THE BATTALION Page 5

# erCoast faces <sup>III</sup>torm 'disaster'

#### By DILLARD STONE

population increase along the Texas Gulf Coast, human nature, namese and coastal geology would all make for a heap of trouble in the event ese Kyol a major hurricane, a Texas A&M University geologist said Monday. from Pe. Dr. Christopher C. Mathewson, associate professor of geology, assy dist d an oceanography seminar "what we're really looking at is a planolomats ded disaster.

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The seminar was co-sponsored by the oceanography department their figuid the Texas A&M Marine Fellows.

The great influx of northerners into the Texas Sun Belt has contrifirst definited greatly to the potential casualty numbers in the event of a

Il alive. Major storm, Mathewson said. led that he "The storm surge of Hurricane Carla today would affect 150,000 troops are people in the Houston-Galveston area, and would inundate took cont terstate 45." Mathewson said.

Interstate 45 is the only thoroughfare leading inland from Galves-and Phan Island, and Mathewson said this would hinder evacuation.

"I don't think they could do it," he said. Human nature runs contrary to the idea of a hurricane evacuation, athewson said. People mentally rebel against storm warnings in fferent ways, he said.

me think, "I paid \$75,000 for this home, so it's not going to blow 'while others take the attitude that "it's happened here once, won't do it to me again.

archene The most potentially harmful attitude is that of people who think is descrive survived a big one, like Carla." The fatal fallacy, Mathewson in Phnom id, is that people who think this generally were 150 miles away from e storm's landfall.

eady toes. Texas's coastal geology would also be responsible for some of a thal or rritane's damage, Mathewson said. However, a hurricane's effects cal and a protines alter the coast for up to 40 metimes alter the coast for up to 40 years.

Mathewson used as an example an area near Corpus Christi hit by dian National Same By 1973, a hypothetical land development, not hurricane-



Dr. Christopher C. Mathewson warns the damage of a "good" hurricane could do along the Texas Gulf Coast.

Battalion photo by Lynn Blanco

destroyed, would in fact be destroyed by a process that was initiated after the hurricane cleared the land," he said.

Mathewson said hurricanes have four major means by which short-term damage is caused. Some hurricanes display only one major damaging aspect of the four: wind (Carla, 1961), waves (Celia, 1970), rain (Beulah, 1967), and tidal surge. "However, if we ever get a hurricane that puts Celia, Carla and

Beulah together, we're going to have one marvelous planned disas-

## ewer country boys are enrolled ag colleges, survey shows

a handfury boys anymore. Today, city national sys are in the majority. cording to Texas A&M researchers. Dr. Arthur Cosby, a rural sociologist and study leader, says

national sars are in the majority. ing to the fexas A&M University survey Agency 382 students at 14 of the nalargest agricultural schools in-() s a large influx of metropolitan chool graduates into agricul-

andemn Wesearchers say 35 percent of all bodia and ultural students come from opolitan areas which have tions of 50,000 or more while veto any who grew up on a farm or its pro represent 30 percent. The ning students came from small

r, cities with populations 50,000. Cate study also showed that the

students were not influ-to study agriculture by their nool counselors and teachers, Stehat scholarships were not im-

st of the students were attendollege without the aid of stu-oans. Almost one-third of the ao-ping has China, an at school or get a professional

Teng told h more than 75 percent of the all of the Phte recogning their starting nts reasoning their starting s would be less than \$13,000 of the is felt compelled to achieve a

last weekr degree. explanation for the trend of chooled students entering agwith the are is the young adult's desire ise econor ape from life in the city, ac-

"It seems to be part of agriculture's appeal," says the researcher. "When asked why they went into agriculture in the first place, 60 percent said it was because they wanted to live in the country," Cosby ad-ded.

ronment.

there is a clear preference of coun-try life to city life. The vast majority of the agricultural students, (more than 85 percent), ranked living in

heavens and the earth." Who is right?

cluding 5,382 agricultural majors, approximatley 22 percent were raised on farms and ranches. Howthe country as being important in versity from cities of over 500,000 their life after graduation. Less than 3 percent wanted to re-

population. There was a similar enrollment pattern at other universities in the turn to living in a city of more than 500,000, even though originally 12 South and Southwest. percent had grown up in that envi-

United States.

At Texas A&M, which has the

school enrollment in the country in-

"Agriculture is literally becoming a mass-culture phenomenon. It cer-

In the study, the 2,382 students Dallas or Houston.

