

EISENHOWER IS PRESIDENT

Ike Wins City, County Votes

Casting a record 1,813 votes yesterday, College Station gave Gen. Eisenhower a majority of 708 votes. Eisenhower had 1226 votes to Gov. Stevenson's 518.

The President-elect carried Brazos County as a whole by a slimmer margin. Out of the 8,718 votes cast, Eisenhower got 4,635 and Stevenson 4,083.

In the city of Bryan, where most of the county's votes are concentrated, voting was almost equal. Eisenhower led by less than a hundred of the 5,155 votes cast in the city. Stevenson won in the rural areas of the county, beating Eisenhower by about 100 of the approximately 800 votes cast.

Voting was heavy all day, with most of the voters going to the polls between 4 and 7 p.m. The box at Consolidated ran out of ballots about 6 p.m., but 250 extra ballots were sent from the Courthouse.

Voters, aided by interest-providing campaigns and fair weather, cast the largest vote for this area in several years.

In the 1948 presidential election, College Station's total vote was 5,530. College Station went democratic in 1948, 614 to 550.

The total of registered voters in Brazos County this year is approximately 10,000, leaving only a little over a thousand qualified voters who did not go to the polls for this election.

Almost all those registered in College Station voted.

Out of the 1,156 votes cast at A&M Consolidated box, the largest in the county, Eisenhower got 333 and Stevenson got 323.

The 588-vote College Hills box gave Eisenhower 393 votes and Stevenson 195.

Brazos County Results

Precinct	Eisen-Steven
3 A&M Consol.	333 323
16 College Hills	393 195
10 Bryan Library	171 247
11 Court House	545 531
14 City Hall	353 196
15 American Legion	202 610
17 Bowie School	262 635
18 SFA High School	581 428
13 Crockett	533 272
1 Millican	32 95
2 Wellborn	71 95
4 Steel's Store	54 40
5 Harvey	31 41
6 Kurten	65 38
7 Tabor	40 58
8 Edge	18 96
9 Smetana	39 73
12 Reliance	31 34
Absentee Votes	430 206
Totals	4,684 4,213

"The Sea Hawk" Sails At Film Club Thursday

"The Sea Hawk" The A&M Film Society's third movie of the season, will be shown at 7:30 p.m. Thursday in the MSC Ballroom. Starring Errol Flynn, the movie is a swashbuckling adventure of piracy on the high seas and in Panama during the reign of Queen Elizabeth.

Elections at a Glance

By Associated Press
This was the presidential picture at 9 a.m. CST Wednesday:
Eisenhower elected president by largest popular vote ever given

Weather Today



RAIN—maybe
WEATHER TODAY: Mostly cloudy with the possibility of rain showers. At 10 a.m. .02 inches of rain had been recorded at the Easterwood airport.



Mr. President-Elect

"... unite for the better future of America ..."

Texas Elects GOP President Second Time In History

By ASSOCIATED PRESS

Texas carried grinning Dwight Eisenhower farther ahead Wednesday as he split the solid South and rode a record surge of ballots into the White House.

It was the second time in history that Texas had voted Republican. The first time was when Herbert Hoover won in 1928. Returns to the Texas Election Bureau at 10 a.m. from 243 of the state's 254 counties, 53 complete, gave Eisenhower 914,507 to 780,818 for Democrat Adlai Stevenson. At that time 1,707,218 votes had been counted and 53.56 per cent of them were for Eisenhower.

This gave Eisenhower a lead of 123,689 votes in Texas. The last previous count had given him a 106,240 lead.

Two Million Votes
It was a roaring avalanche of votes that swept Eisenhower into office and it was certain that the total in Texas, in excess of a record two million ballots.

While the Texas cotton country, the Central Texas blacklands the extreme southern counties and the South Plains, and Northeast Texas went for Stevenson, generally speaking, the rest of the state went for Eisenhower.

That gave the conquering general most of the big cities, like Houston, Dallas and San Antonio, all of which went for him in a top-heavy manner. He also carried the top of Texas—the windswept Panhandle—and most of the oil centers, like Gregg County, San Antonio, Scurry County and Smith County.

GOP candidates, possibly any presidential candidate.

Eisenhower's popular vote 27,027,230; Stevenson's 22,039,899 in 113,599 of 146,361 precinct.

Eisenhower led in 39 states with 442 electoral votes; Stevenson in 9 with 89.

Eisenhower swept key states in North, Midwest farm area voted Democratic five past elections, several southern states including Florida, Virginia, Texas, possibly Tennessee, Louisiana, and won border states like Maryland, Oklahoma.

Senate: 35 races—Democrats elected 10, holdovers 35, total 45; Republicans elected 20, holdovers 26 counting Morse, now independent, total 45. Needed to control, 49. GOP picked up 2 seats from Democrats Connecticut, Maryland; Democrats picked up 3 seats Missouri, Massachusetts, Washington. Democrats leading 2, Republicans 4 in undecided races.

House: 435 races—Democrats elected 194, Republicans 208, independent 1, undecided 46. Needed to control, 218.

