



College Station, Texas

Tuesday, March 13, 1973

# **Briscoe**, Senate Strike Down **Moves For New Texas Colleges**

No One Has Ever Been Heard

Of, Who Could

**Outsmart Honesty**.

AUSTIN UP - Gov. Dolph Briscoe and the Texas Senate took a stand Tuesday against expansion of higher education that some called a "moratorium" against any new colleges and universities until 1980.

The issue, in the form of a Senate resolution and bill, was passed on to the House for final action

"Mere growth in our system of higher education is not enough - especially if that growth is uncontrolled and largely unplanned," Briscoe said in an unusual letter addressed only to Lt. Gov. Bill Hobby and the Senate. "Future growth must be coordinated and it must be dictated by the needs of our state as a whole."

Briscoe asked specifically that the Coordinating Board, Texas College and University System, be given even more power to regulate the growth of state colleges and universities.

The Senate replied by passing, 25-5, a resolution calling for an entire new study by the Coordinating Board of higher education needs in Texas through 1980.

Then senators passed a bill, 25that would prohibit the creation of any new state colleges and universities unless approved by two-thirds of the Coordinating Board. The bill would not affect community or junior colleges.

"All this measure is designed to do is tie the hands of this Senate to pass on anything to do with higher education in this state," said Sen. H. J. Blanchard, D-Lubbock.

"This takes the right to act on higher education" away from the Senate and puts it in the hands of an agency.... This is just an effort to create a moratorium on colleges and universities until 1980."

"We've got to do something," said Sen. Charles Herring, D-Austin, in the Senate debate.

"Year after year chambers of commerce come down here and want a new college or university as a new industry in their town. Then when you want taxes to pay for them you can't find these chamber of commerce men. . . . We have created so many new colleges and universities that none of them can ever become a first class school. . . . I think we are destroying higher education in Texas."

Later Briscoe told a luncheo meeting of presidents of private colleges and universities of Texas that "We cannot afford competition for the higher education tax dollar by unnecessary proliferation of over-building, overstaffing and over-financing."

In earlier action Tuesday, a Senate effort to debate a bill that would let the Texas A&I University branch at Laredo offer graduate courses was blocked by a parliamentary point of order. When Sen. Bill Meier, D-

Euless, protested that the bill,

by Sen. John Traeger, D-Seguin would cost more state funds he was upheld by Hobby. Single appropriation bills cannot be debated before the general appro-priation bill, which is still being prepared.

WEDNESDAY - Conside cloudiness becoming multi -cloudy tonight. Chance of show-

low 59.

ers today & tonight. High 81,

THURSDAY - Clearing from the west. High of \$1.

845-2226

## **Elephant Bowl Charity Game** Raises \$630

The Elephant Bowl Football game at Texas A&M produced \$630 for charity benefit, officials of the student event indicated The March 1 game at Kyle Field crunched to a 0-0 tie be-

tween Army and Air Force senior cadet teams. Funds raised through the benefit game will be presented to the

Brazos Valley Rehabilitation Center at a ceremony the week after TAMU's spring recess.

The 1973 Elephant Bowl was sponsored by Wings and Sabers, an organization of military scholarship holders, and Corps of Cadets seniors with support from the TAMU Athletic Department.

A spokesman said inclement weather held down attendance and the size of the BVRC contribution "inspite of hard work by the organizations and individuals" who helped stage the contest.

The second Elephant Bowl accomplished little in determining superiority of Air Force or Army **ROTC** cadets athletic ability. In two years, the games have been decided by a combined total of one point. Army won last year, 21-20.

# **Trinity Project Election Fails To Get Needed Votes**

Voters dealt the Trinity canal project a devastating and perhaps fatal blow Tuesday night, spurning a \$150 million tax-bond proposal essential to the \$1.6 bilion program.

The issue won clearcut approval in only eight of the 17 counties which comprise the Trinity river basin, one short of the requirement for passage. Equally important, it appeared headed for a decisive rejection with a majority of the voters, mostly from opposition in heavily-populated Dallas County where it lost by more than 17,000 votes. The tax-bond proposal also

trailed at a late hour in Tarrant The eight counties endorsing

**House Drug Abuse Hearing** the project were Navarro, Henderson, Kaufman, Freestone, Anderson, Leon, Trinity and Liberty. Opposing the dual tax-bond

of the \$1.6 million program that would open the sometimes turbulent and - sometimes turgid Trinity to navigation from Fort

foot-wide channel lined with inland ports.

