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AVISO PUBLICO
Breves Declaraciones Explicativas De Las ENMIENDAS CONSTITUCIONALES PROPUESTAS ELECCION ESPECIAL 6 DE NOVIEMBRE DE 1979

PROPOSICION NO. 1 EN LA BOLETA
(H.J.R. 108)

La Resolución Conjunta #108 de la Cámara de Representantes propone una enmienda en la constitución de Texas referente al nombramiento y a los plazos de los notarios públicos.

La enmienda propuesta: —Requerirá que el Secretario de Estado nombre a un número conveniente de notarios públicos para el estado; y —autorizará para que los plazos oficiales para notarios públicos sean por no menos de dos años y por no más de cuatro años.

La provisión temporal de la enmienda constitucional propuesta declara que la enmienda entrará en vigor el 1° de enero de 1980; que cada persona que haya sido nombrada como notario público antes del 1° de enero de 1980 continuará ejerciendo como notario público hasta vencerse el plazo por el que fue nombrado; y que esta provisión temporal se vencerá el 1° de enero de 1982.

La enmienda propuesta aparecerá en la boleta como sigue:

"La enmienda constitucional para el nombramiento de notarios públicos para el estado para un plazo de no menos de dos años ni de más de cuatro años, según lo provisto por la ley."

PROPOSICION NO. 2 EN LA BOLETA
(H.J.R. 133)

La Resolución Conjunta #133 de la Cámara de Representantes propone una enmienda en la constitución de Texas para proveer una revisión del proceso reglamentario en las agencias del departamento ejecutivo. Esta enmienda propuesta permitirá a la Legislatura el decretar leyes:

- Para proveer una revisión legislativa del proceso reglamentario en las agencias del departamento ejecutivo;
- Para prescribir condiciones para que las leyes sean puestas en vigor;
- Para suspender, revocar o expirar las reglas;
- Para prescribir procedimientos; y
- Para delegar autoridad a cualquiera o a ambas cámaras, o a los comités de cualquiera o de ambas cámaras.

La enmienda propuesta aparecerá en la boleta como sigue:

"La enmienda constitucional para proveer una revisión legislativa del

proceso reglamentario en las agencias del departamento ejecutivo."

PROPOSICION NO. 3 EN LA BOLETA
(S.J.R. 13)

La Resolución Conjunta Senatorial #13 propone una enmienda en la constitución de Texas para autorizar a la Legislatura para que provea una garantía de préstamos, a las personas calificadas, para la compra de bienes raíces agrícolas y ganaderas. De esta manera, la enmienda propuesta podría permitir a la Legislatura el proveer, emitir y vender bonos de obligación general llamados "Farm and Ranch Loan Security Bonds" (Bonos de Seguridad Para Préstamos Agrícolas y Ganaderos) del Estado de Texas, sin exceder la cantidad de \$10 millones de dólares. Todo dinero recibido de la venta de estos bonos sería depositado en un fondo diferente en la Tesorería Estatal y sería administrado por el comisionado de agricultura, sin más apropiaciones.

Estos fondos garantizarían préstamos para la compra de bienes raíces agrícolas y ganaderas. El comisionado de agricultura usaría estos fondos bajo las provisiones prescritas por la Legislatura, con el propósito de garantizar préstamos para la compra de bienes raíces agrícolas y ganaderas; para adquirir hipotecas de bienes raíces o escrituras de bienes raíces compradas con préstamos garantizados. Estos fondos serían usados también para adelantar un porcentaje del principal y del interés debido en esos préstamos, a la persona que califique para el préstamo. La Legislatura también podría autorizar al comisionado de agricultura para que venda cualquier terreno adquirido mediante esta enmienda. El comisionado de agricultura requeriría al menos un 6 por ciento de interés en dichos préstamos. La enmienda propuesta apropiaría la cantidad suficiente para pagar el principal y el interés de los bonos que van adquiriendo más valor, o que se venzan durante el año fiscal, menos la cantidad del fondo de interés y amortización al final del año anterior.

La enmienda propuesta aparecerá en la boleta como sigue:

"La enmienda constitucional para autorizar a la Legislatura para que por medio de la venta de bonos de obligación general del Estado de Texas, provea una garantía para que las personas calificadas puedan obtener préstamos para la compra de bienes raíces agrícolas y ganaderas."

the nation

Pressure put on states to enforce 55-mph law

United Press International WASHINGTON — The administration asked Congress Monday to increase pressure on the states to enforce the 55 mph speed limit and thereby save more gasoline.

