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may be going up

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Wednesday, January 18, 1984

Shultz calls for resumed talks

United Press International

STOCKHOLM, Sweden — On the eve of a key meeting with the Soviet foreign minister, Secretary of State George Shultz Tuesday appealed to Moscow to resume nuclear arms talks and called for a global ban on chemical weapons.

"We are ready for negotiations whenever the Soviet Union is prepared," Shultz told the East-West conference on security in Europe.

The conference was called to con-

sider measures to prevent war in Europe between NATO and the Warsaw Pact. Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko was to speak Wednesday and see Shultz later at the Soviet Embassy.

The two men have not met since an icy encounter in September in Madrid following the Soviet downing of a South Korean airliner with the loss of 269 lives that plummeted East-West relations to new lows.

In November, relations worsened when Moscow walked out of the

Geneva talks on limiting medium-range missiles in Europe and refused to set a date for resuming talks on strategic missiles and conventional forces on the continent.

"This tells us a great deal about which side is eager for progress," Shultz said as Gromyko listened impassively to his remarks in the conference hall.

"Nevertheless, the door remains open," Shultz said. He spoke one day after President Reagan urged the Kremlin in a speech televised in

Europe to make nuclear arms reductions the top priority of the superpowers.

Moscow has said it will not return to the talks until NATO pulls out the new U.S. nuclear missiles it deployed late last year in western Europe.

The United States says cancellation of its plans to deploy 572 new Pershing-2 and cruise missiles would give the Soviets a monopoly on intermediate range missiles that now amount to more than 300 triple-warheads.

Shultz said the United States would

soon present a draft treaty at the Conference on Disarmament in Geneva "for the complete and verifiable elimination of chemical weapons on a global basis."

The 40-nation conference has discussed such a ban for seven years and the United States has accused the Soviets of using chemical weapons in Cambodia and Afghanistan.

Last week, the Warsaw Pact nations proposed a conference be held to discuss a ban on chemical weapons in Europe.

Shultz said arms control negotiations could not work in a vacuum and must be based on verification, always a major obstacle in agreements with Moscow.

"This enterprise cannot prosper in conditions where some nations seek global or regional military superiority or resort to threats or to intimidation as instruments of their foreign policy," Shultz said, apparently referring to Soviet actions in Poland, Hungary, Czechoslovakia and Afghanistan.

Supreme Court declares home video taping legal according to current laws

United Press International

WASHINGTON — Americans are free to use home video recorders to tape television programs, the Supreme Court ruled 5-4 Tuesday.

The decision, nearly two years in the making, is a major victory for the \$3-billion-a-year recorder industry, freeing it from the threat of millions of dollars in fines and royalties.

The justices, acting on a case filed by Walt Disney Productions and Universal Studios against the Sony Corp., rejected an appeals court's finding that taping TV programs violates copyright laws and that manufacturers of recording devices are responsible for the illegal infringement.

It is estimated that more than 5 million Americans record shows at home.

Claiming they were being deprived of massive revenues by unauthorized use of their productions, the Hollywood studios sued Sony — the Japanese manufacturer of the Betamax video cassette recorder — as well as a Betamax user and a retail outlet that sold the devices.

The high court struggled for more than two terms to resolve the issue, which is likely to bounce back to Congress.

Movie-industry lobbyists are expected to press Congress to rewrite the laws providing royalties to compensate TV producers and performers.

It is estimated that more than 5 million Americans record shows at home — often for viewing at a later, more convenient time.

The movie industry called this a form of piracy. But Justice John

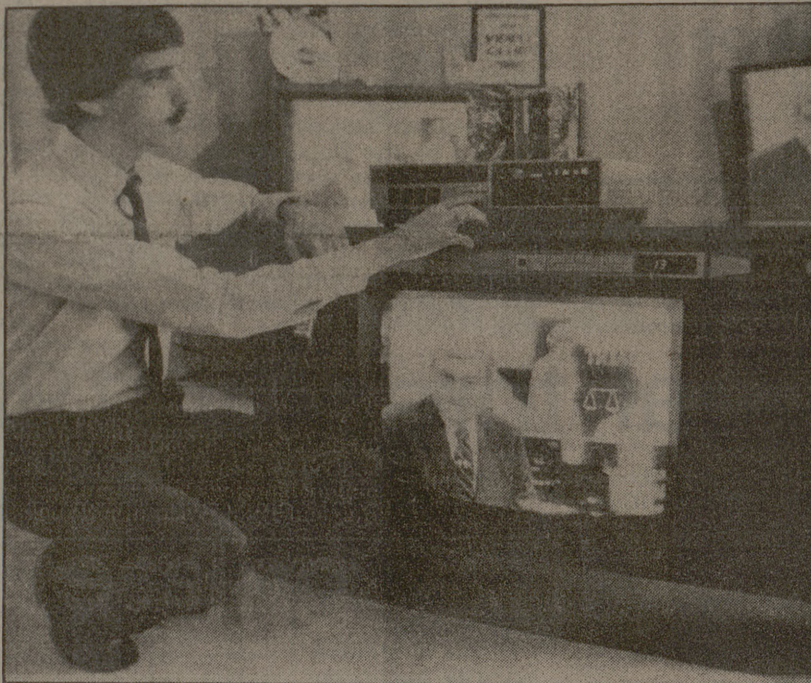


photo by Dean Saito

John Coldewey, business manager of Premier Video in the Post Oak Mall in College Station, demonstrates how TV programs can be recorded using a video recorder.