SPECIAL CREATION — OR ORGANIC EVOLUTION???

creation, fiat creation. Others say man is the result of millions of years of evolutionary development — the accidental product of chance and environment. Sir Julian Huxley once commented that Charles Darwin, through the theory of organic evolution he advocated, had "removed the idea of God from the sphere of rational thinking." The Bible says "In the beginning, God created the

What are the evidences (scientific, philosophical, etc.) for or against organic evolution and special creation? Does either theory purport to substantiate itself with sound evidences which can be investigated by an open-minded person? Or are these "open and shut" cases with little left to be said? If you are a person who thinks organic evolution to be true; If you are a person who wants to link the two together as truthful through "theistic evolution"; If you are

On January 17, 1979 a new course on Christian Apologetics and Christian Evidences is being offered for people who are looking for answers to questions about God's existence, Jesus' Sonship, the Bible's inspiration, Special Creation vs. Organic Evolution, and many other such questions. This course, which is taught on the college level, meets each Wednesday evening from 6:00 until 8:00 P.M. It is not a course in church doctrine; rather, it is a course designed to investigate and examine the evidences

which stand behind the Christian faith. It is a course for anyone who would like to see these evidences presented in an objective

How did man get to be man? Some say an omnipotent, omniscient God "specially" created mankind "in His image

a person who is withholding judgment until more evidence is available - then perhaps this is for you

were tested and interviewed from largest single-campus agricultural school enrollment in the country in-Clemson, Louisiana State, North Carolina State, Mississippi State, Oklahoma State, Texas A&M, Texas Tech, Florida, Tennessee, Kentucky, Arkansas, Virginia Tech and Georgia. High school background or family

owning land was not an overriding factor in going into agriculture, researchers reported.

Cosby says agricultural enroll-ments remarkably follow a normal cross-section of demographics in the United States class in high school.

"It's interesting, but not surpris-ing," Cosby said. "You wouldn't extainly is no longer under rural domination," Cosby said. Pot wouldn't ex-related courses being available in

### "Objective listeners" Area hotline operating

By KAREN ROGERS

A Crisis Hotline, sponsored by the Brazos County Mental Health-Mental Retardation Center, will go into partial operation this week in the Bryan-College Station

Persons who need to talk to someone about their problems may now call the hotline at 779-2000. Eight volunteers who have completed an 18-hour training session staff the hotline.

The hotline is state-funded through the Alcohol and Drug Abuse program at the MH-MR Center. Along with alcoholism and drug abuse, the phone operators have also been trained to respond to problems dealing with rape, child abuse and suicide.

"It's designed to help anybody that's in some sort of life crisis that wants someone to talk to," said Ralla Spotts, coordinator of the project. We will refer them to some other agency such as Planned Parenthood

or the Department of Human Re-sources in the case of child abuse, if Sions. The students also participate it is necessary.

phones are more or less just objective listeners.

"The trend at the Mental Health-Mental Retardation Center

too severe, " she said. Volunteers are better than profes-sionals, she said, because "when a person is feeling kind of down, we think he would feel better if they could talk to a regular person." She more people volunteer, ... "When they have completed the training program, we hope to have the hotline operating 24 hours, 7 days a week," Spotts said. Several of the volunteers are suchology students at Texas A&M

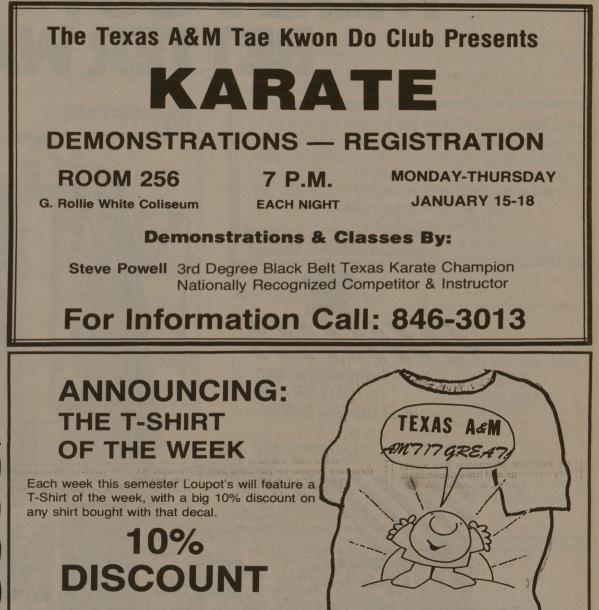
community agencies such as Planned Parenthood and the Texas A&M University Personal Counseling for a job," one volunteer said.

sions. The students also participate in role-playing where one is the cal-The persons answering the hones are more or less just objec-ve listeners. ler and the other the phone operator. They are given a hypothetical situation and are asked

now is crisis prevention. We try to get to people before the crisis gets too severe," she said. Twenty to 25 volunteers are signed up for the next training ses-sion scheduled to begin Jan. 24.

who say they want experience work-volunteers attend six three-hour ing with people and their problems

sessions where they are trained in crisis intervention, communication and listening skills, and community resources. Representatives from provide me with some experience for when I graduate and go looking



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