

The Battalion

STUDENT TRI-WEEKLY NEWSPAPER

TEXAS A. & M. COLLEGE

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Scars of Past Generations

"WHAT WAS THAT? You want a story of my life since I came to A. & M. College? Yes, I'll tell you, but it's a sad story. When I first came to College Station I was very pretty. Oh, I know it's hard to believe now because I'm old and my face is scarred, but then my make-up had been put on by an expert, and I was young and gay.

"When I first arrived, I was put in the Academic Building. The first week a boy came in and sat down. He ran his hand over my face lightly, murmuring something about my being pretty. Then during the second week, another came in and began to write few English notes on my face, but he forgot how to spell "heroes." He wrote on my face, then scratched it out and wrote it another way. I bear the scar to this day.

During the next few weeks, similar incidents occurred. Then one day a boy came in and sat down, and glanced at my beautiful face and smiled. "Humm," he said. And taking out his pocket knife he began an operation. He cut his initials deep into my flesh, and they are still there. Then the next day, another boy filled my flesh with ink. Ugh! the ugly, black stuff! I smell it yet.

The next boy muttered, "What a shame." But the boy who sat in my seat the next day was utterly indifferent. He was too busy writing notes even to notice me.

"And so, my friends, that is the way it has been down through the years, first one and then another adding scars, scars on my face that you can see, and scars on my heart that only I know.

"I can bear it, but I'm afraid for my descendants. I am sturdy pioneer stock, but these last few generation seem to be getting soft. I don't think they can take it. So, gentlemen, there is one way you can keep from sending us to an early grave and that is—DON'T CARVE ON DESKS."

OPEN FORUM

LAST SATURDAY, your columnist of "As The World Turns" was at a loss to understand why the workers at the Bethlehem Steel Corporation's Lackawanna plant should all of a sudden decide to go on a strike. In his current series of articles, he has from time to time been quite critical of the actions of union workers in their relations with their employer and the general public. However, if we are to assume that the employer, because of the absence of any statement concerning this side of the question in his column, has had nothing to do with the strikes in industry or other labor problems, there are several things it may not be amiss to bring up at this time. If the columnist will take the trouble to go over to the Library he will find a fuller discussion on all this material quoted, and many other items besides. There is no doubt in the writer's mind that the leadership of labor unions have much to answer for because of their unwise policies of the past and the present. But there is about as much justification for the abolition of unions for this reason as there is to abolish banks because some of their officers have misused their trust and authority.

In his last article your columnist is particularly concerned about the employees of the Bethlehem Steel Co. striking, since this company has immense amounts of defense contract, and no apparent reason for striking. (Last Saturday, according to an INS dispatch, the company agreed to reach a settlement at meetings beginning next Tuesday, based on acceptance of practically all the demands of the strikers.) The two most important demands of the workers relate to consideration of general wage levels, and recognition of their right of collective bargaining as provided by the National Labor Relations Act. According to the investigation of the Senate Committee on Rights of Labor, this firm has used illegal means to prevent workers from acquiring these rights. In connection with their demands for wage increases, it may be interesting to note that last year this firm had the highest net profits in its history, amounting to over \$14 per share of common stock. Mr. W. S. Knudsen testified last week before a Senate Judiciary Committee that strikes have interfered very little with the defense program, and that legislation to outlaw strikes would "make the situation infinitely worse". (Newsweek, March 1, page 40.) His co-worker, Mr. Sidney Hillman, further testified that, since the present defense program began, industrial accidents have caused the loss of four times as many man-hours of work as those



Steen

Bombing the Rumanian oil field will be a difficult task. It would take something close to direct hit for a bomb to seriously damage a well, and there are thousands of wells in the field. Damage can be done to storage tanks and transportation facilities. Refineries in the vicinity can also be bombed. However, Britain would not have to destroy the field to interfere with the German oil supply. The field, one of the most important sources of German oil, produces only 26,000,000 barrels of oil annually—about the equivalent of Texas production for twenty days. Any reduction in production will be felt, and a large reduction might be critical.

This is Texas Independence Week. Sunday, March 2, was Texas Independence Day, and also Sam Houston's birthday. Appropriate ceremonies were held at Washington-on-the-Brazos where the declaration of independence was issued 105 years ago. By some quirk or other it is also "Eat More Meat" week, so proclaimed by Governor O'Daniel. The proclamation indicates clearly the remarkable difference between this country and most of the European countries at the present time. Here we are urged to eat more meat, while in many of the occupied countries people are facing starvation and meat is not to be had under any condition. Incidentally, a war would change conditions in this country too. Hooverizing, in the last war, meant eating less meat—not more.