Paul Stevens, in the high court's 37-page majority opinion, said this is a lawful use of the recorders.

Stevens, in a key finding, called videotaping for personal viewing a "fair use" exempt from the copyright laws.

"Any individual may reproduce a copyrighted work for a 'fair use,' the

copyright owner does not possess the exclusive right to such a use," Stevens wrote.

Chief Justice Warren Burger and Justices William Brennan, Byron White and Sandra Day O'Connor joined the majority opinion.

Justices Harry Blackmun, Thurgood Marshall, Lewis Powell and William Rehnquist dissented.

Nobel prize winner says hunger is most pressing world problem

By KAREN WALLACE
Staff writer



Dr. Norman Borlaug

23 hours, 59 minute and 59.3 seconds," said Borlaug, who has been working in foreign countries for the past 40 years.

Food and agriculture are taken for granted in the United States because we have never had a national famine, he said. But in places like China and

India, hunger, famine and poverty are a way of life.

Borlaug said he was at a meeting earlier Tuesday where they discussed the problem of hunger in Texas.

"Nothing could compare with what I've seen and worked with," he said. "We (the United States) have been so privileged."

Borlaug said that before World War II, the United States was independent except for a few imports like tea, coffee and rubber. But following that, the world became very interdependent, he said.

Borlaug said that although the United States exports one-third of the food we produce, we depend on other countries for two-thirds of the nutrients needed for fertilization of cropland. The nutrient import cost is much higher than the food export cost, he said.

"We need to start working to develop these nutrients," he said. "When we are privileged and affluent we get preoccupied with other things," he said.

Borlaug said that because the United States government is not presently concerned with hunger in the Un-

ited States, some environmentalists don't think about future food production problems in the right perspective.

"One of the worst pollutants in the environment today is the negation or pessimism poured out by extreme environmentalists who perceive the impossibility of a utopian environment," he said. "It's an impossibility that plagues the minds of young people."

The future, Borlaug said, could be bright or very dismal.

"The creativity in man is great and development will continue," he said. "Unless we destroy ourselves."

It is developments such as arms and space travel that worry him, he said.

Borlaug said that the nuclear power in the world today is millions of times greater than all the explosive power combined in World War II.

"We need to stop worrying about these things and start worrying about how to feed our people," he said. "Space can't feed people, and nuclear arms will destroy."

Moreno to plead innocent

Jury selection begins

United Press International

RICHMOND — Jury selection began Tuesday in the capital murder trial of a Bryan lawnmower repairman charged in a shooting rampage that left six people, including two from College Station, dead last October.

A defense lawyer for Eliseo "Joe" Moreno, 25, said prosecutor James Keeshan has agreed to limit questioning of each prospective juror to 30 minutes so a panel could be chosen in

two weeks. Capital murder juries often take months to seat.

"I'm looking for the most educated jurors I can find," attorney Robert Scardino Jr. of Houston said, adding he wanted a jury that will not be "stampeded (to a verdict) by pictures of bloody bodies."

Scardino said Moreno will plead innocent by reason of insanity.

Moreno, charged in six deaths in Bryan and Hempstead, is on trial in Richmond in the shooting of Depart-

ment of Public Safety Officer Russell Lynn Boyd, 25, of Hempstead.

The DPS has said Boyd radioed moments before he was shot that he was stopping a speeding car six miles north of Hempstead on Oct. 11 that later was found to resemble Moreno's.

Boyd apparently did not know two in-laws of Moreno's had been shot to death several hours earlier in College Station. Boyd died of a single shotgun blast to his chest at point-blank range.

In Today's Battalion

State

• There is still no official ruling on the mysterious death of a general found hanging in a stairwell at Fort Sam Houston. See story page 6.

• The daughters of presidential assassin Lee Harvey Oswald have reached an agreement to settle a lawsuit against the National Enquirer. See story page 6.

National

• Lucky, a pregnant loggerhead sea turtle, received a pair of rubber flippers in a \$200,000 operation to replace the originals snapped off by a shark. See story page 7.

• Actor Cary Grant celebrates his 80th birthday today, feeling "pretty good for an old character." See story page 10.

World

• Three carloads of gunmen kidnapped the consul of the Saudi Arabian Embassy Tuesday in a daring daylight attack. See story page 5.