But the administration proposal was far short of a new compliance schedule proposed by Sen. Howard

Metzenbaum, D-Ohio. He called the administration "timid."

Joan Claybrook, administrator of the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, said there needs to be a "delicate balance" in the federal-state effort to get motorists to accept the 55 mph limit in place of the higher speeds that prevailed before the energy crisis.

"We are talking about human behavior. That happens generationally. It doesn't happen over night," she said.

Under present federal law, all states are supposed to be able to report at the end of the year that 30 percent of their motorists are complying with the 55 mph limit. Failure to meet that standard could result in a 5 percent cut in federal highway funds.

The required compliance level goes to 40 percent in 1980 and reaches 70 percent of a state's motorists in 1983, but a bill sponsored by Metzenbaum would up the schedule to 75 percent in 1980 and reach 90 percent in 1983. He would also increase the penalty by withholding 35 percent of highway funds.

Claybrook, testifying before a Se-

nate Energy subcommittee, proposed that the present schedule remain unchanged for 1979 and 1980, but be increased by 10 percent in each of the following years, to a top of 80 percent in 1983.

She said the states have had to bear all costs of enforcing the 55 mph speed limit and the federal government should not push too hard for stricter enforcement without also providing additional money or technical aid.

She also noted the enforcement problem is more difficult for some states — particularly in the West — than for others.

Claybrook said five states — Texas, Indiana, Missouri, New Mexico and Wyoming — have not reached the 30 percent compliance level and face a possible 5 percent cut in federal highway money if they do not meet that standard by the end of the year.

While 30 percent of the motorists are complying with the 55 mph limit, another 30 percent are driving faster than 60 mph and the rest are somewhere in between, she said.

Another reason for stricter enforcement of the 55 mph limit, Claybrook said, is that the new line of cars — smaller and more fuel-efficient — are more dangerous in wrecks than the previous, larger models.

"They are genuinely less safe," she said.

Particle discovered via math

United Press International MADISON, Wis. — A team of University of Wisconsin-Madison physicists has been credited with putting together the mathematical formula that helped scientists learn the existence of a previously unknown particle in the atom.

The team put together a mathematical formula used by European and Israeli scientists to demonstrate the existence of "gluons" — the elemental particles that hold atom parts together.

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PUBLIC NOTICE
BRIEF EXPLANATORY STATEMENTS OF PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS
SPECIAL ELECTION
NOVEMBER 6, 1979

PROPOSITION NO. 1 ON THE BALLOT
(H.J.R. 108)

House Joint Resolution 108 proposes an amendment to the Texas Constitution relating to the appointment and terms of notaries public. The proposed amendment would: —Require the Secretary of State to appoint a convenient number of Notaries Public for the state; and —Authorize terms of office of Notaries Public of not less than two years nor more than four years.

A temporary provision of the proposed constitutional amendment provides that the amendment would take effect January 1, 1980; that each person who was appointed a notary public before January 1, 1980, would continue to serve as a notary public for the term for which the person was appointed; and that this temporary provision would expire January 1, 1982.

The proposed amendment will appear on the ballot as follows: "The constitutional amendment to provide for the appointment of notaries public for the state and for a term of not less than two years nor more than four years as provided by law."

PROPOSITION NO. 2 ON THE BALLOT
(H.J.R. 133)

House Joint Resolution 133 proposes an amendment to the Texas Constitution to provide for legislative review of the process of rulemaking by agencies in the executive department. The proposed amendment would allow the Legislature to enact laws:

- To provide for legislative review of the process of rulemaking by agencies in the executive department;
- To prescribe conditions for rules to take effect;
- To provide for suspension, repeal, or expiration of rules;
- To prescribe procedures; and
- To delegate powers to either or both houses or to committees of either or both houses.

The proposed amendment will appear on the ballot as follows:

"The constitutional amendment to provide for legislative review of

the process of rulemaking by agencies in the executive department."