Governors: 30 races—Democrats elected 15; Republicans 15 gain of 2. Republicans leading in 5, Democrats 1 total GOP gains if present leads hold—6.

Of some 233 counties heard from when the Election Bureau stopped counting early this morning, Eisenhower led in 115 of them, and in all the heavily populated areas. It was those counties that gave the successful candidate his wide margin over Stevenson.

Harris Vote Heavy

Harris County, for instance, at 2 a.m., had accounted 221,799 votes for Eisenhower against only 90,695 for Stevenson. The returns were from 187 of 196 boxes with 146 complete.

Many counties were in the Stevenson column by a narrow margin and as the counting progressed today some of the mfell into the Republican fold.

Of the eight counties which the Republicans carried for Thomas Dewey in 1948, all seven that had reported were again for the GOP. There was no report before 9:30 a.m. from Kendall County but it was regarded as certain for Eisenhower. The others were Austin, Bandera, Comal, Gillespie, Guadalupe, Kenedy, and Washington.

Speaker Rayburn's home county, Fannin, voted for Stevenson. Senator Johnson's home county—Johnson—voted with the senator for the Democratic nominee. And the home counties of Gov. Allan Shivers and Atty. Gen. and Senator-Elect Price Daniel, Tyler and Liberty, respectively, went for Eisenhower.

Ike Plans Korean Flight

NEW YORK, Nov. 5—(AP)—President-elect Dwight D. Eisenhower today advised President Truman that he will use a military plane to fly to Korea and will notify the defense secretary of his departure as early as possible.

Eisenhower made the statement in a telegram thanking the President for his offer of the use of his plane, "The Independence" for the flight to Korea.

Dallas Corps Trip Planning Completed

The planning of the strategic invasion of Dallas by approximately 5,000 Aggies, commonly known as a Corps Trip, has been completed with enough "finess" to do credit to any military operation.

All participants in this operation should become cognizant of the following invasion procedure.

Following the theory that history repeats itself, accommodations for A&M students have been made on the TSCW campus at Denton. Rooms are available for Friday and Saturday night for 350 students at one dollar per person night with two in a room.

Aggies who have dates with TSCW students should have their dates make room reservations for them before Friday noon. After that first come, first served policy will be followed. Sayers Hall, headquarters for housing, will open at 1 p. m. Friday.

Entertainment Provided

Entertainment Friday night at A&M's sister school consists of an informal all-college dance which will be held in the Union Building Ballroom from 7-12 p. m.

The Serenaders will play for the dance. A large group of hostesses will be on hand at the dance, and it should be possible for Aggies to secure dates for the game.

The Recreation Room will be open for informal dancing and games on Saturday night from 8 to 12 p. m.

Meals will be served in Hubbard Hall for visitors who wish to eat in student dining rooms with Tescie friends. Tickets for the meal

may be obtained from any dormitory office.

The port of embarkation from TSCW to Dallas is in front of Hubbard Hall. Buses have been designated to provide this transportation. They will leave Saturday morning from 7-8. One-way fare is \$1.04 and \$1.90 is the price for a round trip. A&M students may ride with TSCW students in these buses.

Students who wish to leave later will depart from the downtown bus station. Bus Tickets will be sold in the rotunda of the Administration Building on Friday from 9 a. m. until 5 p. m. They will also be sold on Saturday morning for the benefit of A&M students as the buses leave.

TSCW headquarters in Dallas has been established in the Baker Hotel, Room 5, Mezzanine. This headquarters will observe the hours of 6 p. m. to 11:30 p. m., Friday, and 8 a. m. until the last bus leaves for Denton, Saturday.

Representatives At Hotel

Representatives for the Office of the Dean of Women will be at the Baker Hotel from Friday evening until Sunday morning. During daytime and evening hours, the representatives can be reached in case of an emergency by inquiring at the information desk at the hotel.

There will be no Aggie-Tessie Date Bureau at TSCW nor in Dallas.

The Aggie Welcoming Committee met with Claire Williams, Aggie sweetheart, and plans for her crowning were made.

Ike Shatters Solid South, Democrats' 20-Year Reign

Based On AP Reports

America thundered its liking Wednesday with a crashing avalanche of votes that gave Gen. Dwight D. Eisenhower the presidency.

The far-famed general of the wide grin buried Gov. Adlai E. Stevenson under a sea-to-sea landslide that ripped open the once-solid South and shattered the Democrats' 20-year hold on the White House.

With more than 47 million of the estimated 55 million or more ballots counted, the popular vote tabulation at 11 a.m. CST stood: Eisenhower 29,124,001. Stevenson 23,470,798.

The general already had passed the record high for a Republican—the 22,305,193 rolled up by Wendell Willkie in 1940—and was ahead of the 27,751,597 amassed by Roosevelt in 1936.

However, Ike was getting about 57 per cent of the popular vote, expected to be far in excess of the 49,829,812 record cast in 1940.

Stevenson lost his own state of Illinois and appeared likely to wind up with only nine Dixie and border states having a total of 89 electoral votes. Eisenhower had clinched or was leading in 39 states with 429 electoral votes, 163 more than the 266 needed for election.

