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## Flight worth it, boat people say

HONG KONG - If anyone is vulnerable it is Huynh Van Hau, who never expected to travel farther from his farm home than the threemile distance to the Buddhist center of study in the old Vietnamese imperial capital of Hue. Yet here he is in Hong Kong, look-

## Ship assists **Viet refugees** on high seas

United Press International SINGAPORE — A 380-ton ship registered in Thailand cruises the South China Sea looking for Vietnamese refugees to assist them in reaching friendly shores. The ship, Cal Loader, is operated by World Vision International,

(WVI) an organization with a \$48 million annual budget which as-sists victims of war, floods, earthquakes and other disasters.

Last May, it launched Operation Seasweep off the coast of southern Vietnam in international waters. Eight WVI officials were aboard the ship, including a doctor and two nurses.

"Our main functions are to provide medical attention, food, water, fuel and repairs to the engine of the boat if necessary and to help them live another day so they can get to safety," said WVI official Milton Kohut of Los Angeles, Calif. During Kohut's tenure aboard the

Cal Loader, he had five encounters with Vietnamese refugee boats.

The first one, he said, had 55 ref-ugees aboard. The Cal Loader re-paired the boat's engine and the ref-ugees continued on their journey. Two days later, the WVI ship

Meanwhile, over 20,000 refugees have landed in Australia in the past came across 21 refugees on a sinking boat

They were taken to Bangkok, Thailand, and 12 were later pro-cessed for entry to the United States, while the other nine were granted admission to France, Kohut said.

On another occasion, the Cal Loader found 64 people jammed aboard a 40-foot boat. "They did not have a compass or a

map and were lost when we found them. We treated 20 of the refugees who were ill, mostly from dehydra-tion. We provided them with a com-pass, map, food and water and sent them on their way when the engine

was fixed." WVI's Singapore office purchased a vessel for \$3,000 and it rendez-voused with the Cal Loader 20 miles off the coast of Malaysia. He said the Vietnamese transferred to the ship and "left on their own" in early October.

The Seasweep operation has since been suspended because of the monsoon season but will resume in March, Kohut said.

According to WVI officials in Singapore, about half of the refugees fleeing Vietnam have drowned or died in the escape journey. Kohut said WVI based the calcula-

tion on what volunteers had seen and

ing barely half his 24 years and cring-ing in his faded plumcolored monk robes following a 1,000-mile adventure on heaving seas that included two stops in China.

"They treated us well enough — in fact they were kind and generous," Hau said in recalling Chinese treat-ment when his refugee boat had to put in twice for repairs on the island of Hainan, halfway across the South China Sea from Hue.

China Sea from Hue. "But they told me — told us — to take guns and go back and overthrow take guns and go back and overthrow would ask to be executed." Wong fled Vietnam aboard a boat with 171 other ethnic Chinese. the Vietnamese government in Hanoi.

THE CHINESE REPAIRED the reluctant motor propelling Hau and his 73 shipmates, then set them off to sea with food, water and enough fuel to get them safely to Hong Kong

waters — minus the guns. Hau's tale is not the normal story of the estimated 40,000 Vietnamese "boat people" who have been tossed up on the shores of the western Pacific all the way from Thailand to Australia.

But it's a recounting far from unique

And if he had it to do all over again, would Buddhist monk Hau abandon his mother, bribe authorities, steal a boat, sneak past sentries who would happily fill his body full of lead if caught and then set out on an un-

## **Refugee flow increases**

BANGKOK, Thailand — Refugee resettlement programs in Thailand are finally working more smoothly,

quotas have been raised and local

three years, and officials there say

most have been given resident

The problem in Thailand, how-

ever, remains that more Indochinese

refugees are coming into Bangkok

A representative of the United Na-tions High Commissioner of Ref-ugees said the number of refugees

registered in Thai camps reached

116,534 by the end of September, up

more than 1,000 over the previous

THE UNHCR OFFICIAL called

it "one of our better months." He said about 2,000 refugees left for re-

settlement in third countries, but

more than 3,100 new refugees were

have added to the flow. But most of

Thailand's refugees come from tiny

neighboring Laos. More than 98,000 Laotian ref-ugees are living in Thai refugee

camps and thousands more are be-

lieved to be living illegally outside the camps in the Thai countryside. WITH A DROUGHT last year

and widespread floods this year add-

A brutal regime in communist

resettlement is being planned.