PROPOSITION NO. 3 ON THE BALLOT
(S.J.R. 13)

Senate Joint Resolution 13 proposes an amendment to the Texas Constitution authorizing the Legislature to provide for the guarantee of loans used to purchase farm and ranch real estate for qualified borrowers. The proposed amendment would allow the Legislature to provide for, issue, and sell general obligation bonds called "Farm and Ranch Loan Security Bonds" of the State of Texas not to exceed 10 million dollars. All money received from the sale of such bonds would be deposited in a separate fund with the State Treasurer and administered by the commissioner of agriculture without further appropriations. These funds would be used to guarantee loans for the purchase of farm and ranch real estate. The commissioner of agriculture would use these funds, under provisions to be prescribed by the Legislature for the purpose of guaranteeing loans used for the purchase of farm and ranch real estate, to acquire real estate mortgages or deeds of trust on lands purchased with guaranteed loans. These funds would also be used to advance to the borrower a percentage of the principal and interest due. The Legislature may also authorize the commissioner of agriculture to sell at foreclosure any land acquired in the manner authorized by this amendment. The commissioner of agriculture would be required to charge at least 6 percent interest on such loans. The proposed amendment appropriates an amount that is sufficient to pay the principal and interest on the bonds that mature or become due during the fiscal year less the amount in the interest and sinking fund at the close of the prior fiscal year.

The proposed amendment will appear on the ballot as follows: "The constitutional amendment authorizing the legislature to provide for the guarantee of loans for purchase of farm and ranch real estate for qualified borrowers by the sale of general obligation bonds of the State of Texas."

National briefs

U.S. denies deal as Cubans release four

United Press International WASHINGTON — The Cuban government Monday released four American political prisoners from jail in a move that "delighted" the U.S. government.

However, a State Department spokesman said the United States did not consider the release to be part of a deal involving the U.S. release of four prominent Puerto Rican nationalists.

The announcement said the U.S. interests section in Havana was informed that the Cubans were releasing the four. The department said the release had already taken place and that the United States was sending a charter plane to Havana to pick them up and return them to Havana.

California GOP keeps primary system

SAN DIEGO — California Republicans have handed Ronald Reagan an important victory by refusing to scrap the nation's only winner-take-all primary.

At the Sunday windup of the California Republican Party Convention, delegates voted 675-227 to continue giving the leading GOP contender in the state primary all 168 delegate votes.

Backers of the 68-year-old former California governor demolished an attempt by Reagan opponents and others to substitute proportional distribution of delegates, under which a candidate getting 30 percent of the votes would get 30 percent of the delegates.

Reagan, GOP frontrunner in most of the polls, told reporters at a convention news conference he advocates the winner-take-all primary because of the "clout" it gives California at the national convention.

Guard says divers attacked Navy sub

United Press International KITTERY, Maine — Officials at the Portsmouth Naval Shipyard Monday investigated an alleged nighttime attack by two divers on an armed guard alongside a nuclear-powered submarine.

A guard on a barge alongside the U.S.S. Stonewall Jackson, a 425-foot nuclear-powered ballistic missile sub, reported he was attacked by two divers wearing scuba equipment shortly before 9 p.m. Sunday night, a shipyard representative said Monday.

Johnston said Navy officials were investigating the alleged incident for corroborating evidence of a guard's report. "No one else has reported seeing anything. We're looking for corroborating evidence," said Johnston.

The guard, whose name was withheld, reported the two divers jumped back into the water after scuffling with them and fired shots from a .45-caliber handgun. It was not known if either intruder was hit.

The intruders never boarded the sub.

Johnston said the submarine has been docked at the shipyard for routine overhauls since August 1978, and was scheduled for completion early next year. The ship is equipped to carry 16 Poseidon nuclear missiles. The shipyard said the ships are disarmed before entering the shipyard.

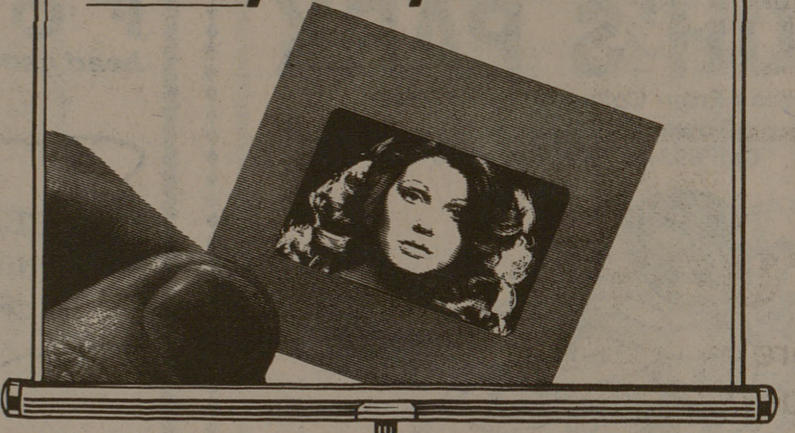
The ship had 168 crewmembers aboard when it checked into the shipyard from its home port in London, Conn.

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