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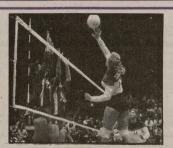
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College Station, Texas

Thursday, November 21, 1985

Summit closes, 2 more meetings planned

GENEVA (AP) — President Rea-an and Soviet leader Mikhail Gor-achev concluded their extraordiary personal summit Wednesday, laiming "broad areas of greement." U.S. officials said the leaders reached an understandg that they will hold two more immits, one in the United States

nd the other in the Soviet Union. "The news is so good that we're ong to hold it for tomorrow," Rea-tan leased reporters after the for-nal talks had ended. A joint farewell

Thursday morning.

But U.S. officials, talking on condition they not be identified, said the two leaders would announce at a joint ceremony before leaving Geneva on Thursday that Gorbachev will visit the United States next year and Reagan will go to the Soviet Union in 1987.

Specific locations and plans for the back-to-back follow-up summit conferences are still to be worked out, the sources said. The Associated Press learned that

Secretary of State George P. Shultz and Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard A. Shevardnadze would participate in a document-signing ceremony during Thursday's joint appearance.
A U.S. source indicated that there

would be a joint statement to provide impetus on arms control but that the leaders would issue no specific guidelines to help negotiators break the current impasse.

Gorbachev said only, "I hope there will be," when asked if any joint agreements would be signed. A State Department negotiator,

had approved cultural exchange provisions that call for exchange of students, performing arts groups, exhibitions and sports teams. The official who spoke on condition of anonymity said the agreement would be signed Thursday.

Reagan's chief adviser on arms control, Paul Nitze, was among experts who continued discussions following the end of Wednesday's formal negotiations. It was an indication that the summit's most contentious issue remained unredinner.

The U.S. source, who spoke on condition of anonymity, predicted at least one surprise at Thursday's farewell and said plans for a followup summit might await a post-summit decision.

White House spokesman Larry Speakes declined to comment on whether any significant agreements were forged, adhering to the news blackout established during Tues-day's first summit session.

day's first summit session.

Speakes promised a briefing fol-

lowing the ceremony set for 10 a.m. Geneva time (4 a.m. EST) and said it would be clear to observers then whether the summit could be consid-

ered as success. The Soviets had sought a final ceremony for weeks, but there was no word on Reagan's acceptance until almost midnight Wednesday, Ge-

Speakes refused to say whether a joint statement or communique would be issued or whether the lead-

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Panelists disagree on Star Wars' value

Experts agree SDI useful bargaining chip in arms talks

By MARYBETH ROHSNER

The value of the Strategic Deense Initiative as a bargaining chip as the only thing all four panelists greed upon in Wednesday night's ar Wars discussion, part of the L. Miller "Future in Space" Lec-

Retired Gen. Daniel Graham, en. Malcolm O'Neill, Dr. Robert wrence and Dr. Robert Bowman d not agree on the feasibility of the bace-based defense system, the roblem of how to use SDI for negoons or the possibility that the Soets have a similar system on the rawing board.

Each did, however, see some hope using SDI to convince the Soviets reduce nuclear arms.

Lawrence, a professor at Colo-ado State University and former Air Force pilot, suggested that the United States use SDI as a bargainng tool to stop Soviet stockpiling of uclear warheads and to force them allow the U.S. on-site inspections insure that the Soviets are not viong arms treaties.

"We've got the Russians' attention we need to say 'we'll cut a deal th you folks. We'll trade one bad dea of ours (SDI) for two bad ideas yours (stockpiling and closed de-

nse facilities). Lawrence said he was in favor of argaining with SDI after it has been ore fully researched. Bowman dis-

'We've got to cash the SDI chip in day or tomorrow at the Geneva ' he said. Bowman, presient of the Institute for Space and ecurities Studies, said that he did



Photo by ANTHONY S. CASPER

rence and Brig. Gen. Malcolm O'Neill discuss the Strategic Defense Initiative.

not want to see SDI developed any and best weapons to knock chunks could not and have not planned further whether or not it is effective off the planet.

as a bargaining tool. "I'm for tossing it," Bowman added. "SDI has hardly any defensive value at all.

Graham, who received the most applause from an audience of approximately 250, disagreed with Bowman by saying that the "Star Wars" plan would result in a reduction of nuclear weapons between the

two superpowers. "The defense race (for non-nuclear weapons such as SDI) is already on," Graham said. I say that's a lot better race than a race of the biggest

From left to right, Dr. Rober Bowman, Lt. Gen. Daniel Graham, Jules Bergman, Dr. Robert Law-

The panelists debated the stength of the Soviet defense. Graham said that Soviet engineers were incapable of competing with American engineers because of the Russian eco-

'Communism wrecks the technical base," he said, adding that scientists and engineers had no fiscal incentive to excel, unlike American scientists and engineers.

O'Neill, the only panelist still in active military service, cautioned against assuming that the Soviets

"I take great exception from those

in the panel who don't give the enemy the benefit of having the same kind of mental acumen we have," O'Neill said. "They're brilliant." Moderator Jules Bergman of ABC News concluded the two-hour

program by noting that while the panelists were discussing SDI on the Texas A&M campus, President Reagan and Premier Gorbachev were negotiating an arms reduction plan which may include special provisions for SDI in Geneva.

