## A&M vets: pioneers in their fields

By MICHAEL CANNATA Reporter

With a dead snake under one arm nd a jug of wine under the other, a eterinarian in 1684 was no more an a glorified witch doctor. Three undred years later, Texas A&M eterinarians are pioneers in the edical profession, experimenting with theories that one day may beme standard in human medicine.

About a tenth of all veterinarians the United States come from the Texas A&M College of Veterinary Medicine, one of the 10 original veterinary colleges and the largest in he country

Today the college, located west of the main campus on Farm Road 60, raduates a class of 138 each year with Doctor of Veterinary Medicine egrees. A total of 4,031 veterinarians have graduated from Texas A&M. More than 550 students are in he curriculum at the moment.

Dr. George Shelton, dean of the ollege for 11 years, has seen the colege strengthen its teaching prorams. Despite a reduced national nterest in veterinary colleges a sur-plus of veterinarians has developed some areas. However, Shelton ays, Texas A&M graduates are still high demand, in part because of

their speciality training.
"We've strengthened our clinical eaching programs a great deal," shelton says. "We've brought in a sident and intern training proram patterned somewhat after huin medicine where young veteriparians do get some specialty raining. At the same time, they conibute to the teaching program.'

Shelton says veterinarians can no nger rely solely on a DVM degree stead, they must pursue additional aining in fields such as toxicology athology, laboratory animal medine, equine and food animal mediAbout a tenth of all veterinarians in the United States come from the Texas A&M College of Veterinary Medicine, one of the 10 original veterinary colleges and the largest in the country.

New facilities, in addition to curriculum changes such as the resident and intern training program, have improved the college, Shelton says.

The newest facility, the Veteri-Teaching Hospital, includes both the large and small animal clinics. It has the largest case load of any animal hospital in the United States with about 30,000 cases per year.

Twenty-two veterinarians are enrolled in intern and resident programs in the Veterinary Teaching Hospital, which functions like a giant laboratory for students in their third and fourth years of their pro-

fessional education.

The College of Veterinary Medicine has 135 fulltime professors in tenure positions and about 60 nontenure positions. Support personnel number more than 300, including clerical and technical positions.

The newest addition to the college, a joint project with the College of Medicine, is the Medicial Sciences Library located across Farm Road 60. It will be connected by an underground tunnel.

"It's a good size medicial library, and perhaps one day it will be the best medical science library in the state of Texas," Shelton says.

Improvements in the facilities at the college are encouraging students to apply, but the main reason more than 500 quailified students apply each year is the cost of tuition, says

"Our tuition rates are very low, and when compared with other insti-tutions it is embarrassingly low," he and when compared with other institutions it is embarrassingly low," he says. "For instance, our tuition and is a 70 rather than a a 60," Gage says. been developed.

building use fee are \$10 per student credit hour, and that's low when you look at schools like Cornell and Pennsylvania. At places like those, the tuition alone is running close to \$2,000 per year, and we're looking

at one-tenth of that.' Today's college is a far cry from the one at the turn of the century when Texas was still wild and not that many people wanted to be vet-

The Texas Legislature allocated \$100,000 for a veterinary college, so the construction of Francis Hall began. Dr. Mark Francis, the first dean of the college and the "father of veterinary medicine in Texas," is credited. ited with convincing the legislature of the need for the college.

Francis taught the first classes there with only 13 students enrolled. In 1920 the first class graduated. It had four students.

Since that time the graduates of the college have set academic standards for the nation to follow. The curriculum at the college is constantly being up-graded, says Dr. Dean Gage, associate dean for academic affairs.

He says several academic policies, some which will not take effect until eptember 1985, are making the college tougher and better.

"What we've done is dropped the D grade so it's A, B, C or F."

The academic calendar was switched back to four years, says Gage, because the students and the staff couldn't keep up a three-year

"The accelerated curriculum was very stressful on the students," he 'They had no breaks, no time off. It was very time consuming, and the amount of material covered was overwhelming.

Texas A&M veterinary graduates have been scoring well above the national average on the national board's examination for licensure despite the previously stressful cur-

The College of Veterinary Medicine's history began in 1916. It sprang from a need to stop the spreading of Texas fever, a disease that was decimating livestock here. are classes in biochemistry, computer science, nutrition and entomology. The required credit hours will jump from 66 to 83.

