Few fishermen catch most fish

hat point has been emphasized ing surveys conducted by the. as Parks and Wildlife Depart-

What are the rest of the anglers Many times it is the little over-

ht that leads to a fisherman's nfall and lets a trophy fish es-Here are a few ways to lose a fish:

Old line: Neither braided nor

ofilament line lasts forever. ng periods of disuse as well as ant action and excessive heat weaken a line and cause it to ak at the wrong time.

low often an angler needs to

Only a few of the fishermen catch change his line depends on how line carefully or lightly run it much he fishes and the type of through his fingers to check for water he fishes in. Long hours of fishing in water with a lot of underbrush might call for a line change every few trips. As a general rule, the average freshwater angler should change his line once or twice a year. And at the same time, reels should not be stored where line is exposed to direct sunlight or exces-

— Frayed line: Abrasion is probably the single greatest threat to fishing line. The bass angler who been spread open. Bending the constantly fishes the underwater forests of Toledo Bend and Sam Rayburn should be particularly alert

to line abrasion. A wise fisherman should scan his

— Littered boat: A bass guide re-lates this story: "I had this old 'bucket-mouth' bass wallowing at the side of the boat. I reached for the landing net and it wasn't where

rough spots before each fishing trip.
Some make it a habit to strip off and discard the first few feet of line before a fishing trip. Check rod guides for rust or rough spots which could damage line.

— Damaged hook: Dull hooks

mean lost fish. Either sharpen dull

points with a whetstone or replace

around and my client had his feet tangled in it. I lost the fish before I could get the net out."

Things happen fast when a big fish is on the line. To be prepared for such instances, an angler should be certain of three things: (1) he can move around in the boat if need be without stepping in an open tackle box or getting tangled in something, (2) the landing net is within easy reach, and (3) once the fish is aboard there will be a safe place to put it where it won't flop overboard, which has happened more than

hook back into shape weakens the metal. And, of course, rusty hooks should be replaced. There are many other ways to lose a fish. Lack of concentration, not playing the fish long enough,

Texas dove hunting season was poorest ever recorded

AUSTIN — Results of a statewide postcard survey of Texas mourning dove hunters are completed and figures show some 4.8 million doves

were taken in the 1975-76 seasons.
Parks and Wildlife Department dove program leader Jim Dunks said the season was a rather poor one, something which should surprise faw hunters who remember. prise few hunters who remember the scant number of doves available

'We estimate 203,278 dove hunters spent 916,800 days in the field during mourning dove seasons last year," said Dunks. "Hunter success was the poorest ever recorded since the department started its harvest South Zone hunters. Across the state, hunters went dove shooting an average of 4.5 times, a record high even if they had only marginal

Dunks said hunters in North, Central and South Texas experienced a decline in success. Hunting success changed little from past years in the Pineywoods, Coastal Prairies and High Plains. Edwards Plateau hunters had slightly better luck, and those in the Trans-Pecos posted a sizeable improvement.

"There was a general pattern of more doves killed farther west in the state," said Dunks. "Average doves bagged per hunt in the

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the North Zone season. All-day hunting was permitted in the brief January segment of the South Zone season, but with no de-

tectable change in the harvest. Dunks speculated that declining harvest of mourning doves probably was due to a broad shift in agricultural practices.

"Farmers and ranchers in the western half of Texas are planting more dry-land grain and seed crops," said Dunks. "This probably accounts for a larger kill in western Texas, however, hunters from major urban areas such as Dallas and Houston are reluctant to travel great distances to hunt doves and the overall harvest declines as a re-

llegal trotlines problem or game wardens

AUSTIN — "Game wardens have an more than 1,000 miles of il-al trotlines from Central Texas over a one-month period," Henry Burkett, director of law ent for the Texas Parks and ife Department, and the kdown will continue.

The trotline tag requirement passed to keep one person from ng a good fishing spot indefiy, and also as a safety factor to not the removal of abandoned and lines from the water,' id Burkett.

Game wardens are required to stroy illegal, unclaimed fishing

frotlines not tagged with the er's name, address and the date line was set are illegal, and emen have improperly tagged trotline restrictions for the which they intend to fish.

their line or paying a fine," Burkett

According to Burkett, a trotline may be tagged with a metal tag, plastic lettered strips or with the in-formation printed on a plastic bottle. Some people even put their address on a piece of paper in a small medicine bottle tied to the line. All

these methods are satisfactory. Game wardens will pull any untagged lines; those that have been in the water more than 90 days; or one that is illegally constructed, such as having too many hooks, Burkett

Since many counties in Central Texas have special trotlines laws, fishermen should refer to their game law digest to find the specific trotline restrictions for the county in