At issue was the local share

## **Kyles Make State History** With 15,000-Acre Land Gift

LOOKING LIKE A GEYSER in eruption, a 12-inch water pipe let loose with all its

fury Tuesday afternoon at the corner of S. College Ave. and Bizzell St. where workers

were digging a cable canal for stoplights being erected at the intersection. Job super-intendent Don Hartman of the Alder Electric Co. said initial plummage of the 'geyser'

was about 100 feet and took about 45 minutes to shut off.

Mr. and Mrs. Sid M. Kyle of Pecos have given A&M more than 15,000 acres of land in one of the largest gifts of its type in the history of the state.

Surface rights alone are valued at approximately \$500,000. The couple retain the mineral rights but said they would award them to the university at a later date.

**37 Educators** 

The land is located in Loving County and borders on New Mexico.

In addition to the 15,000-acre gift, Kyle has leased an additional 35,000 acres and made arrangements for the university to assume the lease rights.

"This great gift from Mr. and Mrs. Kyle will be put to use in research and education aimed at benefiting Texas ranchers," TA-**MU** President Jack K. Williams

the Kyle family," the Pecos rancher said. "We have always loved the high ideals for which Texas A&M stands, and I feel that any success that I have been able to achieve has been in large measure

the result of the education I received there. I am, therefore, happy to make this contribution." Arrangements for the gift were

made through Robert L. Walker, TAMU's new director of developcomment on certain aspects of the election, Brune added, "I don't think this is the end of the navigational project. We'll have to see what develops. . . . We just have to take another look at this thing."

**Claim Widespread Use** Kruse, Reynolds Testify At

County, but the Fort Worth opposition there was less than in Dallas.

AUSTIN UP-Use of marijuana

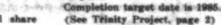
is widespread at Texas A&M Uni- arrested last week for smoking mittee on drug abuse. versity and three-quarters of the marijuana," he said David Reynolds, representing the UT law students association said the 550 students who voted in a recent law school election also answered a questionnaire on marijuana. Seventy-five per cent said they had used it, he said, and 50 per cent said they were occasional or regular users.

"Six students in my dorm were by a Senate interim study com private possession of three ounces of marijuana.

"I don't think we made clear enough to the voters the economic advantages of the project." Saying it was premature to

Worth to the Gulf of Mexico. As envisioned, vessels would move through a network of dams and locks along a 335-mile, 200-

Completion target date is 1985.



## Here Sunday To Study A&M

Professors and administrators from institutions of higher education throughout the nation converge on Texas A&M Sunday to assist the institution in its oncea-decade reaccreditation project.

The 37-member visitation team will be representing the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools in delving into all facets of TAMU's academic, student affairs and administrative and op erational programs, noted TAMU President Jack K. Williams.

"Committee members are evaluators, not inspectors, and endeavor to assist an institution in its growth and development," Dr. Williams explained.

SACS serves an 11-state area and is one of the nation's six regional accrediting agencies.

The site visit is scheduled to conclude Wednesday, according to Dr. Charles E. McCandless associate dean of liberal arts, who has coordinated the university's two-year self-study program

Dr. McCandless said the selfstudy which includes 27 volumes edited by Dr. Robert W. Barzak, associate professor of English, is an integral part of the reaccreditation process.

A self-study exhibit is on display in the foyer of the university library. Sets of the study's key publications have been place in the reserve room of the main library, and in the College of Veterinary Medicine library for interested readers.

The TAMU visitation committee will be headed by Dr. Herman Spivey of the University of Flor-

University National Bank "On the side of Texas A&M." Adv.

said. "We're grateful to the Kyles for their continuing faith in Texas A&M and its programs."

Kyle, a 1926 Texas A&M graduate, said the land was given in memory of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Sidney J. Kyle, and his uncle, E. J. Kyle. Texas A&M's football stadium is named in honor of his uncle, an 1899 graduate who served 42 years on the faculty, was the school's first dean of agriculture and also served as chairman of its athletic council.

"Texas A&M has been good to

#### The university will use the land for research in range management

to our research and demonstration program in grazing management invaluable," emphasized Dr. Joment. "It will in essence be an the opportunity to conduct some

extensive studies never before possible in this area of our state."

