FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1947

Brighter Days Ahead?

In voting to send a "good will" commit-tee to meet with the Board of Directors in San Antonio this week end, the senior class has set a precedent that should aid considerably in reaching a better understanding be-tween students and school officials, and in carrying through a successful school year.

The idea of "working together" has been sadly neglected on the campus of A. & M. Throughout the school's history, students and college officials have butted heads in cycles recurring much too frequently for the good of the institution.

On the students' part, too few have paused to realize that the board of directors, president, and faculty are all working toward a greater A. & M., and not plotting to undermine the institution, or found a "Texas-University-on-the-Brazos". Perhaps the vision of a nationwide reputation for research, the training of better men in the fields of agriculture, engineering, and science, and the development of new departments covering broader fields of knowledge

typical Aggie. This has been outweighed by the more personal and pressing problems of the Cadet Corps. Nevertheless, he is inter-ested in making A. & M. a better place than

he knows it now.

Many will be surprised to read that the typical Aggie referred to above is neither a hell-raising giddy lad of the "Joe College" era, nor a particularly vengeful person bent solely on hazing freshmen students. Unfortunately, this reputation has been well established and nurtured over the state by a small lished and nurtured over the state by a small percentage of the student body.

Where ever large groups of A. & M. students gather, the "two-percenters" are on hand to afford outsiders reason to criticize, and drag down the standing of the Cadet

During the mass movement to San An-tonio over the weekend, we ask all members of the Aggie student body to join efforts in preventing the recurrence of last year's un-fortunate episodes. If this is done, The Battalion believes that the Student Body will have made a good start for brighter days,

The Plot Thickens . . .

has not been uppermost in the mind of the

During this week Washington has been humming with activity. Representative J. Parnell Thomas, (R-N.J.), chairman of the Uh-American Activities Committee of the House of Representatives, has mounted his milk-white steed and has begun his charge to the sea. The object of Thomas' wrath in this campaign appears to be Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt, wife of the late president.

Mrs. Roosevelt was credulous enough to write a letter in 1939 to Sumner Welles, then Undersecretary of State, urging the admittance of Hanns Eisler, 54-year-old free lance artist, to the United States as a German

Eisler has admitted joining the Commu-nist Party, but denies that he is now, or ever was, an active member of that organization. The specific point which the Un-American Committee is trying to bring out is the possibility that high government officials have knowingly permitted communists to come to this country in violation of im-

migration laws.

But this week also saw much activity at Lake Success, N. Y., home of the United Nations Assembly. Andrei Y. Vishinsky's bitter speech attacking nine citizens of the United States as "war-mongers" was delivered last week. To counter the Soviet deputy foreign minister's remarks, the United States delegation has appointed one of its members to answer Vishinsky's charge. The spokesman: Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt!

Attempting to guess the reaction of the anti-New Deal press against this move should present a field day to all liberals (not communists) in the country. Perhaps Mrs. Roosevelt's speech will attack Russia and/or communism! What on earth could the reactionary press possibly say to study a charge.

tionary press possibly say to such a charge?
Ah, well, let's simply adopt a "wait and see" attitude. We'll hop on no bandwagon until all four wheels and both axles have been tightened, checked, and double-checked by "responsible" authority!

Texas Gas in Pennsylvania? ...

So far, the people of Texas have not been held from in the important hearing now being held in Washington on the application of the Texas Eastern Transmission Corp. to pump vast amounts of Texas natural gas to Pennsylvania.

David T. Searles, counsel for the compeny, assured the Federal Power Commission that such piping of gas would "cause no economic dislocations." He was thinking about Pennsylvania economics. What of the

effect in Texas? The Battalion believes that natural gas is one of the great natural resources of this state; we are glad to have factories move down here and use our gas, but we are not adequate compensation-such as a reasonable tax on gas that goes outside our borders. How such a tax could help our schools!

Searles told the Federal Power Commission that customers in the Appalachian and Philadelphia areas need all the natural gas that can be furnished them through the Big and Little Inch pipelines.

