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# White to try not to cut funds y for research of agriculture

#### **By SCOTT SUTHERLAND** Assistant City Editor

Gov. Mark White assured the Texas A&M Board of Regents nd A&M System agriculture officials Wednesday that he would ry to avoid cutting agriculture research funds despite the state's oudget crunch.

White received an in-depth briefing on the problems of Texas agriculture from leaders of the Texas Agricultural Extension Service, the Texas Forest Service, and the Agricultural Experiment

White said the briefing was uplifting and encouraging in the face of falling oil prices that are threatening the state with a large dget shortfall.

"We aren't abandoning the old conomy, we're building a new one" he said. "I am uplifted by the prospects of the new economy e're building, and I have plans to find new money for work that

A&M agriculture experts said the University is playing a vital role in developing new technol-ogy for Texas. Last year A&M IN MAKEL conducted over \$65 million in agricultural research.

A&M agriculture officials told White that high technology farm-ing can increase the state's share of the agriculture market.

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Dr. Neville Clarke, director of t of the agricultural Experiment Sta-tion, said A&M research gains are enabling farmers to add value to their crops - meaning they could produce at the same levels but inled the d crease their income.

groups i He said Texas course interesting he stude its value-added percentage by es-tablishing its own processing raw plants rather than exporting raw products to New Mexico and Lousiana thereby shipping dollars out of Texas.

In addition, he said, marketing programs that increase the salaility of previously discarded products can contribute to raising the farmer's income. The average added-value of Texas farm products falls well below the national average.

Photo by SCOTT SUTHERLAND Gov. Mark White speaks to reporters outside the Texas A&M Memorial Student Center Wednesday. Along with increasing profita-

bility, Clarke said the extension service and A&M researchers are seeking to reduce some of the internal problems that Texas farmers must cope with. Clarke identified dwindling

natural resources, high produc tion costs that are a by-product of high energy costs and weather ex-tremes as the biggest internal bar-riers to Texas farmers. Extension agents, he said, are

seeking to reduce the risk that these barriers impose by imple-

menting programs like A&M's bi-

otechnology program. Through biotechnology, A&M has increased farm productivity by increasing disease resistance and nutritional quality of farm products.

Dr. Perry Adkisson, System Deputy Chancellor, outlined the research at A&M and emphasized the University's role in bringing Texas agriculture to the forefront. Texas ranks second to California in agriculture production.



#### **Associated Press**

AUSTIN - Gov. Mark White's staff continued reviewing state agency budget-trimming plans Wednesday, while one of the largest agencies said it could make only about half the 13 percent spending

cuts the governor requested. White urged all state agencies and universities to trim spending by 13 percent to help cover the projected \$1.3 billion budget shortfall brought on by falling oil prices. Under the Texas Constitution, White lacks the actual power to require such cuts.

Marlin W. Johnson, commissioner of the Department of Human Services, submitted a spending reduction plan he said will save \$125.9 million over the next 18 months. A full 13 percent cut would trim \$245 million, Johnson said, adding, "We cannot reach that level of re-duction without conving aver, crit

duction without carving away critical, life-sustaining services to peo-ple, primarily fragile elderly and vulnerable children."

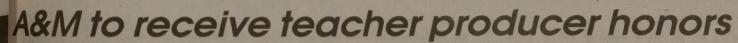
Compounding problems is that some cuts in state spending also would bring reductions in matching funds supplied by the federal gov-ernment, officials said.

Although a hiring freeze is being imposed for non-essential vacant jobs, Johnson said no layoffs are being considered.

"For the sake of perspective, it can be noted that even if the entire staff of the department were to be abolished tomorrow, the 'savings' over the remainder of this biennium ---in-cluding salaries, travel, rent, utilities and other staff-related costs ---would not meet our \$245 million objec-tive," Johnson wrote to White.

Cutting further would "raise the spectre of denying life-sustaining services for destitute and infirm elderly people and needy children," Johnson said.

William Hamilton, White's budget director, said he expected to have a preliminary total Thursday on spending cuts proposed by the agencies and universities



### **By JO ANN ABLE** Reporter

The Texas A&M College of Eduation will be named the number ne producer in the nation of math nd science teachers, according to a ational report on the condition of

A survey conducted by the Naional Center for Statistics, to be he institution with the most educa- come science teachers. n majors in math and science. The

ort on the condition of education. in toda "They don't make a big deal of it," shortag ays the dean of the College of Edu-he says.

"To me it's not just being first in terms of numbers. It's being first in the quality which is what I think we are demonstrating (at A&M)."

— Dr. Dean C. Corrigan, dean of the College of Education.

ublished next month, lists A&M as number of students studying to be-

A shortage of math and science publication is part of a national re- \* teachers is the number one problem in today's schools. In Texas the shortage has reached a crisis stage,

Corrigan says the Mathematics/Science Teaching Scholar Loan Program, established in 1983, recruits high caliber students by of-fering "forgiveable" loans for teaching math and science after graduation. Each year the student teaches, a an is forgive , or

To me it's not just being first in terms of numbers," Corrigan says. "It's being first in the quality which is what I think we are demonstrating." Students must have a minimum

2.25 grade-point ratio to be ad-mitted into the college, Corrigan says. The department also requires a math and English exam in the sophomore year, an exit exam and a 2.5 minimum GPR for graduation.

A&M has kept these high standards even though the state has reduced it's demand on teacher qualifications, Corrigan says.

He says two years ago 1,233 math and science teachers were hired in the state and 528 of them were unlicensed to teach those subjects. Emer-



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t list the numbers; out it's a big deal for us."

Dr. Dean C. Corrigan, dean of the College of Education, says A&M's mollment in the math and science eaching majors has increased stead-vover the past 10 years. But A&M's environment has been directed toccess is in sharp contrast to naonal averages.

During the same 10 year period, ors and a 64 percent decrease in the he says.

He says part of A&M's success is related to the nature of the institu- credited against the amount owed. tion in general. A&M has been tradi-

tionally oriented around science, math and agriculture, he says.

ward those particular subject fields," Corrigan says.

"In addition to that we now have billeges across the country have ex-perienced a 73 percent decrease in aid to attract outstanding students e number of math education ma- into the fields of math and science,"

"Students in the math/science pro-gram get school aid, but it's kind of in the Aggie way of doing things," he explains. "It's really a loan. They don't get the aid until they teach."

but highlights math and science in says."It just demeans the whole pro-general. The number of students fession." studying to be science teachers has increased from 82 to 329 in a threeyear period, he says.

Corrigan says the program at-tracts not only outstanding students that the schools can do," Corrigan "And I think that's the worst thing

The solution to the problem of teacher shortages can be solved by offering higher salaries, he says.

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