status.

than going out.

registered.

known sea famous for its treachery? HAU'S ANSWER IS the same as that of Wong Thai, a Vietnamese-Chinese businessman from Qui Nhon, a coastal city 240 miles south of Hue

"It was worth risking death to es-cape," said the middleaged former businessman. "If I were given the choice of execution or returning to the Socialist Republic of Vietnam, I

the "concentration camp farms." Trong decided who went and who stayed in the city. My Vietnamese friends who were in business took the same road as I did. They had to close their shops." He shrugged. "It's the communist bribe me or other officials who had influence with me, I put them on the

WHETHER THEY HAVE learned the lesson from risking prison by surreptitiously listening to the Voice of America (VOA) or British Broadcasting Corp. (BBC) broadcasts, the "boat people" all tell dubious authorities when they step on the non-communist shores of Thailand, Malaysia, the Philippines, Hong Kong, Macao or Australia: "We are fleeing communism. We

Trong's reaction is typical of a Vietnamese clannishness that is exacerbated when Vietnamese from

gions are cast together in the seaside camps in Thailand, or the cramped hotel rooms where many of them are housed in Hong Kong.

THE BATTALION

manent refuge in the United States.

Portugese enclave of Macao claims

that at least to his sensitive office in Ho Chi Minh City, it was a matter of economics what happened to people in the former South Vietnamese cap-

ital known previously as Saigon. LE TRONG WORKED in the

dreaded Central Office of Registry

for New Economic Zones, known af

fectionately among the refugees as

'If they had enough money to

list of 'needed personnel' (exempt from breaking new earth in virgin land) — they could stay in the city."

If he had earned all that money (he

never said how much) in bribes, why did Trong leave? "The new cadres were not only Northerners," he said.

'They were communists and neither

one will leave us southerners alone.

One of the refugees on the nearby

Canada, Australia, or France.

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**Resettlement** quotas raised ing to serious food shortages, the dians and Vietnamese while its own flow of refugees has steadily in- people go unhelped.

At first the refugee problem was somewhat embarrassing to the Aus-tralian government because some of the vessels got within a few miles of Darwin harbor before being detected.

Since then, however, their route has become almost standardized. The refugees are almost invariably

accepted and given temporary entry status pending checks on their backregistered in the camps have stuck there for over three years, hoping for ground

ALTHOUGH ABOUT 8,000 are still in government-operated hostels in various cities, others have made their own homes in both urban and country areas and have been assimilated into the community. Most have been given resident status in Austra

Immigration Minister Michael Mackellar said many Australians feel the boat people should be turned away. "But what would happen to Australia's good name if we did turn back one of these boats and it sank? And what would we be condemning refugees to when we send them back to the places from which they fled?"

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creased.

Cambodia and uncompromising socialist transformation in Vietnam of the political consequences of aid-ing and resettling Laotians, Cambo-

cannot live under communism. Our lives would be in danger." Those are the magic words.

Refugee resettlement programs at

the French, Australian and United

States embassies have ironed out

some of the bureaucratic bugs that have plagued them over the past three years. Movement abroad, especially for Vietnamese boat

people, is fairly quick. Many of the 15,011 Cambodians

speedier action once a proposed U.S. quota of 7,000 Cambodians per

year is approved by President Car-

program aimed at the neglected Cambodians, but it is limited to 20

families per month. SOME WESTERN COUN-

TRIES and the UNHCR have been

urging Thailand to permanently re-

settle some of the refugees in Thai-

land. But the Thai government, with

large, land-poor population of na-

tive Thais in the countryside, is wary

Canada recently announced a new

different regions or different reliwhether they know it or not, that are the open sesame to temporary asylum until they are granted per-