Nearly one-half of the twenty-one million American youths between sixteen and twenty-four live on farms or in villages.

Forty-seven whole farm and ranch demonstrators cooperating with the Texas Extension Service improved the family's water supply systems during 1940. These improvements included new wells dug, addition of windmills, pumps, tanks, and piping of water in and out of the house.

caused by strikes. Despite the wide degree of publicity given by the press and the radio with respect to strikes (and failure to give same amount of publicity to strike settlements), the official figures of the situation given by those in charge seem to tell a different story.

In July, 1935, Congress passed, and the President signed, the "Wagner Labor Relations Act. This law declared it to be the policy of the Federal Government to allow workers to "select representatives of their own choosing", and to "bargain collectively" with their employer. In order to make these rights legally effective, the law further provides that it is an unfair labor practice on the part of the employer to interfere with, intimidate, or discriminate against, any group of workers attempting to secure their legal rights. The immediate supervision of the act is entrusted to the National Labor Relations Board, whose decisions are subject to court review finally resting in the United States Supreme Court. After the law went into effect, particularly from 1935 to 1939, employer groups used every means within their power to sabotage the act, almost completely ignoring the decisions of the NLRB. According to the results of the investigation carried on by this United Senate Committee headed by Senators LaFollette and Thomas (Utah), these employers used, in an illegal manner, such things as tear-gas bombs, sub-machine guns, labor spies, and "agents provocateurs" to prevent unionization of their workers. (Senate Document No. 46, Part III, 75th Congress, 2nd Session; Document No. 6, Parts I, II, IV, 76th Congress, 1st Session.) Just one item that may be considered typical is that regarding the Pinkerton Detective Agency which supplied over 1200 individuals to private employers, presumably to act as private police to "protect" their property. Of these, over 300 were used as labor spies, gaining membership in bona fide unions by underhand means, and a large number were found to have had criminal records. (Page Mr. Westbrook Pegler). As a result of this unfavorable publicity, the Pinkerton Agency decided to quit this rather unsavory part of its business. Also the NLRB, whose decisions are generally regarded as being biased and presumably not in accordance with the facts, has been quite uniformly upheld by the United States Supreme Court, some of the leading decisions being written by Chief Justice Hughes himself. (See N.L.R.B. vs. Jones & Laughlin Steel Co., 301 U.S. 1; N.L.R.B. vs. Fansteel Metallurgical Corp., 306 U.S. 240; N.L.R.B. vs. Republic Steel Corp., 60 Supreme Court Reports 806.) For a recent analysis of the work of this organization by one who is neither a unionist nor an employer, read Professor R. R. Brooks' volume entitled "Unions of Their Own Choosing."

Space does not permit any further discussion at this time, but the writer hopes that enough has been suggested to indicate that an intelligent and broadminded approach toward the solution of employer-employee relationships requires that all known facts be made available. Mere recital of the abuses of unionism "a la Westbrook Pegler", without consideration of the abuses of the employer, will only add fuel to the fire instead of quenching it.

S. I. SCHELDRUP
Instructor in Economics

As the World Turns...

By DR. R. W. STEEN

A WAR ON two fronts was the nightmare of Imperial Germany. When war came in 1914 it was a war on two fronts, and in the end Germany was beaten. Nazi Germany has also feared a war on two fronts, and so far has been able to avoid such a contest. Developments in the Balkans indicate that she may now have to fight such a war after all. Turkey apparently intends to stand by Britain, and has taken the occupation of Bulgaria as the signal to begin bombing attacks in Rumania. There is no way of predicting what will happen, but it is entirely within the bounds of possibility that German demands upon Greece will bring an English expeditionary force into that country, and that the resulting fighting will bring Turkey into the war. Such a war will of course increase the drain upon Germany's vital supplies, and will at the same time reduce her striking power at Britain itself.

Tops in the field of dance entertainment was Russ and his 18 associates of music making. Cadet opinion concerning the orchestra is almost hash. "He's better than last year," one student said. "He's not nearly as good as last year," came from another. "Just about the same as he was at last year's Senior Ring Dance," others said. Although Backwash's committee guiding 1941's orchestra poll hasn't been heard from, it seems to be a safe guess to say that Russ went over with a bang where the Field Artillery and the entire corps is concerned. In a tie for second in last year's poll, he should have a good chance at the No. 1 spot this year.