Brigham Young, 194-10 (59.38); 4. Ben met, Missouri, 194-7 (59.32); 5. Jim rd, Westmont, 190-7 (58.10); 6. Darrell, Southern California, 187-5 (57.14). Daneter relay — 1. Tennessee (Jong Ricci Gardner, Jerome Morgan, Resones), 39.16; 2. Kansas, 39.39; 3. Southalfornia, 39.51; 4. Arizona State, 39.62; burn, 39.66; 6. Texas Christian, 40.01.

rs - 1. Ken Randle, Southern wheters — 1. Ken Kandle, Southern illumia, 45.2; 2. Herman Frazier, Arizonia la, 45.3; 3. Evis Jennings, Mississippi la, 45.5; 4. Mark Collings, Baylor, 45.8; 5. la Saloman, New Mexico, 46.0; 6. Ronald lin, Tennessee, 46.0

00 meters — 1. Joshua Kimeto, ington State, 13:47.84; 2. John Ngeno, ington State, 13.55.60; 3. Samson imbwa, Washington State, 13:56.36; 4. Cotton, Arizona, 14:00.22; 5. Steve mcia, Minnesota, 14:01.23; 6. Randy n, Arkansas, 14:04.16.

lancon, Arkansas, 14:04.16.

1500-meter relay (Championship, two secus un, winner determined on time basis): ut heat — 1. Arizonia State (Clifton kenzie, Richard Walker, Carl McCulup, Herman Frazier), 3:03.49; 2. Kentucky ate, 3:03.50. 3. California, 3:03.92; 4. olor, 3:05.63; 5. Howard, 3:05.87. Second ut—1. Tennessee (Michael Barlow, Ron unis, Lamar Preyor, Jerome Morgan), 5:07; 2. Florida, 3:05.23; 3. Southern formia, 3:05.62; 4. Kansas, 3:05.88. Final adugs — 1. Arizona State; 2. Kentucky te, 3. California; 4. Tennessee; 5. Florida; 5:uthern California 1,500 meters — 1. mon Coghlan, Villanova, 3:37.01. (Meet ad. Old by Dave Wottle, Bowling Green, 17, 1972); 2. Wilson Waigwa, Texas-El

Carolina, 7-1 (2.16).

Team totals — 1. Southern California, 64;
2. Texas-El Paso, 44; 3. Tennessee, 40; 4.

Washington State, 34; 5. Arizona State, 31; 6.

Brigham Young, 30; 7. Washington, 28; 8.

Auburn, 22; 9. (tie) Kansas and San Jose State, 20; 11. Long Beach State, 18; 12. (tie) California, Oregon, UCLA, Villanova and Penn State, 16; 17. (tie) Southern Illinois and Arkansas State, 11; 19. (tie) Texas, Middle Tenessee State, Arizona, San Diego State.

Paso, 3:37.26; 3. Matthew Centrowitz, Oregon, 3:37.-29; 4. Steve Lacy, Wisconsin, 3:38.52; 5. Randal Markey, Oregon, 3:39.98; 6. Rick Musgnue, Colorado, 3:40.66.
3,000-meter steeplechase — 1. James Munyala, Texas-El Paso, 5:24.86 (Meet record. Old 8:38.1 by Doug Brown, Tennessee, 1973); 2. Henry Marsh, Brigham Young, 8:27.88; 3. Ronald Addison, Tennessee, 8:29.47; 4. George Malley, Penn State, 8:30.33; 5. Greg Meyer, Michigan, 8:33.85; 6. Bill Lundberg, Kansas, 8:34.38.
High jump — 1. Dwight Stones, Long Beach State, 7-7 (2.31) (World, American and NCAA meet record. Old world and American 7-6½ (2.30), Stones, Pacific Coast Club, 1973; Old meet record, 7-4 (2.23), Rey Brown, Cal Poly at San Luis Obispi, and Tom Woods, Oregon State, both in 1973); 2. Michael Winsor, Central Michigan, 7-5 (2.26); 3. (tie) Nat Page, Missouri, and Greg Joy, Texas-El Paso, both 7-2½ (2.19); 5. Paul Underwood, Arizona State, 7-1 (2.16); 6. Steve Wilson, South Carolina, 7-1 (2.16).
Team totals — 1. Southern California, 64;

nessee State, 11; 19. (up 1 exas, Middle 1 en-nessee State, Arizona, San Diego State, Bucknell, Florida, 10; 25. Illinois, 9; 26. (tie) Stanford, Austin Peay, Louisiana Tech, Rice, Mississippi St., St. Joseph's Pa., 6; 35. Baylor, 5; 36. (tie) Oregon State, Harvard, Wisconsin, Kent State, Seton Hall, Florida State, 4; 42. Pennsylvania, 3; 43. East Tennessee State, Michigan, New Mexico, Minnesota, 2; 47. (tie) Northeastern, North Carolina State, Neb-raska, Texas Christian, Colorado, Boston Col-lege, Arkansas and South Carolina, 1.

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