> This change will require the applicants to have at least three years of college credit, although most students enter with an average of four and a half years of pre-professional

In addition to teaching, many vet-erinarians are employed by federal, state, and local agenies to control or eliminate diseases in the animal in-

In public health, the primary concern is to stop those diseases that can spead to man from becoming epidemic and to control those which can't be stopped.

Through the research at the veterinary college many diseases have been controlled and several modern human medical techniques have



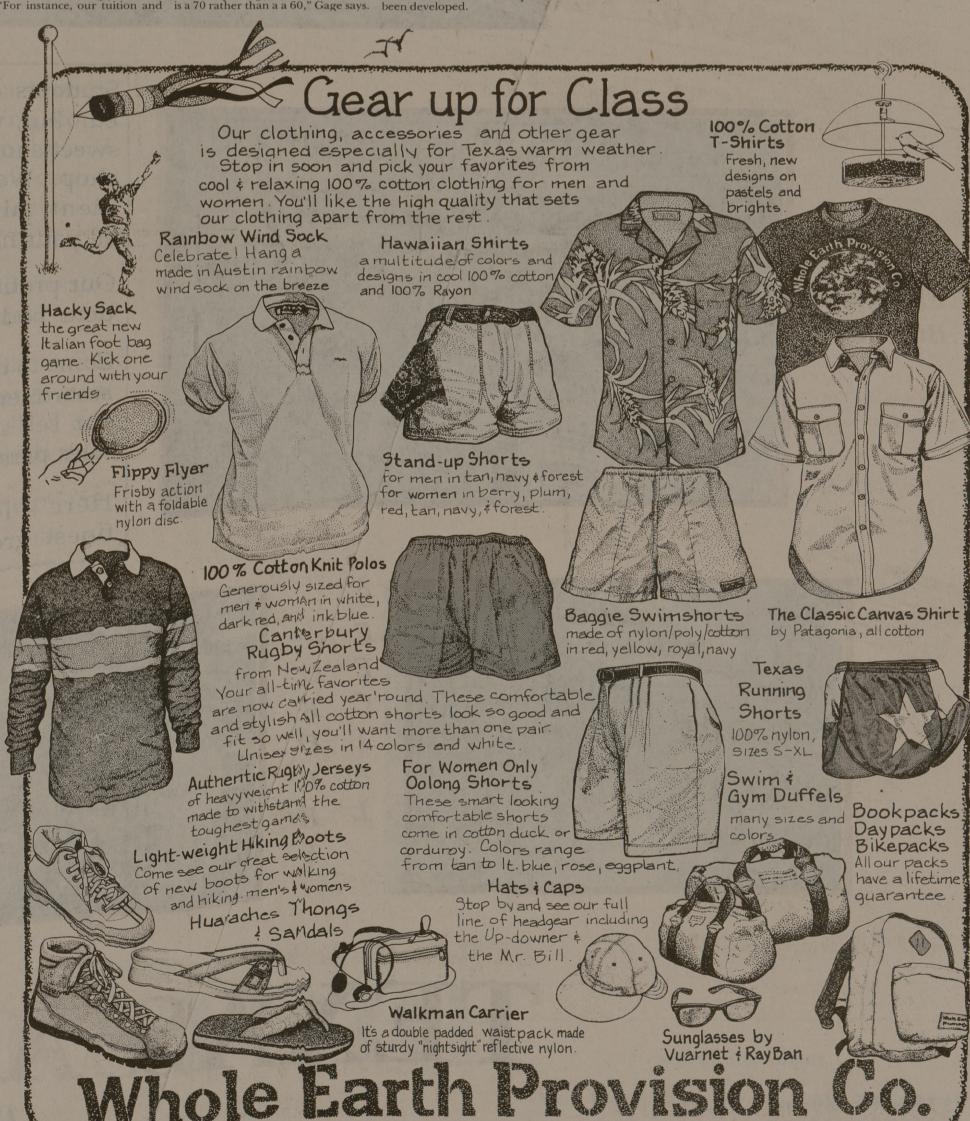
Photo by BRENT MOZINGO

Dr. D.R. Gross, professor and director of veterinary physiology, and Dr. Cynthia Snowdon insert an experimental valve into a goat's heart during open heart surgery. The valve may some day be used in humans.





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