Searles said, in arguments on the company's application to operate the lines permanently, that capacity deliveries of gas are needed in the Ohio-Western Pennsylvania area to meet emergency and longtime requirements. Deliveries to Philadelphia, he said, would mean the saving of \$4,000,000 a year to the Philadelphia Gas Works com-

pany alone. He said the savings to the Philadelphia company would be brought about through the use of natural gas for enriching purposes and the replacement of petroleum in the manufacture of gas. He said the company now has a \$1,000,000 deficit and faces the possibility of a \$3,000,000 deficit at the end of the next fiscal year.

He said a second customer, the Philadelphia Electric Co., also is in need of natural gas as "a vital public necessity.

Texas Eastern, he said, plans to transport 80,000,000 cubic feet of natural gas

daily into the Philadelphia area 60,000,000 to Philadelphia Gas Works and 20,000,000 to Philadelphia Electric.

He contended this amount, though impor-tant to the two Philadelphia customers, would not have any appreciable effect on the sales of anthracite in the area. Nor, he said, would it cause any other economic dis-

However counsel for the anthracite industry and a number of coal-hauling railroads urged that the application of Texas Eastern Transmission Corp. for a certificate to pipe natural gas into the Philadelphia area College Life Was Always

Tom J. McGrath told the Power Com-ssion during oral argument that the company has not proved it has sufficient gas for its purposes and that it has not shown firm commitments for financing the \$143,-000,000 purchase from the government of the Big and Little Inch pipelines, built early

in the war to move oil. Earlier, Lambert McAllister, attorney for the Power Commission, said the commission's staff does not oppose Texas Eastern's application—including the Philadelphia portion—but suggested that certain conditions be imposed so that additional gas could be made available to certain midwest shortage

areas during the next two years. In all the discussion, Texas heard from.

John W. Barriger, president of the Monon railroad, is simplifying operations by elimi-nating box car numerals on Monon equip-ment. Thus, box car No. 1 on the line will be labeled simply with a "1" instead of BX-10.001

According to the Shanghai Ta Kung Pao, the general price index in that city rose 41,203 times between the week of last June 23 and the same period in 1937. It seems the Chinese have it tough, too.

The Battalion

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PEOPLE WHO LIVE IN GLASS HOUSES --



As MacKenzie Sees It . . German Peace Treaty Held Up by Russia and Western Bloc

By DeWITT MacKENZIE

Just as the Democracies in the United States finally have cracked down on the tendentious obstructions of the Soviet the striken country, the other three Allies show marked signs of consolidating their areas and doing the job without bloc and are going ahead on their own with

the business of making peace, so there is developing a similar tendency in the politico-economic war zones of Europe and Asia.

A prime example is the case of Ger-many, which is divided into four zones of occupation-Russian, British, French, and American. All efforts at drafting a German peace treaty having failed because of the split between the Russian and Western blocs, and the Soviet Union having refused economic cooperation to ease the choas in

wasting time in further futile ne- | mics." This trend is being hastened by the rapidly increasing gravity of the economic crisis. U. S. Senator H. Alexander Smith, New Jersey Republican, who is co-chairman of

H. Alexander Smith, New Jersey
Republican, who is co-chairman of
a joint American Congressional
committee studying European economic and political problems, stated yesterday in Berlin that it is
"vitally necessary that at least the
three western sones of Germany
be tied into the Marshall Plan.

Apropos of this situation, a recent report turned out by U. S.
Congressional and State Department cooperation and originally
secret, says that the Russians are
the "principal obstructionists" in
the Allied Control Council in Berlin and that eastern Germany (under Russian control) is "well on
the way to being Sovietized." The
report further says the "suspicion
is now possible that the U. S. S.
R. covets Austria, in order to isolate Czechoslovakia, and penetrate
Italy and Germany, as well as other parts of western Europe with
Communist politics and econo-

This coincides with the general belief among western observers that the Soviet occupied part of Germany already is to all intents a Russian dominion and that Mos-

NEW YORK, (AP)-The chit-

College men are perenially broke. But Harry Augustine of Sherwood, Wis., doesn't believe they are having any tougher time financially than they did in the years when he was at the University of Wisconsin in quest of a sheenship.

