Latin American commerce vital to new Miami

United Press International MIAMI — When the first wave of Cubans fled the Castro revolution nearly 25 years ago, Miami was little more than a place to get away from it all with an economy dominated by

Today Miami is the nation's main center of Latin American trade and economists have begun to admit that what was once. known as "the Cuban problem" may have been the solution.

Cuban exiles have used economic booms in Latin American nations like Brazil and Venezuela to transform their adopted city into a thriving center of

Latin American shielding Miami from the

domestic recession. And the new business lan-

guage is Spanish.
"Florida used to be considered southernmost United States. Today it's considered northernmost Latin America," said John Motion, international representative for the Florida Chamber of Commerce.

The Miami customs district now handles more Latin American trade than any other city in the United States, according to research from Florida International University.

A study by the university's

from the quarter of Miami's jobs and sup-porting industries in 1981 were dependent on the \$11 billion in trade conducted with with nations like Venezuela, Ecuador,

Colombia and Panama. The study said the Miami-Fort Lauderdale area conducts nearly half of all U.S. trade with Central America, and half the Caribbean trade.

Latin American visitors spent a total of \$1.1 billion in Miami in 1981, more than double that spent by New Yorkers, formerly the chief tourists, the Dade County Tourist Board said.

ognize the burgeoning trade opportunities with Miami's southern neighbors, Motion

The hundreds of family-run import-export firms that exiles set up in the 1960s became highly profitable ten years later, when oil-rich countries like Venezuela became expanding markets for American television

sets, clothes and industrial parts. Part of the reason for Miami's swift success is geographical south Florida juts into the heart of the Caribbean, and is central to many air and shipping routes, making the city a natural gateway to Latin America.

Another factor is poli bility and personal secur Former Salvadoran a

dor to the United States R Quinones and his wife, decided to manage the ness in Miami after a str kidnappings and murd businessmen in San Salv

Many Latins say they feel more at ease in the

ral city. Economists warn, h that one of the the strongest sectors may come its weakest.

A long-standing joke U.S.-Latin American tra tions contends that "w United States sneezes any Latin American o gets pneumonia."

But economic crises in like Mexico, Brazil and zuela have produced an twist to this cliche.

Robots: perfect servants

United Press Intern TOKYO — Pictur fect servant: a guar playmate for the child panion to the elderly musician, mechanic, cook, as strong as an ox tle as a kitten. Impossible? Not if

vant is an android, sayse engineer Shunichi Mizu An android is a com

robot made to resemble have like a human bein Mizuno, president of Co. Ltd. of Tokyo, the first generation of a could be on the market

30 years. Mizuno, who describ self as a "technical artist," is working on a aspect of android dev While others work on and senses, he is busy

its skin, its muscles and His first success was puterized Marilyn robot, created about ago. A second life-sized constructed recently us rocomputer-controlled pressor to regulate faci pressions.

"She" can mouth shrug her shoulders, eve and strum a guitar natural elegance that beli mechanical heart.

Mizuno leases her out out \$10,000 a month) tising and display. workshop-warehouseis another half dozen h machines based on po tion or his own fantasy

Already Japanese an ican factories emplo range of industrial robot form heavy, dangerous tasks shunned by their Japanese "mechatronic perts are busy designing flexible and efficient m industry.

Japanese toy manuf have devised a new gen of computerized toys! and respond creatively or sensory input to pe growing array of comple

Computer scientists and elsewhere are together the means w human intelligence and ity in machines.

Japanese researche nine high technology fi working under a gorgrant on the so-called Generation Computer

They hope to deve perfast, superintellige ter that might respond spoken, written or visu exercise nearhuman or suggest modificati own program if it se suited to the task at ha

Other researchers ing to the need for word sors to read the comple characters of the Jap guage have developed ters capable of recogn terns, laying the grou for machines that can respond to their visual

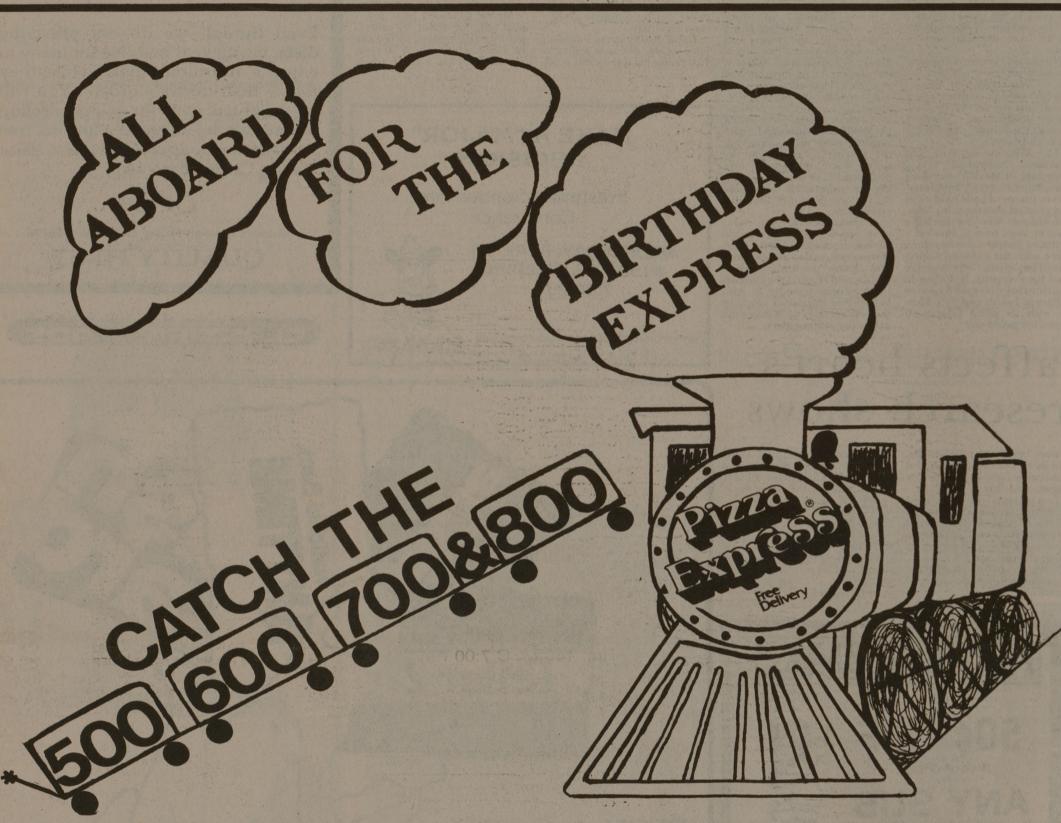
One soon-to-be creation will be able to Based on a popular con heroine, the new robot about 30 phrases in he toire and will be capab sponding to spoken inpu

"It took me over 20 reach this stage," he spent eight years develop skin alone.

"People must learn! with machines in the ful said. Development of is, for better or worse, in he believes. "People mu to use robots so robots use people."
Mizuno has joined

group of scientists gineers headed by D Kato of Waseda Uni explore potential in the The "Robot As The

group is pooling known specialized fields able to the creation of a android, he said.



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