Adlai Concedes Race - 12:44 a.m

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 5 (AP)—This was the sour and bitter morning after for the legions who followed Gov. Adlai E. Stevenson—and lost. He conceded the election at 12:44 a.m. today.

The defeated Democratic presidential candidate himself admitted he felt as Abraham Lincoln once did after a losing election:

"Like a little boy who had stubbed his toe in the dark—but who was too old to cry and "it hurt too much to laugh."

Still, the ruffled-looking slender man who was the Democratic standard-bearer could muster a smile and a quip even in the defeat that must have been even more disheartening to him than to his followers.

The capitulation came shortly after midnight, Central Standard Time. At that hour the vote returns showed Gen. Dwight D. Eisenhower rushing to a tremendous victory.

Holds Last Meeting

At the Executive Mansion shortly before midnight there was a conference. The lights blazed brightly. Newsmen and townspeople gathered on the mansion lawn and peered into windows for a glimpse of the men in the drama.

In his basement office, Stevenson met with these men: Wilson Wyatt, his campaign manager; George W. Ball, executive director of the Volunteers for Stevenson; Carl McGowan and William M. Blair Jr., his administrative assistants, and William I. Flanagan, his press secretary.

The word already came that New York State was gone. Eisenhower had cracked the Solid South. Pennsylvania and Illinois and other key states were shifting to the general.

And so the decision was made that the Democratic cause was

hopelessly buried under a landslide of votes. Wilson Wyatt had held out to the last against any concession of victory to the Republicans. Others in the Stevenson command had already seen the handwriting on the wall—and privately conceded defeat. They felt themselves that Wyatt should have admitted the realities sooner.

Leaves With Sons

So the door opened in the mansion basement and Stevenson with his sons, Borden and John Fell, and members of his official family came out. He drove three blocks (See ADLAI, Page 6)

Not Unhappy Says Teague

Democratic Congressman Olin E. Teague of College Station, re-elected from the Sixth Texas District, said this morning, "I'm not at all unhappy about the results of the presidential election. I would like to wish Gen. Eisenhower all the luck in the world. I will be more than glad to cooperate with the new president in any way to help solve the problems of world peace."

Teague was still unsure about his position in the House of Representatives organization. If final results show a Republican House, Teague will be ranking minority member of the Veterans Affairs Committee. If the Democrats hold the margin, the College Station man will be committee chairman.

He will fly to Washington to join his family today.

The 62-year-old warrior-statesman had a personal mandate from the voters matching in volume that given Herbert Hoover, his last Republican predecessor in 1928, and rivalling some of those for Franklin D. Roosevelt.

The informal Republican-Southern Democrat coalition which has dictated congressional action on legislation was strengthened by the Eisenhower victory and the general could expect from it support for the program he laid out in his campaign "crusade."

Stevenson was able to hold together only the tattered remnants of the once-solid South, plus possibly Kentucky and Missouri in the border states, by his campaign of "talking sense to the American people." His running mate, Sen. John Sparkman, helped salvage his home state of Alabama, but not much else.

In Springfield, Ill., Stevenson philosophically conceded the victory to Eisenhower, called on all Americans to "close ranks" and pledged his support to the winner.

Eisenhower, wildly cheered when he appeared in a New York hotel ballroom, matched his opponent's unity plea, said it was "a day of dedication rather than triumph" and pledged that he never will give "short weight" to his responsibilities.

In his sweep, Eisenhower carried two states the Republicans haven't been able to capture since 1924, Massachusetts and Rhode Island. He won or was out in front in 15 states where the Republicans haven't had a presidential victory since 1928 — Arizona, California, Florida, Idaho, Illinois, Minnesota, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia and Washington.

But his landslide wasn't quite as widespread as that registered by Hoover, since Eisenhower couldn't break into West Virginia, Kentucky and North Carolina as the former president did in 1928.

Seniors Meet With Col. Davis On Grievances

A special committee appointed by Corps Commander Weldon Kruger met with Commandant Joe Davis today to discuss grievances of senior corps members. The committee, headed by First Division Commander Joe Wallace, had a prepared list of complaints directed at college authorities.

Wallace said last night he planned to take the complaints to President M. T. Harrington if the commandant could not solve their problems or give them reasons why the things they are asking cannot be granted.

The committee met Monday night to draw up its report from written complaints submitted by unit commanders last week.

They discussed their report with Congressman Olin E. Teague last night to gain advice as to the best way to present the grievances to college authorities.

Wallace said it is apparent that all the demands can not be granted at once; there are too many things asked for to expect authorities to allow them in one year.

Teague told the committee the main thing wrong with such demands of classes in the past that everything was forgotten when the class graduated.

The complete text of the committee's report, which is being taken to the commandant today, will be published in The Battalion tomorrow.



TO SHOW YOU VOTED—"Wear this badge to show others you voted," says Jaycette Mrs. Malcolm Smith of 420 Peace St. in Bryan. She's pinning the badge on Sixth District Congressman Olin E. Teague of College Station as he drops his ballot in the A&M Consolidated precinct 3 box.