## Superintendents Are Special, Finds TAMU Ph.D. Candidate

Texas' average school superintendent today is a 48-year-old man with two degrees from statesupported institutions. He works 56.5 hours a week.

A new profile on the top man in Texas school districts was compiled by Dr. James G. Horn while a Ph.D. candidate in educational administration at A&M. His research findings, published as a four-part series in Texas School Business, has been given special attention by the Texas ucation Agency.

Horn, former Snook High School basketball coach, conducted his dissertation research under supervision of Dr. L. S. Richardeducational professor at TAMU.

Horn found that the average uperintendent began his career as a social studies teacher. He switched from teaching to administration at 28.6 years of age. Many of his extra hours on the job include night or weekend chool activities. He statistically averages three nights a week and part of three weekends every

During the 1971-72 school year, the period of Horn's survey, there were only two women school superintendents in Texas, down from five in 1966-67.

"In terms of what it can mean and range nutrition, this land is seph Schuster, head of the institution's Range Science Depart-

experimental ranch and give us

Statistics and analysis were derived from Dr. Horn from 571 juestionnaires returned by superintendents across Texas. Several interesting facts came from the analysis.

No Texas school district employs a superintendent under 30 years old. Only 21, or 3.7 per cent, are under 35. Twelve are 65 or older and 47, 8.2 per cent, are in the 60-64 age range, according to Horn's articles in the November, 1972, through February, 1973, issue of the Texas school management magazine.

Almost one-fourth of Texas superintendents began their ca-reers as social studies teachers, with science or mathematics next at 16.3 per cent. More than half took master's in educational administration.

Most superintendents grew up and began their careers in rural areas or small towns. They either migrated to larger cities or the small towns grew up around

They see challenges that must be met, according to Horn's research. Three major issues are support for public schools to meet increasing costs, growing federal involvement in education and social-cultural problems such as race relations.

proposition were Ellis, Houston, Madison, Walker, San Jacinto, Polk and Chambers Counties.

Shortly before 11 p.m., David Brune, general manager of the Trinity River Authority, said the outcome remained in doubt, but indicated the issue was headed for defeat.

"I think it's been a very close race. . . . I knew it would be difficult from the beginning," he told newsmen.

University of Texas law students have used it, witnesses have told a House subcommittee.

Layne Kruse, president of the A&M student body, said TAMU has a conservative image but "I can assure you that in Bryan and College Station and on the A&M campus that you're going to find a widespread use of marijuana."

Kruse said 15 to 20 Aggies are arrested each semester for smoking marijuana in dormitories.

B-CS FROM 60,000 FEET-This photograph of the Bryan-College Station area is one example of the information relayed to TAMU's Remote Sensing Center by satellite and high-flying aircraft. The photograph was taken from a U-2 reconnaissance aircraft in October 1972.

Kruse and Reynolds testified before the House Criminal Jurisprudence subcommittee in support of a 107-page bill proposed

The chairman of the House subcommittee, Rep. Felix McDonald D-Edinburg, said the committee may vote as early as next week on some of the drug bills that have been referred to it.

Among the witnesses against the Senate interim committee bill was Chester McLaughlin, chief federal probation officer for the Western District of Texas, who said the number of drug addicts in El Paso has grown from 300 in 1967 to 3,000 today.

McLaughlin said he recalled "one exceptionally bright young man" who told him, "When you've smoked pot and you've used acid and the uppers and the downers, you're no longer afraid of heroin. Dr. Robert B. White, psychiatry professor at the UT medical branch in Galveston, testified in support of the bill, but he said clinical data on heavy users showed marijuana "does result in undeniable effects on adolescentsapathy, confused thinking, an in bility to concentrate on comple

White said all the evidence or drug education programs indicates they are "a total flop." Many achers who lecture on drug abuse know less about drugs than the students, he said.

More research is needed on marijuana, he said, and there is a perate" need for money to continue this research.

The chairman of the Senate terim committee that proposed the bill, former Sen. Don Kennard, D-Fort Worth, said many of the present drug laws were passed through public health committees in the House and Senate when he was chairman of those com

"We, including myself, made yery many mistakes—we passed a lot of bad law," Kennard said. His bill calls for the creation of

the Texas Drug Abuse Authority, which would coordinate efforts of the 17 state agencies that deal with some aspect of drug abuse.