

# **Resolution lowers FPR requirement**

er two hours of debate, the Student e passed a resolution last night to ne grade point ratio requirement for fficer positions. The GPR was low-rom 2.5 to 2.25

same resolution was passed by the Thursday night, but based on i's Rules of Order that meeting was ed. There had not been enough prior

versity regulations require that offic-

The resolution will affect only write-in candidates in this election, but will affect all the candidates for future elections.

Roger Harvey proposed the resolution because he said some of the senators felt they had made a mistake by raising the requirement from 2.0 to 2.5 last October. The resolution stated that the 2.5 requirement is too high because class officer positions are not as time consuming as executive positions. The executive requirement

a safe margin. "I'm for the 2.25 — but not for any elitist reason — just in case you goof up," he said.

Just before the meeting was adjourned, Wesley Harris, President of the Judicial Board addressed the group. He said that the J-Board was tired of ruling on assanine election requirements for student offices. He said that unless the requirements were changed, the Senate would soon be im-peaching J-Board members for not uphold-

- Cissy Auclair

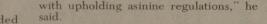
### officially recognized student organi-s have at least a 2.0 GPR overall. remains 2.0 ing the requirements. Sen. Scott Sherman said the 2.25 allows udicial Board objects o campaigning rules

### **By GALE KAUFFMAN**

dent Senate members applauded al Board Chairman Wesley Harris he spoke out against the Judicial at a specially called Senate meeting esday night.

u will have to impeach the entire al Board because they will blindly, ngly and openly allow election violasaid Harris.

addressed the Texas A&M Student e and recommended that the Senate sider the student campaign regula-at the next regular meeting. "The rd is getting thoroughly disgusted



Schaefer, who was running for Resi-dence Hall Association presidency, was disqualified by the Student Election

Commission for putting a campaign sign in

Schaefer appealed the decision to the Judicial Board, basing her appeal on "the grounds that the penalty was too severe for

campaign violations.

human error and forgetfulness. "I'm interested in serving the students and to deprive me of this chance was really Harris presented his views to the Senate bad," she said. "It's a case of going by the rules or bettering student involvement and after a Judicial Board met to reconsider the disqualification of junior Kim Schaefer for activities

> After one and one-half hours of deliberation, the board ruled in favor of Schaefer's disqualification by a 5 to 3 vote

'If it is determined that a violation took place, the board is required to follow the prescribed punishments," said Harris. According to university Regulations handbook, no campaign signs may be placed on any trees or shrubs. Any candidate who violates the election regulations, in this or any other area, will be disqualified.

After the meeting, Judicial Board member Shannon Walker said, "The rule (of disqualification for any violation) is not in the best interest of the student body. It's too restrictive and it's the student body who is being hurt by this particular legislation.

In his address to the Student Senate, Harris said that these harsh punishments restrict the number of qualified candidates for student offices. Harris later stated that it should be left up to the Judicial Board to decide what penalties go with what offenses.

This group of Venezuelan musicians performed Wednesday night as part of the International Week

activities. There will be a roundtable discussion tonight in rm. 601 of the Rudder Tower.

### **Teamsters** strike Nationwide walkout result of benefit, wage dispute

ARLINGTON HEIGHTS, Ill. nationwide Teamsters trucking strike began today with thousands of drivers on picket lines and the nation's economy facing a crunching shutdown in the interstate flow of goods

Union and trucking industry officials said negotiations, which failed to bring about a settlement in time to avert a walkout, would resume at 9:30 a.m. after a recess. Wages, fringe benefits and a cost-of-living clause remain in dispute, they said.

Labor Secretary W. J. Usery, Jr. and other federal officials had no comment early today, and there was no immediate indication that the Ford administration would seek a Taft-Hartley injunction to keep the nation's trucking pipeline from drying up as the strike spread.

Picket lines appeared at freight yards and truck terminals from Connecticut to Georgia to Colorado.

Teamsters President Frank E. Fitzsimmons said three hours after the midnight strike deadline that Teamsters were "on record if we didn't conclude an agreement by 12:01 midnight that our people weren't going to work . . . . The people have walked off." . There is a strike. Our

The strike, Fitzsimmons said, covers "the entire United States of America." Of the possibility of a federal back-to-work order, Fitzsimmons said, "It's entirely up to the government

We haven't reached an agreement," he added. "At one point we were very optimistic. Unfortunately, we came to this point." But, he also said, "We're in the ball park

The Teamsters leader refused to elaborate on the latest industry offer. Earlier, though, Willian G. McIntyre, chief negotiator for Trucking Employers Inc. the trucking firms' bargaining agent - told reporters its offer had been improved substantially.

How many firms would be forced to keep rigs off the road remained uncertain as local Teamsters around the country continued a push begun Wednesday to pressure individual companies to sign interim agree-

This strategy, seen by union sources as a means of breaking up the employers' solidarity, would guarantee the Teamsters demands until an agreement is reached. Before the midnight deadline, more

than 160 firms had adopted the agreements, in return for assurances that their trucks would continue to operate without Teamsters' interference in event of a

strike. Fitzsimmons said he did not know how many companies had signed the agreements.

The union lists 400,000 members

McIntyre, who first announced the im-passe, said the talks would continue and "hopefully, sometime we can produce a contract that will stabilize the transportation system of the country.

"If I thought that the continued efforts of TEI were hopeless, I would be on my way back to Washington at this time. I intend to stay here as long as there is any move-ment . . . . We'll continue to be here."