The old American folk song, "Star Dust," blitzkrieged into the No. 1 spot on the Aggie Hit Parade this past weekend. "Dolores"

BACKWASH

By George Fuermann

"Backwash: An agitation resulting from some action or occurrence."—Webster

Touch and Go.... Aggies listening to Bob Hawk's "Take It or Leave It" program aired from Houston via CBS Sunday night heard one of the month's best gags. Bob mentioned that a day earlier he had visited the Rice Institute campus and while there was told of a recent speaker who had addressed the student body. It seems that the well-meaning orator's subject was the four letters of the school's name—"R" for righteousness, "I" for integrity, "C" for cooperation and "E" for energy.

That was the first game of golf I've played in five years," Russ said, "but we beat 'em." Russ' musicians make an average of \$100 per week plus additional money from occasional movie shorts, recordings, commercial broadcasting and transcriptions. The orchestra begins a six-week stand at Hollywood's Paladium Thursday night. Incidentally, the orchestra recently made a Universal short which should show at one of the local theaters within six or eight weeks. The band netted \$2000 for making the short—just in case you've ever wondered about such things.

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Phyllis Lynne

When Russ played at A. & M. last spring his vocalist was Carolyn Clarke, but Carolyn got married and quit singing commercially. Maxine Conrad was next, but she's now engaged and her boy friend wouldn't let her make the cross-country tour.

Thus blonde Phyllis Lynne did the feminine work this time. Formerly with Paul Pendavis, she has been with Russ five weeks, had ten requests for dates while here, accepted one of them, is 21 years old, is only a fair singer but blessed with a lovely personality and said, "I loved dancing with the Aggies even though I couldn't take more than one step with each of them. I've never seen so much cutting-in on a dance floor and was a little bewildered by it—but it was wonderful."

Phyllis makes \$75 a week with Russ, sings less than most vocalists because Russ doesn't believe in featuring a feminine star and her home in California.

Most Aggies thought she was tops and one was chagrined when she told him, "I don't drink or smoke, but I love gum."

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R. Morgan & Co.

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To fill May's shoes, Shep Barrier of Beaumont was employed. He did a better-than-average job and the

Gifts for the Girl Friend

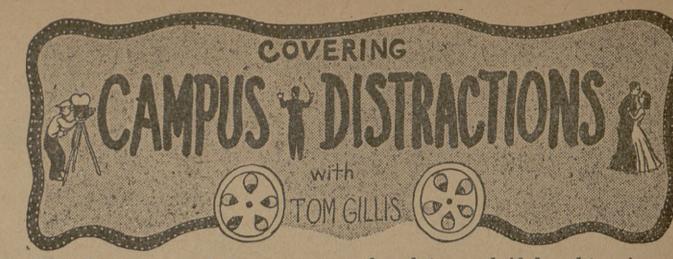
We have just received a new shipment of Aggie Insignia Jewelry. You can make the one and only very happy by sending her one of these:

Locket	\$2.25 - \$8.00
Compacts	\$2.00 - \$5.00
Bracelets	\$2.00 - \$8.00
Pins	\$1.00 - \$2.25

Come by today and make your selection.

The Exchange Store

"An Aggie Institution"



The best way of how not to chocolate, and if laughter is good "LOVE THY NEIGHBOR" is shown for what ails you, this will do the by Jack Benny and Fred Allen job. at the Assembly Hall Wednesday and Thursday. The enjoyment of these two comedians over the air is heightened by seeing them on the screen, and seeing them also provides other means for getting comedy which isn't a story but just a series of comical situations about the difficulties of young song writers. Rapidly maturing Tom Brown and Nan Grey try to write their songs and get along both professionally and romantically.

Campus

15c to 5 p.m. — 20c after Today and Tomorrow

"MARGIE"

—also—

Cartoon - Novelty

Thursday Only

Greer Garson

Laurence Olivier

—in—

"Pride and Prejudice"

This film sponsored by P.T.A., A. & M. Consolidated School

Assembly Hall

Last Day

"DR. KILDARE'S CRISIS"

3:30 and 6:45

The Most Powerful of the Kildare Stories

Selected Shorts -- News

Wednesday - Thursday



Shorts - Pop Eye in "My Pop"

Also "Motorcycles"

3:30 and 6:45 each day