Johnny Florea, whose camera caught some of the war's best news pictures, is back from a trek through the Far East for Life magazine. He finds life much zimpler without the Japanese house-boy, Shorty, he had in Tokyo.

Shorty had the oriental servant's typical dislike for disturbing the serenity of his master in anyway. Once Flores, before retiring, cautioned the houseboy repeatedly to awaken him at 7 a.m., sharp as he had an important engagement.

The next morning Shorty flipflapped silently in, carefully laid a note by the bedside, and noise-leasly backed out. When Flores awoke shortly before mid-day, he

a new way to hunt mosquitoes. He uses a vacuum cleaner. Carrying one of the tank-type

abouts as "East River Robins."
He slides the hose nozzle slowly
up to the insect and suddenly—

pair of binoculars which the de-funct Russian czar once gave to a Turkish sultan. The price tag says

Hollywood Round-Up

Survey Reveals roommate and I were so he recalled, "we stayed in Saturday nights and playor for raising." Odd Film Facts CAMPUS

By BOB THOMAS

HOLLYWOOD, Sept. 24 (AP)—
The church-going, smoking, divoreing, night-clubbing and other habits of Hollywood citizens have been polled and the results indicate that the town is a fairly tame place.
Or so the figures say.
The quissing was done by the Hollywood Reporter and of the Jobo of the trade paper's readers who answered, 70 per cent are in show business. Righty-five per cent are males. The full results will be published in a book imposingly titled "Facts About Hollywood, U.S.A., Information to the Nation." Here is a preview,
The divorce mill has claimed 29.7 per cent of the quizees, whereas the Reporter quotes the national average (bureau of census report) at 40 per cent.

Democrats claim a majority of those polled, pulling a total of

woosh!—it is sucked into the cleaner.

"I caught eight the other night—and two moths," boasted this apartment house nimrod.

If you have trouble at the race-track following by eye the horse on which your \$2 is riding, a swank Madison Avenue jewelry shop has just the gadget you need.

It's a gem-incrusted solid gold like to fill out polls.

High Food Prices Outlook would happen to price New Rationing Unlikely

By A. D. BRUCE, JR.

The price of food at this time is double the prewar price and is heading higher. People are eating more of nearly everything, especially high-priced meats. So the average family is spending even more than \$2 for every \$1 spent for food before the war. Skyrocketing prices of food are met by only sporadic buyer reaistance. The dollar seems to have replaced the cent in figuring the cost of food products. Steak is in heavy demand at \$1 per pound, butter at \$1 sells fast, and eggs go like hot cakes at \$1 a dozen in many areas.

Price increases grow out of the idea that the U. S. is going to ship abroad much of its abundant food supply. This idea is that there will not be enough of everything for everybody at home. Actually, there is abundance at home now, but there may be a squeeze next February of the state of the squeeze next February and Manager and

If drought or other natural cause should cut the 1948 crops, it is anybody's guess as to what

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Makers ...

The future of food prices is contingent on many things. Listed below are a few of the possibilities of what might hapabout this. Reinstatement of wage controls could be expected to lead to strikes, a situation that Congress is anxious to avoid.

If rationing should be revived, U. S. diets might be reduced without another large price increase.

pen.

If other people in the world are to eat as well in months ahead as they now are eating, the U. S. will have to reduce its eating. Prices can force the U. S. to eat less. Unleas controlled, prices can shoot higher and limit consumption. Controls, so far as they may be revived, will largely be voluntary controls aimed at reducing consumption. Prices will probably continue to be fixed by the interplay of supply and demand, not be edict of a new Government agency. Officials point out that if Congress should decide to restore price control—a highly unlikely prospect—machinery for control would require three to six months to set up. By that time, the country might be trying to figure out how to keep prices from falling, not to keep them from rising. Also, there could be no effective price controls without control of wages, and U. S. diets might be reduced without another large price increase.
However, this too would take about
six months to get going and again
that might be too late.

If less food is shipped abroad,
with diets reduced for those already pinched, food supplies in the
U. S. will meet all foreseeable demands. And prices may adjust
nearer to normal relations with demand.

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