

WHAT I'LL MISS MOST ABOUT COMING BACK TO SCHOOL IS 'DIALING FOR DOLLARS,' 'AS THE WORLD TURNS', AND 'THE EDGE OF NIGHT.

David Broder

Kennedy's chances plummet in Illinois

By DAVID S. BRODER

Probably nowhere in America is the diz-Probably nowhere in America is the dizzying downward spiral of Sen. Edward M. Kennedy's presidential campaign more visible than here in Illinois — the state where John F. Kennedy eked out his 1960 victory, thanks to the votes provided by Chicago's Mayor Richard J. Daley.

From that day to this, there has been a special link between the Kennedys and Chicago, seemingly as solid as the position of the Kennedy-owned Merchandise Mart in the center of the city's commerce.

in the center of the city's commerce.

But today, the heirs of Richard Daley do

not even bother to disquise their disquiet with the Kennedy alliance and their sense of doubt about where it may be taking them. "He's in trouble," said George Dunne, the president of the Cook County Board of Commissioners and chairman of the Democratic organization. "And so are

Part of it is the blanket that the Iran and Part of it is the blanket that the Iran and Afghanistan crises have thrown over Kennedy's campaigning everywhere. "It's hurt him considerably," said Dunne, noting that the Chicago organization has a history of rallying behind embattled Presidents, even when the issue was as controversial as the Vietnam war.

But that is only part of the problem that has dropped Kennedy from a strong favorite to a distinct underdog in the March 18 Illinois primary that could be pivotal in his challenge to President Carter.

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The endorsement Kennedy won from
Chicago Mayor Jane Byrne — who had earlier led Carter to believe she was in his

corner — has turned sour.

Byrne's personal popularity has plummeted, in part because of the negative reaction to her political fickleness, and in part because "the city that worked" under Daley has suffered transit strikes, payless paydays for teachers and other embarates.

he shots," only to learn that she intended

the small society

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to exclude from the Kennedy campaign anyone whose loyalty to her was in doubt anyone whose loyalty to her was in doubt. Former county assessor Thomas M. Tully, a long-time Kennedy loyalist considered a potential rival of Byrne's, was barred from the campaign at the outset. And even now, when Byrne's monopoly has reportedly been broken, campaign spokesman Terry Michael says, "I don't know what, if any-thing, Mr. Tully is doing." What was worse from Kennedy's

viewpoint, the mayor turned out to be unable to deliver what she promised — the full support of the organization. Just before Christmas, Dunne startled her by declaring openly that many of the ward committeemen were nervous about the Kennedy alliance and preferred to run their delegate slates uncommitted. Byrne got on the phone and quashed that threat, but was unable to force the big names in the organization to put themselves on the line for her and Kennedy.

The result has been a spate of publicity about the "no-name" Kennedy slate: 31 of 50 aldermen, all but six of the state legislators, and all but one of the 10 Democratic congressmen are shunning the Kennedy delegate slate.

Meantime, Carter's operatives skillfully pieced together their slates from Byrne deractors in the city and Democratic loyalists

The sourness in the Kennedy campaign is such that some of his erstwhile supporters are even complaining about the location of his campaign headquarters in the

are clinging to the hope that the next two In return for her endorsement, Kennedy months could bring an equally dramatic recovery. But the problems he faces here are evidence of how far Kennedy's skid has

by Brickman

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THE BATTALION

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Sam Stroder

VIEWPOINT

THE BATTALION TEXAS A&M UNIVERSITY

WEDNESDAY **IANUARY 16, 1980**

U.S. foreign policy benefits from newfound domestic unity

By ARNOLD SAWISLAK

For the first two months of the Iranian hostage crisis, American politicians gave the world a glimpse of an almost forgotten phenomenom — a bi-partisan U.S. foreign

It has been several decades since elected officials and the leadership of both major parties have united behind the president on a specific issue in the conduct of foreign

The once-honored phrase "politics ends at the water's edge" has been inoperative since the turbulent period of shifting power that followed World War II.

