RECENT WRIST KNEE **OR ANKLE INJURY?** Do you have a recent joint injury (e.g., sprain, contusion, inflammation) causing swelling, bruising, and/or pain?

Volunteers interested in participating in in-vestigative drug study will be paid for their time and cooperation.

G & S Studies, Inc. 846-5933

Speed Reading

Free one hour lesson!

We will double your speed. Money back guarantee course will:

• increase comprehension

• improve retention

• teach study skills

Get assigned reading done in less than half the time.

Aggieland Inn Wed., Oct. 23 4, 6, and 8 p.m. **Power Reading** 713-320-9671

Battalion Classified 845-2611

Page 10/The Battalion/Tuesday, October 22, 1985

Chrysler workers remain on strike

Associated Press

HIGHLAND PARK, Mich. -Bargainers for the United Auto Workers and Chrysler Corp. worked Monday to end a costly U.S. strike as 10,000 Canadian Chrysler workers ended their 6-day-old walkout and

headed back to work. Seventy thousand workers walked out Wednesday in the United States at the same time the strike began across the border. Analysts have estimated Chrysler's after-tax strike losses at \$15 million a day. But negotiators for the newly in-

dependent United Auto Workers of Canada made an agreement with the automaker Sunday, and union mem-bers overwhelmingly endorsed it UAW-Canada spokesman George Ehring said 97.2 percent of about 8,000 members voting in local meetings Monday supported the contract

The company said the strike's end in Canada would allow Chrysler plants there to schedule abbreviated shifts for the rest of the week, but that layoffs would come by then if the U.S. strike continued.

U.S. bargainers, who resumed their sessions Monday at Chrysler headquarters here, were mum on whether progress was being made.

UAW President Owen Bieber and Chrysler's chief negotiator, Thomas Miner, convened their bargaining

teams several hours earlier than originally planned, but neither made public comments.

But after recessing the talks last week, both said they were confident the strike could be settled quickly.

Bieber said over the weekend that wage parity and job security re-mained sticking points. He also has said he would ask for "something special." Union officials said he was referring to a special lump sum to make up for concessions. The Canadian pact includes a payment of \$1,000 Canadian — about \$730 U.S. — to help make up for concessions granted since 1979 when Chrysler

was in financial trouble.

Rural, urban schooling compared

(continued from page 1)

class had 16 people.

Monroe came to Texas from Alaska, which is known for its outstanding education system. He says his education stagnated during the next two years because his high school did not offer classes more ad-vanced than the ones he took in Alaska.

Monroe's school was in an area based on agriculture. He says the school rarely encouraged continuation of education, but tailored its classes to agriculture and homemak-ing — not to more academically oriented subjects.

Dr. James H. Copp, professor of sociology and rural sociology, says he believes the worst problem for those from rural areas involves a lack of exposure to a wide variety of experiences. Most emphasis is on athletics and vocational studies rather than on science, math and English composition, he says.

He cites studies from the 1950s to the 1970s, which show a greater concern for rural education than is shown today. Rural schools have had a problem with the high cost of educating a small group of people, the lack of resources to pay teachers and fewer classes to offer.

"Many of the studies that were done in the Southern Youth Study found that the guidance counseling in high school was not working very well," Copp says, ". . . and often guidance counselors were as guilty as anyone of not encouraging kids to reach very far.

The career choices of urban and rural youth show to some extent their experience in the real world, he says.

"The urban youth have a chance to see people performing a wider variety of occupations, while the rural youth may see only the rancher, the truck driver and some of the local merchants and doesn't see as wide a range of occupations doing 'their

thing," "Copp says. Is there a difference in the num-ber of rural students attending college now?

We think there is, although I can't cite any recent studies," Copp says, "but the historical tradition has that to be true."

Copp says that in general, rural students are not as well prepared for college academically, compared to urban students, because of resources and environment. But there are many exceptions to the rule.

More often than not, rural youth are at a greater disadvantage than urban youth in preparation for col-lege, Bayliss and Copp point out, but there are exceptions. They are not bad-mouthing rural education, they say, but pointing out some possible problems from what they have seen. Still, the problem remains that few recent studies have been done

and there is little evidence to support either side.

Brazos County cleaning up its act

(continued from page 1)

tions to bring about an awareness so that we actually become litter-free over a period of time.

Brazos Beautiful takes the education task seriously, beginning with kindergarteners and moving up through high school. Nancy Calhoun, another Brazos Beautiful board member, emphasizes the involvement of the organization in the classroom.

work with us," Calhoun says. "Through that teacher, we get the cur-riculum into the school. It's all set up for the schools with their particular requirements.'

Diane Mills, executive coordinator for Brazos Beautiful, deals directly with the liaison teachers at the schools and teaches them to incorporate discussions about the environment and litter into their lesson plans. Each program is different depending on the age of the students.

"We're working with principals in all of the area schools and asking Contests are held at the schools to promote the awareness of the clean

that they appoint a liaison teacher to community as well as comprehensive school projects, such as planting trees and cleaning up areas that need it.

Calhoun says Texas A&M stu-dents get involved with Brazos Beautiful through various student organi-

Miller says funding for Brazos Beautiful comes from several sources.

"It comes from memberships," she says. "We also depend on sup-port from our governmental bodies. We receive annual support from Brazos County, the City of Bryan and the City of College Station."



2.5 Miles East of Brazos Center on FM 1179 (Briarcest Dr.) Mon.-Sat 9:30-6:00 822-0247 Logo Contest FOR DANCE ARTS SOCIETY 1st Prize \$50

The Boot Barn

ton toro

NOCONA

BOOTS

JUSTIN

ROPERS

\$7900

Largest Selection

Lowest Price

in The Brazos Valley

Organization seeks creative, new logo.

All applications must be in B/W on 81/2 X 11 paper.

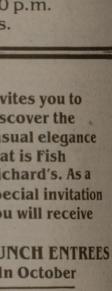
Deadline — Oct. 26

Send to 300 W. Dexter College Station, TX 77840

OR Drop by Rm 268 East Kyle Between 7:00-10 p.m. Mon. - Thurs.

FISH RICHARDS





Vol. 8

J

S

0

TEL

ister Sh called

because

tive in t Peres

peared Arabs.

rebuffe

home b

The the stat Palestin was try neighbo that has achieve

A sta Jordani der Sau

Jordan

lateral

high-ra this was

the Pere

Peres

only a would

tioned

reaction Arab co "I wo

reaction

he told in New

from ke

Egypt, o ation (

Sp

de

Seafood Salad . Quiche . Fri Jersey Shrimp • Chicken Linda • Beef Teriyaki • Prime Rib • Shrimp Monterrey

Crepes

Greek
Salad Luther Dr. cts of te Victorian Veal
 Sauteed Flounder 801 Wellborn Rd., College Station 696-4118 ence-m ig sur BRAZOS VALLEY SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA ns as 1 eplore errorisi Franz Anton Krager, Artistic Director/Conductor He re lecessar PRESENTS he Isra epeate HARRY DUNSCOMBE Nort tates w way and There **CONCERT CELLIST** fel Avi ut Isra roadca ng that an dec Bryan Civic Auditorium **OCTOBER 24, 1985** 8:00 P.M. \$7.00 Adult Ticket \$5.00 Students/Senior Citize Tickets Available At THE GIFT GALLERY-TOWNSHIRE, SAMSON'S BOOKERY-CULPEPPER PLAZA, OR AT THE DOOR

For Further Information Please Call 846-7659.

Call Battalion Classified 845-2611