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Museum seen as needed at A&M

Millions in research materials, artifacts stuffed in boxes

Battalion Reporter
Texas A&M University spent over \$71 million in research last year, but the average student has no place to see the results of that research. This is one of the reasons many researchers at Texas A&M would like to see a museum or an exhibit hall built to house their finds.

'We have thousands of artifacts we would like people to see, but they (the artifacts) are in hundreds of cartons piled in our offices," said Dr. Harry Shafer, Associate Professor of Anthropology at Texas A&M. "These artifacts represent the results of some of our research. Most of the artifacts have historic value, and the public could benefit from them. But who wants to come over to our offices and dig in boxes? We don't have enough room to work with the artifacts, much less

A look at the anthropology offices confirms Shafer's claim. There are boxes under desks and lining classrooms and halls. We need a museum not only for visitors, but to teach,

Shafer said. "It is much simpler to show students about something instead of just telling them. This holds true with not just anthropology but with other courses such as history.

"If a history professor was lecturing about lifestyles of certain Indians, it would be much easier for the students to understand the life of the Indians if they could see what the

Indians had to work and live with. Shafer's ideas are similar to those of many of Texas A&M's

faculty. One person who shares his views is Dr. Ervan Garrison, head of the Cultural Resource Laboratory at Texas A&M.

"It would be great to have a place on campus where students could stop in during a break in their schedules and acquaint themselves with some history," Garrison said. "This would give us a place to exhibit things we have found like cannon shells from a Civil War iron-clad ship, or artifacts from an old Indian burial ground. We have these things, but there is no place to put them where the public can see them.

We have mentioned this need to some of our superiors who seemed very excited about the idea," Carrison said, "but nothing has come from it. We are cramped for classroom space, which is the first priority, so the museum idea is placed on the back burner."

Since Texas A&M does not have a museum, it receives no federal funding for the upkeep of some of its exhibits. The Wildlife and Fisheries Department has many collections, one of which is the Texas Cooperative Wildlife Collection," said Robert Dowler, a Wildlife and Fisheries instructor at Texas A&M. "This collection is made up of over 30,000 mammals, 15,000 birds, and thousands of reptiles and fish. We could receive federal funds for the care of these collections if we had a museum. But since we don't, we have to use departmental funds to take care of them.

Not having a permanent place to put artifacts has kept Texas A&M from receiving some pieces of art as gifts, according to J. Wayne Stark, special assistant to Texas A&M's president for development of cultural programs.

Stark said Texas A&M has been offered many different items ranging from a very valuable art collection to antique tractors, but there is no place to put them.

tractors, but there is no place to put them. Stark said the items could be placed in various buildings throughout the campus, but someone has to be responsible for their mainte-

"Before we accept many more gifts, we are going to have to find someone who will be directly responsible for the gifts," Stark said. "This person or persons will have to be able to recognize art and be able to tell if someone had switched a forgery in for the original. This person will have to know when something needs to be restored, or repainted. In effect, just be responsible for any new gifts and the ones we

Stark said the first problem with starting a museum is deciding what the museum will house.
"Before we start talking seriously about building a

museum and acquiring items to fill the museum, we have to decide what we want to exhibit," he said. "Do we want to exhibit art or natural history, agricultural history or en-gineering history? Someone has to decide what is going to be

Stark said a building that would house everything every-one wanted to show would be nice, but wouldn't be feasible. Building and operating a museum is fairly expensive. The 1981 operating budget for the Texas Memorial Museum in

Austin is \$354,000. If Texas A&M were to build a museum, it would have to

raise the money for building and running it.

The 66th Legislature's Appropriation Bill says that State funds can not be used to build or run any new museum, but this could be gotten around if Texas A&M tried, said Dr. James Bond, Vice Chancellor for legal affairs at Texas A&M. "I haven't done any research on the question (a museum at

Texas A&M), but from reading the bill now, I bell are trying to keep universities from building any museums, and if they are built, to keep them from state money for operating funds. But the way this is I'm pretty sure that if we tried hard enough we con

Bond said one way to get around the law would be museum curator's program. The museum would be the lab. This would justify the need for a museum

Texas A&M already has the ground work for such ram. Two museum classes are offered by the Wild

Fisheries Science Department.

"A museum would benefit our program tremsaid Dowler, the instructor for the two museum There is no place on campus for the students in the

"There is no place on campus for the students in them classes to get any hands on experience."

"If A&M is serious about having a museum, the several things that need to be done before it is even." mended to the Board of Regents," Stark said. "We first form a committee to study recommendations in departments at A&M as to what they feel is needed. No committee needs to decide what is going to be easily when this is decided, they should be able to present regents for approval.

Most of the people contacted had different ideas at kind of museum they would like to see at Texas Akil most suggested type is one based on what Texas AM

'I feel that it is a shame that this great land grant un doesn't have a museum of agriculture and engin Dr. Victor Treat, assistant professor of history at Texas "We could exhibit antique tractors and old engine There could also be room for exhibits from other ments as to what they do and have done

"If A&M starts a museum, I only hope they do it or ly professional," said David Chapman, assistant and Texas A&M. "This means having a professional cura professional staff. If they are going to do it, do it rights have an amateur job.

The idea for a museum has not been brought said Dr. Charles Samson, Acting President of Te University. "The idea has only been discussed in the context of the overall thrust in the area of the arts. The not been any definitive discussions. But I can say the now, a museum is not in our present five-year plan

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Battalion Reporter King Tut never visited Aggieland,

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This relative didn't get around to enjoy the campus, but he stayed in a

building that once stood where the architecture building is now. Tut's possible relative was named ANH-

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Tut's kin may have visited

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That museum was establed **(PW W)** 1937 and was closed in 1961 founded on three collections fossil vertebrates, one plants, and a herbarium 40,000 specimens.

Dr. J. M. Nance, professor itus of history at Texas Abb members the museum wheat the only entertainment on a

"Before World War II, wis balls shome would come up for football people who fitheir dates would take then all find a pl museum to see the mummy his office other exhibits. This was near only thing to see on campus for the statue of Lawrence of North

-bet

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