Every president since Harry Truman has had to operate in the international sphere with one eye cocked for domestic opposi-tion. Several have had to modify policies when it became clear they would be under

fire at home — from the political opposition cans when the U.S. embassy in Teheran

or even their own parties. Advocates of a strong presidential foreign policy have argued that the uncertainty of a single American voice has been one of the factors that has reduced the nation's influence in world affairs. Many people feel it was U.S. dissent — in official political circles as much as on the streets —

rather than communist armies that determined the outcome of the Vietnam War.

There is plenty of opposition to this view, of course. Many Americans, both in and out of government, believe debate and dissent in foreign affairs as well as in domestic matters is essential to public support of gov-

ernment policies. In any case, Jimmy Carter had no reason to expect that he would get the unified support of both Democrats and Republi-

was captured and its occupants taken hos-tage. With more than half a dozen contenders in the GOP field and two Democrats after his scalp on the issue of leadership, Carter's deliberate policy on the hostages seemed ripe for attack.

But seemingly without proding, everyone quickly fell in line with the president's policy. Without demanding it, Carter got bipartisanship on the hostages. It was a rare show of national unity, or as some saw it, a unique case of unanimous agree-ment by a diverse group of politicians that that it was in their own best interests to

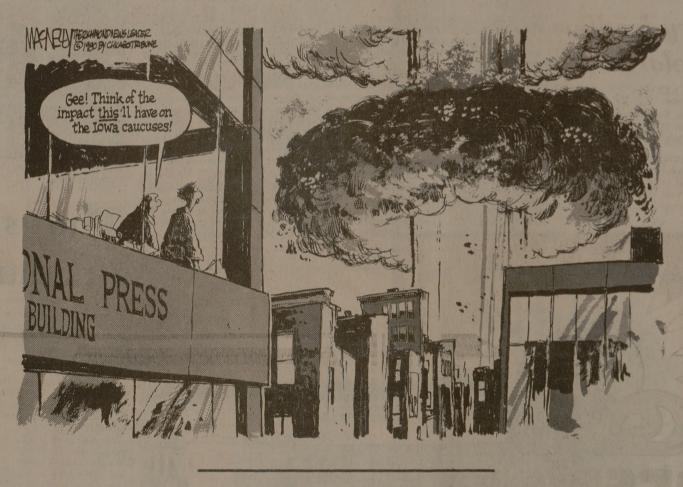
keep their mouths shut.

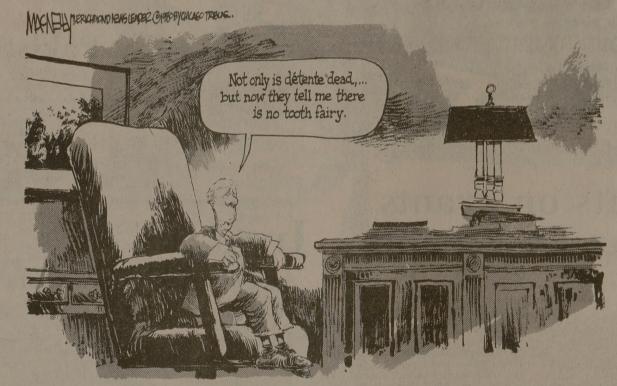
This last view was bolstered when a couple of candidates, notably Sen. Edward Kennedy, approached the limits of the reservation during the first two months of the

the political community and the med so quick and so unanimous that a really dared go over the boundaries.

A rare joint statement of support Democratic and Republican national mittee chairmen was the unofficialte the partisan cease fire on Iran and the GOP signatory, Bill Brock, tosignend of the truce just after New Year

No sooner had Brock uttered the high level political criticism of Carter icy than a number of his party's presi aspirants joined the chorus. No on anything that might be constru jeopardizing the hostages, suchasass tion that armed force be used, but came very clear that the bipartisan la moon was over.





THOTZ

By Doug Graham