Vets aid dachshund

with weight problem

Remember to vote on Saturday



International talent

### **Test flowers**

These flowers, with many others, can be found in the floral test gardens of the College of Agriculture. The gardens, located on Houston St. across from KAMU, have plants at all times.

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The Battalion makes recommendaand the charter revision issue. Page 2. tions for the city council positions

The transportational development of Bryan-College Station is recount-ed in "100 years." **Page 5.** 

Tampa and Seattle now have players to fit into those new uniforms. Page 8.

Sportfolio takes a look at "Dear Abby". Page 9.

THE FORECAST for Thursday and Friday is fair and mild becoming partly cloudy tomorrow. Today's high, 78; tonight's low, 51; Friday's high, 83.

## Heartache:

### **By MARILOU WOMACK** Gunther could have been an

overweight American. He might have suffered the humiliation of always bringing up the rear on playful romps with the boys, the heartache of having the new little

girl on the block pass him by without so much as a sniff, the discomfort of having his stomach scrape the asphalt every time he wanted to cross the street — not to mention the utter degradation of getting stuck under a fence

Gunther has a hypo-thyroid condition. He has no way of seeking help for himself because Gunther is a dachshund.

Fortunately, he belongs to Dr. Dan Hightower, Doctor of Veteri-nary Medicine and professor at Texas A&M University's College of Veterinary Medicine.

Dr. Hightower is engaged in the study and clinical application of nuclear medicine. At the veterinary

## Ford to make Texas campaign visit in April

Texas, considered a key state in the Republican battle for the presidential nomination, will be the object of some courting by President Ford this month during two quick visits to the state.

White House sources Wednesday said only that "there are reports" that Ford will come to Texas around the second weekend in April, but other sources in Texas said that the President will be in the state April 9-10 and again April 28-29.

Ford's visits will be political campaign affairs designed to store up defenses in the state to meet the challenge of former California Gov. Ronald Reagan in the May 1 primary

'It is a campaign trip and the whole thing

### is being coordinated by his campaign headquarters," said Texas GOP chairman Ray Hutchison.

Reports published in Dallas said Ford will first come to Texas on April 9 for a speech at the Alamo in San Antonio and then will fly to Dallas for a political rally. The next day he will hold a news confer-

ence and then go to Abilene and Amarillo for speeches there and then return to Washington.

The tentative schedule for the second trip has Ford landing at Fort Worth for a speech and then flying to Houston for a fund-raising dinner.

The President will visit Lubbock on April 29 and then will fly East to Tyler and possibly Longview.

### school nuclear medicine largely in-volves a technique called imaging.

"We give a radio-pharma-ceutical," Hightower said. "We know what behavior is supposed to be. At some time after administra-tion, we look at how the radioactivity is distributed. Then we can compare it with what it should look like and make a diagnosis

Dr. David Hood, an associate professor at the veterinary college, is currently working with lung imaging and brain imaging.

Dr. Hightower said that at present, veterinary nuclear medicine is primarily important in diagnosing illnesses, as in Gunther's case, rather than in curing them.

There are a few applications in therapy, such as internal radiation therapy for chronic leukemia, Hightower said. "However, most of its applications are diagnostic. Nuclear medicine doesn't replace any-thing, but it gives us additional information which would be either difficult or impossible to obtain with other methods.

Hightower cited the example of kinetic studies — finding the rate at which things are going on in the body

"Ín glomerular filtration for instance, we study the rate at which plasma is filtered by the kidneys," he said. "The old method required that we measure the urine over a period of time. This works fine with people,

but unfortunately animals don't cooperate very well." He said that with nuclear medicine techniques, a radio-pharmaceutical can be injected into the animal's blood. The plasma clearance through the kidneys can then be followed without taking

periodic urine samples. Dr. Hightower received his degree in veterinary medicine at Texas A&M in 1946. Since then, he has taken courses in radiation biology at Reed College in Portland, Oregon, and received a master's degree in applied physics from North Carolina State. Ten years ago he returned to Texas A&M to teach. He has since been engaged in the research and practice of nuclear medicine in addition to teaching and treating patients from the veterinary clinic.

Hightower also works closely with Dr. James Smathers of the nuclear engineering department at the A&M Cyclotron. Smathers works with M.D. Anderson Hospital on the treatment of cancer patients.

Dr. Smathers said that because experiments and treatment with the facilities involved are very costly. most of the work done with animals is used to probe the frontiers for treatment of humans.

At the cyclotron, Dr. Hightower conducts experiments with swine, studying the effects of high energy neutrons on skin and the fat layers beneath it.

Before Dr. Hightower began his work, veterinary nuclear medicine had already been underway for some time at A&M under the direction of Dr. W. C. Banks. Dr. Banks, head of the radiology department at the Col-lege of Veterinary Medicine until his death in December 1975, was one of the first veterinarians to work with nuclear medicine

"There are other veterinary colleges involved in nuclear medicine, including Cornell and the University of Missouri," Hightower said, "but by no means are all veterinary colleges working with it.

"For one thing, it's very expen-sive. We are probably one of two schools in the country with an anger camera, the device used to look at the distribution of radioactivity in imaging

Another thing in our favor is that A&M University is tremendous in the field of nuclear science," he ad

Dr. Hightower said the study of veterinary nuclear medicine at Texas A&M is not aimed at producing startling discoveries.

"For us, it's more a question of slowly but surely going about our jobs," he said.