Eaton named to presidency at Iowa State

By JENS B. KOEPKE Senior Staff Writer

Dr. Gordon P. Eaton, Texas A&M provost and vice president for academic affairs, was named president of Iowa State University Wednesday afternoon.

The Iowa State Board of Regents announced that Eaton will begin his duties on July 1, 1986, but because the A&M fiscal year runs until Sept. 1, Eaton said he may start at that time.

"I'm looking forward to this opportunity — and to the challenge," Eaton said. "It was an awesome decision to decide to leave Texas A&M. I have been programmentally impressed with enormously impressed with (A&M). If anything, my appreciation of its qualities has grown since the time I came here."

Eaton is the second top A&M administrator to be named president of a major university in the last year. Dr. William Muse, for-merly a Texas A&M System vice chancellor, became president of the University of Akron last year. Eaton succeeds W. Robert Parks, who has been Iowa State presi-

dent for 21 years. A&M President Frank Vandiver said Eaton's departure is a great loss to Texas A&M and congratulated Iowa State on a fine

Eaton came to Texas A&M in October, 1981, serving as dean of geosciences. In February, 1983, Eaton assumed his present position. He cited the acquisition of the Ocean Drilling Program and



Dr. Gordon Eaton

the naming of four new deans as the most significant achievements during his term.

"I'd like to think that the University has progressed toward a better academic reputation and I think it will continue to do so," he

Eaton said that as president he hopes to bolster financial stability at Iowa State, which has recently suffered through economic woes.

Before coming to A&M, Eaton was an associate chief geologist with the U.S. Geological Survey's geologic division. He received national recognition for his research on the origin of volcanic rocks in Yellowstone National Park and for tectonic studies in the West.

Vandiver said that a search committee would be set up to find a replacement. Candidates from Texas A&M as well as from other universities will be considered, he

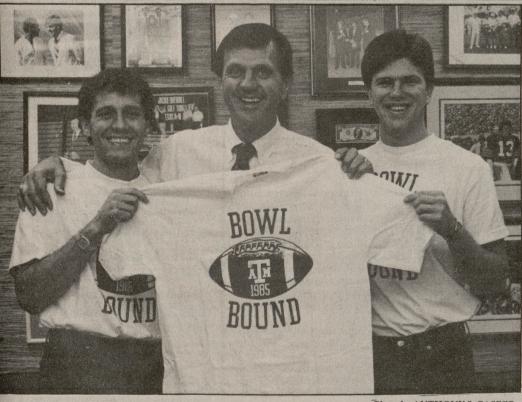


Photo by ANTHONY S. CASPER

Anticipation

Gary Ashmore (left) and David Segers (right), both member of Alpha Kappai Psi present Jackie Sher-rill with a Bowl Bound t-shirt. Alpha Kappa Psi, a

business fraternity will use the proceeds from the sale of the shirts to fund a plaque honoring top graduates in the College of Business.

Kate

Hurricane heads for Upper Gulf Coast, evacuations ordered

Associated Press

PENSACOLA, Fla. - Gov. Bob Graham ordered the immediate evacuation of about 87,000 residents of low-lying and coastal areas Wednesday night as storm-weary residents of the Upper Gulf Coast braced for Hurricane Kate.

The storm, blamed for up to 10 deaths in Cuba after battering the island for 16 hours with its 115 mph wind, charged northward into the Gulf of Mexico. It also blacked out much of the Florida Keys as it passed near the area Tuesday.

Graham declared a state of emergency in 12 counties along Florida's northern Gulf Coast, allowing him to call out the National Guard to assist in evacuations. The governor later issued an immediate mandatory evacuation order for an estimated 87,000 people who live in low-lying and coastal areas in eight

of the counties. The counties affected by the evcuation order are Bay, Escambia, Franklin, Gulf, Santa Rosa, Okaloosa, Walton and Wakulla

Low-lying areas of the Peninsula were evacuated twice when Elena approached in September and residents were prepared to evacuate again last month before Juan veered into Louisiana.

A hurricane warning was posted from Bay St. Louis, Miss., just east of New Orleans, to St. Marks, Fla., on the coast south of Tallahassee. Gale

See Kate, page 16

Health officials in Armero order soldiers to bury, burn the dead

BOGOTA, Colombia — Rescuers still searched the remains of Armero on Thursday but burial squads also moved in, gouging long trenches in the volcanic mud with back hoes and dumping truckloads of bodies into

Soldiers acting on orders from health officials slogged through the muck with small cans of gasoline, dousing decaying bodies and setting them afire, shooting animals that had been feeding off the corpses. The men wore masks against the

The burial and burning of bodies was ordered to combat typhoid fever

and other diseases. Health Ministry officials said

Wednesday that another problem is the possible spread of gaseous gangrene, which is highly contagious and often fatal.

A few cases have been detected in people taken to hospitals after lying in the slime for days with open

Rescue workers continued

looking for survivors, but hope of finding more had nearly vanished a week after the disaster. Thirty-five were found Monday and Tuesday.

The searchers use special sounddetection and infrared equipment to find signs of life in the thousands of buildings beneath the mud.

A government report issued Wednesday said 12,000 people had been rescued, 7,000 of them unin-

Residents who had fled began re-

See Rescuers, page 16