee Monday looked at numbers that would cut Department of Public Safety spending by \$5.8 million this year.

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The budget board director cautioned the committee that such steep cuts might not be feasible.

Those cuts would include cancelling

two trooper recruit training programs, at a cost of 180 new troopers. The cut also includes less frequent replacement of DPS "pursuit vehi-cles" and equipment.

Legal drinking age change to encompass several laws

AUSTIN (AP) — The legal age for drinking alcoholic beverages in Texas will go from 19 to 21 on Sept. 1, and the Texas Alcoholic Beverage Commission on Monday reminded exans that the change will cover

Possession or consumption of al-cohol in the state of Texas by people under 21 will be a crime.

Also illegal in this state will be the selling of alcohol to those under 21, the department said.

The change also applies to the age when people can enter liquor stores. TDC, which is under a court order Beginning at 12:01 a.m. Sept. 1, ossession of an alcoholic beverage by a person under 21 will be a misdemeanor with a possible fine of \$25 to

> Sale of alcoholic beverages to underage people is the most serious offense, the commission noted.

> The penalty for a first violation is a \$100 to \$500 fine and a year in jail. A second violation can lead to the me jail term and a fine of up to

> W.S. McBeath, administrator of the alcoholic beverage commission, said a common misconception is that all these drinking age violations only apply to public places, and not to private parties or automobiles.

But "that's not true," McBeath said. "It will be just as illegal in a cerned with. We have to cut just party barn, a fraternity house or a car parked on private property.'

Ag commissioner calls for united front

By Mary Frances Scott

Texas Agriculture Commis-sioner Jim Hightower met with the Board of Regents Monday in an attempt to rally the state agricultural institutions into a united fight against the state's crumbling

Hightower said the meeting didn't specifically address budget cuts, but did address the need for agricultural institutions such as Texas A&M, Prairie View A&M University and the Texas Department of Agriculture to team up in addressing the Texas Legislature, both during the general session and the upcoming August 6 spe-cial session called by Governor Mark White.

"What we've got to do is go in together, not as rivals fighting for the same thin slice of pie," he

"The message we will take to the special session is that we should not, in our eagerness to save \$100 here and \$1,000 there, cut our programs of economic development," Hightower said.

"Now is not the time to cut research and extension programs.
"It's a question of do we want

to be a backwater state or do we want to be a front line, progressive, enterprising, national leader on the level of New York, California and Massachusetts," he said.



Jim Hightower

Despite the gloom over the budget, Hightower saw the bud-get crunch as an historic opportunity to redirect the agriculture economy of the state by moving into production of non-traditional Texas crops such as blueberries, wine grapes, pinto beans and Christmas trees.

Currently, many products are shipped out of state after harvest, processed into an array of packiged foods, and then shipped back to Texas for retail sale.

Hightower wants to put a stop to this by building a food processing industry within Texas, which he said will help not only farmers, but the entire sagging

Local school budgets up \$2.7 billion in last 2 years

AUSTIN (AP) - Local school budgets have grown by \$2.7 billion in the two years since the Legislature passed HB72, the sweeping school reform law, the Texas Research League reported Monday.

The higher spending was funded as much by local property taxes as by record-setting in-creases in state taxes, said the non-profit educational corpora-Over the past two years, an added \$1 billion in state aid was matched by a \$1 billion increase

in local school property taxes," the group reported.

"Last year, trustees in the 1,063 local school districts levied the largest school property tax increase in history — \$551 million." The remaining \$700 million in

increases was funded by bond sales, federal aid, school fees and other revenue sources, the study

The group also said school district tax levies in Texas increased an average of 13.3 percent last

Texas may find profits in rubber crop

RIO GRANDE CITY (AP) - Scientists report that pilot projects on natural rubber plots have been successful, indicating Texas farmers may be able to produce the new crop at a profit.

The committee could begin voting

Some agencies probably will be

immune to cuts because of federal

court orders, said Rudd, who men-

tioned the Texas Department of

Corrections and the Department of

Mental Health and Mental Retarda-

from U.S. District Judge William Wayne Justice, "but I don't want to

get William Wayne any more mad at

day to discuss the committee's progress. White indicated he thought the committee should come up with

cuts of more than \$1.3 billion,

\$1.3 billion is just the floor,"

Rudd said. "We can go to \$2 billion. It doesn't bother me. Every little bit

hurts. I don't know how much hurt

is hurt. What I'm afraid of is you're

going to get it so high that you may

start losing votes and may not pass the bill in the House.

enough to get our 76 votes" in the 150-member House, he said.

"That's what we have to be con-

Rudd met with White early Mon-

us than than he already is.'

according to the chairman.

"It's not off limits," he said of

on cuts today.

But Texas-produced natural rubber probably would have a tough fight against imported rubber, government and state scientists say. The United States now is dependent on imported natural rubber.

Pilot programs have monitored the growth of guayule, a bushy shrub native to the Trans-Pecos area of West Texas and the Chihuahua Desert in northern Mexico.

Test plots are being observed near Rio Grande City, Pecos and Fort Stockton, as well as in parts of Arizona, New Mexico and California.

'We found out that we can establish the plant, and it produces pretty well," said C.L. Gonzalez, a U.S. Department of Agriculture researcher.

The U.S. has had to import about 800,000 metric tons of natural rubber each year from Indonesia and other parts of the Far East at a cost of about 40 cents. Synthetic rubber is produced domestically, but that is unacceptable for use in tires and ome defense applications.

Guayule could be produced

cheaper in South Texas than at any other location because of adequate rainfall coupled with low-cost land, Gonzalez said. The crop could fill in as a substi-

tute for cotton seed farming, said John P. Wagner, associated director and principal investigator of a guayule project conducted by Texas A&M scientists at Pecos and Fort Stockton.

"I'm saying it has potential to be a new crop," Wagner said. "I am not saying it could revolutionize farm-

The guayule project at A&M began in September 1983 under the

auspices of the U.S. Army Tank Automotive Command, which provided an initial \$300,000 to build a pilot guayule processing plant at the Texas A&M Research Extension Annex in Bryan, Wagner said. He said he didn't know how much

would cost to produce natural rubber or how much revenue the industry could provide. But the rubber production would have the advantage of being fully mechanized, he said. Gonzalez said the cost of imported

rubber must rise to at least \$1 a pound before locally produced rubber would be a viable option.

Jumbo Jack



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