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Sunbelt population grows

United Press International WASHINGTON — The popula-

land had the largest net losses. The Bureau of the Census, in retion in the Sunbelt grew significantly leasing its final estimates Tuesday of during the 1970s, with California, the 1980 census, said the population Florida and Texas showing the in the United States increased by greatest increases. The states of New 16.8 million during the previous de-York, Pennsylvania and Rhode Is- cade for a total of 220,099,000.

Chip Carter granted divorce grew by more than 2 million people during the decade from wife of seven years

an "uncontested" divorce from Caron Carter.

Sumter County Superior Court Judge W.L. Blanks signed the final divorce decree Tuesday. He had heard arguments in the action Friday with Mrs. Carter in court. Chip, campaigning for his father, was not present.

Sources reported it was a "friendly uncontested divorce" with "liberal

AMERICUS, Ga. — President Carter's son Chip has been granted bis 3-year-old son James Earl Carter IV. The boy spent last weekend with his father and grandparents at the

White House. Mrs. Carter, 29, of Hawkinsville, Ga., is an elementary school teacher in an Atlanta suburb.

The couple married in June, 1973 and separated in 1978. Chip has been living at the White House and now works for the Carter-Mondale campaign committee.

"While the Northeast has had almost no population change since 1970, and the North Central states have grown less than half as fast as the nation as a whole, the South and the West grew substantially faster than the national average," the Bureau said

California, Texas and Florida each during the decade.

California gained 2,723,000 during the decade for a total of 22,694,000; Texas gained 2,182,000 to 13,381,000; and Florida 2,068,000 to 8,859,000.

Other states estimated to have grown by more than half a million since 1970 are Arizona, Colorado, Virginia, Georgia, North Carolina and Washington. New York, Pennsylvania and

Rhode Island lost population since New York lost 593,000 people for a

total of 17,648,000; Pennsylvania was down 70,000 to 11,731,000; and Rhode Island lost 20,000 for a total of 930,000

The District of Columbia is estimated to have experienced the largest percentage drop in popula-tion during the decade, losing an estimated 13.4 percent (or 101,000) of its population between April 1970 and July 1979 for a total of 656,000 people.

If the estimates hold up when the official 1980 census is conducted, Florida would pick up three additional congressional seats, and Cali-fornia and Texas each would pick up two. Arizona, Colorado, New Mexico, Oregon, Tennessee, Utah and Washington each would gain one

New York would lose four congressional seats and Illinois, Ohio and Pennsylvania would drop two each. Losing one seat each would be Massachusetts, Michigan, New Jersey and South Dakota, the bureau

California remains the nation's most populous state, followed by New York and Texas. Alaska remains the nation's least populated state, despite a 34.3 percent population in-crease during the decade from 303,000 to 407,000.

Final census counts for the states will be released in January 1981.

United Press International WASHINGTON — Less than one month before the 1980 census is slated to begin, a group of immigration reformers and members of Congress is trying to delay the popula-tion count until illegal aliens are ex-

cluded The Federation for American Immigration Reform and 26 members of Congress Tuesday asked the Supreme Court to block the census scheduled to begin on April 1.

The group said the census should not be taken until its lawsuit challenging the inclusion of illegal aliens in the population count is reviewed. They asked Chief Justice Warren Burger for a preliminary injunction. The group filed a federal suit to

stop the census, arguing inclusion of illegal aliens would result in an unfair reapportionment - giving states

with large numbers of illegal aliens more seats in Congress.

Alien count question

may halt census start

They argued the Constitution mandates the counting only of legal residents of the United States. On Feb. 26, a three-judge federal District Court panel dismissed the suit, ruling the group did not have a legal right to bring it and they failed to show harm would result by including millions of illegal aliens in the census.

Renewing its claim in the United States' highest court, the group argued the inclusion of illegal aliens would "dilute" the population base for congressional seats and affect the distribution of \$50 billion in federal funds to the states.

They said the ruling of the lower court "effectively confers upon illegal aliens a right to equal representation in Congress and state legisla-

tures, a result plainly at odds with the purpose of the Constitution

Unless Burger acts, they argue the ruling would be "an ill-found invitation to nationwide post-cenlitigation of the issue, in a com where relief would require the penditure of vast sums for retain the census and potential dissoluof the then-seated 97th Congress 40 state legislatures."

Barnaby Zall, a spokesman for federation, said the ruling will appealed to the U.S. Circuit Coun Appeals for the District of Colum

He said the federation wants court to order two population counts, one including illegal alies and one with only legal residents would be used for apportion purposes.

Defaulters to receive refunds from GMAC

United Press International WASHINGTON — Thousands of consumers whose General Motors cars and trucks were repossessed when they defaulted on their pay-ments will receive from \$25 to \$700 in refunds in a \$2 million Federal Trade Commission settlement.

The money is owed the former car and truck owners, the FTC said Tuesday, because GM's financing agency, General Motors Acceptance Corp., allegedly sold the vehicles at a profit and failed to return the extra money to the people who defaulted.

Under the Uniform Commercial Code, when a car is repossessed and sold, the person who defaulted on his payments is supposed to be refunded any "surplus" money from the re-sale, after deductions are made for

the amount still owed and expenses funds will be "notified as soon as for handling the transaction. funds will be "notified." The actual provide the source of the source for handling the transaction.

GMAC, according to the FTC, repossesses more than 100,000 cars and trucks every year. But according to an FTC complaint, GMAC is conducting "sham" sales of the repossessed cars by selling them back to itself at a low price, then reselling them to

a third party at a higher price. GM still denies the FTC's allegations, saying, "In most cases the money realized on the sale of a repossession is less than the amount owed by the defaulting customer.

But it said the legal cost of fighting the matter was substantial and threatened to be even higher so "a decision was made to consider a negotiated settlement.

Consumers eligible for the re-

though smaller, agreement viously was reached with the Motor Co. The consent agreement set the complaint states GM dealers must provide refunds when own former owners of repossessed within 45 days, along with a writ

statement telling how the and

was calculated.

ments, it said, will not be fini

until at least a year after the effect

date of the agreement. The effect date probably will be sometime

May or June. The FTC described the set ment as "one of the largest cons

er-credit restitution agreem

is not, however, the first. A sim

ever obtained by the comm

Grain targets to rise

LANGE MUSIC CO.

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UP TO 25% OFF

United Press International WASHINGTON — Both the House and Senate approved without dissent compromise legislation to raise target prices for wheat and feed

grain crops by 7 percent this year. The legislation would raise targets for wheat to \$3.63 per bushel and for corn to \$2.35 per bushel. Target

prices for 1981 would have to be least that high. The agricultures retary would have discretion to them

te

The Senate approved the on promise Tuesday morning. A k hours later, the House added approval and sent the bill to Pre

dent Carter for his signature. Target prices are intended to safety nets for farmers in the even low prices. When national aven crop prices fall below the targ farmers are given direct per-bus



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No, Mr. Babcock. Yes, Mr. Burns. Never, Ms. Little. Never. Five days of this and I bust loose with Cuervo & grapefruit.



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* * * * * * * *	KELSEY MIXING BOARD reg \$1200°0 SALE \$900°° *BARGONS THROUGHOUT THE STORE* No charge cards accepted on sale items. 1410 Texas Ave. 822-2334	 30, 1981. The extension a billion in lending authority for billion program which was to May 15. The program provides m farm operating expenses and financing.

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